

ZONING RESOLUTION

Granger Township Medina County, Ohio 2024

Approved March 11, 2024
Effective April 10, 2024

UPDATED ZONING RESOLUTION, includes:

- Recently adopted amendments to Articles I and II
- Updated cross references to revised articles
- Consistent outlining scheme

Prepared 5/14/24

Subsequent Amendments:

- Resolution No. 04-28-2025-1, Effective May 28, 2025

EFFECTIVE DATE

This Revised Resolution shall take effect and be in full force and effect from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Recommended by the Township Zoning Commission

Date: February 11, 2025

Chairman: Mary Moehring

Adopted by the Granger Township Trustees

Date: April 28, 2025

Trustees: John H. Ginley Jr., Richard L. Pace, Teri A. Berry

Effective Date: May 28, 2025

Attested to by the Fiscal Officer of the Township

Fiscal Officer: Donald L. Baker

Granger Township Trustees:

Teri A. Berry

John H. Ginley, Jr.

Richard L. Pace

Granger Township Fiscal Officer:

Donald L. Baker

Granger Township Zoning Inspector:

Michael Moehring

Granger Township Zoning Secretary:

Dawne Bowman

Granger Township Zoning Commission:

Clifford Bender

Robert Bairas

Richard Mikut

Mary Moehring

Jeff Smith

Granger Township Board of Appeals:

Tom Boruvka

Edward Long

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Douglas Patty

Chris Tejpal

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ARTICLE I: TITLE, AUTHORIZATION, PURPOSE

101 Title

This Resolution shall be known as the Granger Township Revised Zoning Resolution (the “Resolution”) for Granger Township, Medina County, Ohio (the “Township”), hereafter referred to as “Resolution”.

- A.** The Resolution is adopted as of May 8, 2017 and as subsequently amended together with the Zoning Map. Any other Zoning Resolutions of the Township are hereby superseded and amended to read as set forth in this Resolution.
- B.** Any amendments to the Resolution shall become effective from and after the date of their approval and adoption, as provided by law.

102 Authorization

This Resolution is established in accordance with Ohio Revised Code (“ORC”) Sections 519.01 – 519.99.

103 General Purpose

In the interest of the public health, safety, convenience, comfort, prosperity, and general welfare of the residents of the unincorporated area of Granger Township, Medina County, Ohio, and to conserve and protect property and property values, and to provide for the maintenance of the rural character of Granger Township, and to manage orderly growth and development in the Township, the Board of Trustees found it necessary and advisable to adopt the Resolution as a comprehensive plan of zoning, which will regulate the location, height, bulk, number of stories, and size of buildings and other structures, percentages of lot area that may be occupied, building setback lines, size of yards and other open spaces, density of population, the uses of buildings and other structures and the uses of land for trade, industry, residence, recreation, or other purposes; and for such purposes to divide the unincorporated area of the Township into zoning districts and to provide for the administration and enforcement of such regulations.

All regulations shall be uniform for each class or kind of building or other structure or use throughout any district or zone, but the regulations in one district or zone may differ from those in other districts and zones, except as otherwise permitted by ORC Section 519.021, which provides that within a planned-unit development, the Zoning Resolution, where applicable, need not be uniform, but may vary in order to accommodate unified development and to promote the public health, safety, morals, and the other purposes of ORC Section 519.021.

104 Interpretation and Application

- A.** In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Resolution, and any amendments thereto, shall be held to be the minimum requirements, unless otherwise clearly specified. They shall be held to be such minimum requirements for the purpose of promoting the public health, safety, convenience, comfort, prosperity, or general welfare of the residents of the Township.
- B.** No provision of this Resolution shall repeal, abrogate, annul, amend, modify, impair or interfere with existing deed or plat restrictions, restrictive covenants, easements, or agreements between parties relating to the use of property.
- C.** When this Resolution imposes more restrictive requirements upon the use of land or a building than imposed by regulations of the State of Ohio, other Township ordinances, the provisions of this Resolution shall govern. Conversely, other regulations shall govern where they are more restrictive in nature than this Resolution.
- D.** Where a section of the Resolution is found to be incompatible or inconsistent with another section of the Resolution, the more restrictive language or requirement shall be the applicable regulation.

105 References & Rules of Word Usage

- A.** The following rules of word usage apply to the text of this Resolution:
 - 1.** The particular shall control the general.
 - 2.** The words “shall” and “must” are always indicative of the mandatory and never the discretionary.
 - 3.** The words “may” and “should” are always indicative of the permissive.
 - 4.** Any use of a pronoun shall be construed as gender neutral by referring to no specific gender and inclusive of all.
 - 5.** Any reference to a section shall refer to that specific section within the Resolution, unless otherwise explicitly stated.
 - 6.** Where any regulation of this Resolution involves two or more items, conditions, provisions, or events connected by the conjunction “and”, “or”, or “either...or”, the conjunction shall be interpreted as follows:

- a. “And” means that all connected items, conditions, provisions, or events shall apply;
 - b. “Or” means that the connected items, conditions, provisions, or events may apply singularly or in any combination; and
 - c. “Either...or” means that the connected items, conditions, provision, or events shall apply singularly, but not in combination.
7. The word “includes” shall not limit a term to the specified examples, but rather is intended to extend its meaning to all other instances or circumstances of like kind or character.
8. Any specified length of time shall be measured in calendar days, unless specifically stated otherwise, of which the time period shall commence on the day in which the Resolution indicates a length of time is to begin running.
9. A “building” or “structure” includes any part thereof, unless the context of the Resolution clearly indicates otherwise.
10. Any word not defined in this Article, Article X, or elsewhere in the Resolution shall have the definition as set forth in the ORC. If the word is not defined in the Resolution or ORC, it shall have the plain meaning as set forth in an appropriate dictionary or relevant everyday context.

106 Validity and Separability

- A. If any court of competent jurisdiction invalidates any provision of this Resolution, or amendments thereto, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Resolution or amendments thereto.
- B. If any court of competent jurisdiction invalidates the application of any provision of this Resolution to a particular property, structure, or situation, then such judgment shall not affect the application of that provision to any other building, structure, or situation not specifically included in that judgment.
- C. If any court of competent jurisdiction judges invalid any condition attached to the approval of a development review application, then such judgment shall not affect any other conditions or requirements attached to the same approval that are not specifically included in that judgment.

ARTICLE II: GENERAL PROVISIONS

201 Establishment of Zoning Districts

The unincorporated territory of Granger Township, Medina County, Ohio, is hereby divided into zoning districts as follows:

- R-1 Residential District
- R-2 Residential District
- C-1 Local-Commercial District
- C-2 General Commercial District
- C-3 Highway Interchange Commercial District
- I-1 Industrial District
- PDD Planned Development District

202 Zoning Districts Map

The zoning districts and their boundary lines are indicated upon a map entitled “Zoning Districts Map of Granger Township, Medina County, Ohio”, which original map, together with all notations, references, amendments and changes is maintained in the office of the Township Clerk. A copy is attached and made a part of this book for reference.

A. Interpretation of District Boundaries.

Where uncertainty exists with respect to the boundaries of any of the aforesaid districts as shown on the zoning map, the following rules shall apply:

1. Where Boundaries Approximately Follow Streets, Alleys, or Highways.

Where district boundaries are indicated as approximately following the center line or right-of-way line of streets, the center line or alley line of alleys, or the centerline or right-of-way lines of highways, such lines shall be construed to be such district boundaries.

2. Where Boundaries Parallel Street Right-of-way Lines, Alley Lines or Highway Right-of-way Lines.

Where district boundaries are so indicated that they are approximately parallel to the center lines or right-of-way lines of streets, the center lines or alley lines of alleys, or the center lines or right-of-way lines of highways, such district boundaries shall be construed as being parallel thereto and at such distance therefrom as indicated on the map. If no distance is given, such dimensions shall be determined by the use of the scale shown on said zoning map.

3. Where Boundaries Approximately Follow or Parallel State Route 18 (Akron-Medina Rd.).

Boundaries which follow or parallel State Route 18 shall be measured from the Granger/Sharon Township line.

B. Vacation of Public Ways.

Whenever any street or public way is vacated in manner authorized by law, the zoning districts adjoining each side of the street or public way shall be automatically extended to the centerline of such vacations, and all areas included in the vacation shall thereafter be subject to all regulations of the extended districts.

203 Compliance Required

A. Compliance with Applicable Standards.

No land or structure shall be used, and no building or structure shall be located, erected, constructed, reconstructed, enlarged, moved, or structurally altered, except in conformity with all the regulations herein specified as being applicable to such land or structure.

B. Zoning Permit Required.

It shall be unlawful for an owner to use or to permit the use of any structure, building, land, or part thereof, hereafter erected, created, changed, converted or enlarged, wholly or partly, until a zoning permit is issued by the Zoning Inspector in accordance with this Resolution. Such zoning permit shall state that such building, premises or part thereof, and the proposed use thereof, is in conformity with the provisions of this Zoning Resolution.

C. Nonconforming Uses.

Existing uses, lots, buildings, and structures that lawfully existed at the time they were established, but do not comply with this Resolution will be subject to the provisions of Article VI: Nonconforming Uses.

D. Public Utility and Railroad Exemption.

Public utilities and railroads, as defined by the ORC, shall be exempt from the provisions of this Zoning Resolution.

204 Regulations Applicable to All Districts

A. Permitted Uses.

1. No land or structure shall be used or occupied, and no activity conducted, unless such use, occupation, or activity is specifically listed as a permitted use

or conditionally permitted use in the district in which the use, occupation or activity is proposed, or where permitted, has been determined to be a similar use.

2. Any use that is not listed as a permitted use or conditionally permitted use in a district or determined to be a similar use, is considered to be incompatible with the purpose of the zoning district and with the list of uses permitted within the zoning district, and is prohibited.
3. If the Zoning Inspector determines that a submitted application includes a use that is not listed as a permitted use or conditionally permitted, or determined to be a similar use, in the district in which it is proposed, the Zoning Inspector shall deny the application for a zoning permit.
4. Uses Preempted By State Statute. Notwithstanding any provision of this Article to the contrary, uses that are required to be permitted in any zoning district by state law shall be permitted in accordance with state law whether or not the use is specifically identified in this Zoning Resolution.
5. Approvals issued in accordance with these regulations do not relieve the property owner of responsibility for obtaining all necessary permits and/or approvals from federal, state, and/or county agencies. Such permits and/or approvals shall be obtained before any zoning permit is issued. If requirements vary, the most restrictive requirement shall prevail.

B. Prohibited Uses.

1. Recreational and medical marijuana cultivators, processors and dispensaries are prohibited from being located in all zoning districts of Granger Township.

C. Uses Determined to be Nuisance.

The following uses shall be deemed to constitute a nuisance and are prohibited from being established in any district.

1. Metallic powder works.
2. Wholesale or retail sales, manufacture or storage of explosives, gunpowder or fireworks.
3. Above-ground storage and/or distribution of refined petroleum products exceeding 750 gallons in capacity.
4. Chemical plant
5. Crematory.
6. Distilling of bones, fat, glue or gelatin manufacturing.

7. Slaughter houses.
8. Manufacture of fertilizer, concrete, cement, or asphalt, and grinding or pulverization of concrete, cement, asphalt, or other paving materials.
9. Dumping, storing, burning, reducing, disposing of or burning garbage, refuse, scrap, metal, rubbish, offal or dead animals, except such as results from the normal use of the premises.
10. Junk yards, or the outdoor storage of junk motor vehicles, used machinery storage lots, and used car storage, or the outdoor storage of scrap metal, paper, rags, glass, or junk for sale, salvage or storage purposes. As defined by ORC §505.173(E), “junk motor vehicle” means a motor vehicle that meets all the following criteria: (1) is three (3) model years old, or older; (2) is apparently inoperable; and (3) is extensively damaged, including, but not limited to, any of the following: missing wheels, tires, engine, or transmission.
11. Outdoor theaters, commercial amusement parks, and outdoor concert venues.
12. Gun clubs with purposes of trap shooting, skeet shooting, rifle ranges, pistol ranges or trap ranges.
13. Automotive speed tracks, go-carts, drag race strips, motorcycle or motorbike raceways.
14. Wild animal menagerie or the keeping of dangerous wild animals, as defined by the Ohio Department of Natural Resources.
15. Short-term property rental, including hourly, daily, or weekly rental of any property, or any multiple thereof less than thirty (30) days.

D. Accessory Uses.

No accessory use, including an accessory building or structure shall be established on a lot until a principal use or building has first been established on the lot in conformance with all applicable provisions of this Zoning Resolution.

E. Use Exemptions.

1. Agricultural Use Exemption. Except as otherwise provided in ORC §519.21 divisions (B) and (D), this Resolution does not apply to agricultural uses, and buildings or structures that are incident to agricultural uses, and property owners shall not be required to obtain a zoning permit for such uses.
2. Energy and Gas Exemption. Qualifying energy and gas production on land devoted exclusively to agricultural use in accordance with ORC §519.21(C)(2) and (C)(3) shall be exempt from the requirements of this zoning resolution.

3. Public Utility and Railroad Exemption. Public utilities and railroads as defined by the ORC (whether publicly or privately owned) or the use of land by any public utility or railroad for the operation of its business shall be exempt from the requirements of this zoning resolution except as otherwise set forth in ORC §519.211.

(Effective 5/28/25.)

205 General Regulation of Lots

A. Required Lot Area to be Maintained.

A parcel of land may be subdivided into two (2) or more parcels provided all lots resulting from such division conform to the lot area, width, and depth requirements of the district in which such land is located. A lot of record which conformed to the provisions of this Zoning Resolution and which was owned separately from adjoining lots on the effective date of this Resolution, or an amendment adopted thereafter,

which affected its conformity shall not be reduced in any manner that would increase its nonconforming situation.

B. Required Yards, and Open Space Unaffected by Change in Ownership or Otherwise.

1. No space which, for the purpose of a building, has been counted or calculated as part of a side yard, rear yard, front yard, or other open space required by this Resolution, may, by reason of change in ownership or otherwise, be counted or calculated to satisfy the yard or other open space requirement of or for any other building.
2. In the event a parcel of land is located in two (2) or more zoning districts and divided by a zoning district boundary line, the parcel shall, for the purposes of this Zoning Resolution, be considered as two (2) or more zoning lots. Each zoning lot shall be subject to the requirements of the district in which it is located. No space which, for the purpose of a building or use, has been counted or calculated as part of a side yard, rear yard, front yard, other open space, parking area, or other accessory use or facility required by this Resolution, may be counted or calculated to satisfy the requirements for or be accessory to a building or use located on the portion of the parcel that is in a different zoning district.

C. Projections into Yard Areas.

Every part of a required yard shall be open to the sky unobstructed, except as otherwise provided in this section:

1. Accessory uses, buildings and structures when this Zoning Resolution specifically permits such to be located in a required yard;
2. Off-street parking as regulated by Article III herein;
3. The ordinary projections of skylight, sills, belt-courses, cornices and ornamental features projecting not to exceed twelve (12) inches; and
4. Fences constructed in compliance with Section 207.A. of this Resolution.

D. Corner Lots.

1. **Required Yards Facing Streets.** Corner lots in all districts are required to have the minimum front yard requirements, as indicated in that district, facing both streets.
2. **Visibility at Corner Lots.** No structure, sign, landscape element, or other obstruction to view shall exceed two (2) feet in height when located on any corner lot within a triangular area formed by the street right-of-way lines and a

line connecting them at points thirty (30) feet from the intersection of the street right-of-way lines. An exception to this regulation shall be for shade trees where the branches are pruned at least eight (8) feet above the established grade of the roadway so as not to obstruct clear view by motor vehicle drivers.

E. Lot Area Exceptions for Certain Existing Substandard Lots.

Any lot or parcel of land of record at the time of the adoption of amendment No. 18, June 9, 1977, and where no adjoining land was under the same ownership on said date, shall be permitted to be used as a building site, provided that the principal building and its accessory uses comply with all other regulations of this Zoning Resolution, except the lot area and lot width regulations of the district in which the lot is located, unless a variance is granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

206 General Regulation of Buildings, Structures and Construction

A. Permitted Height Exemptions.

No building, structure, or part of a building or structure shall be erected, converted, enlarged, reconstructed or structurally altered to exceed the height limit hereinafter established for the district in which the building or structure is located or as otherwise regulated in this Resolution, except as specifically authorized below:

1. Unenclosed roof-mounted mechanical equipment and roof structures for the housing of mechanical equipment, elevators, or ornamental architectural features may extend up to fifteen (15) feet above the roof's highest point.
 - a. The total area of such roof structures shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the roof area of the building.
 - b. In the case of unenclosed roof-mounted equipment, such equipment shall be screened by a parapet wall or similar feature that is an integral part of the building's architectural design.
 - c. Only structures that are incidental to the main use of the building shall be permitted.
 - d. For the purpose of this section, mechanical equipment and roof structures includes, but is not limited to, utility boxes, telecommunication devices, cables, conduits, stairways, tanks, ventilating fans or similar equipment required to operate and maintain the building, and fire or parapet walls, skylights, towers, stage lofts and screens, flagpoles, chimneys, smokestacks, radio and television aerials, wireless masts, water tanks, or similar structures.

2. Freestanding amateur radio antennas (such as CB antennae) or radio towers may be erected in a side or rear yard to a height not to exceed fifty (50) feet, provided the aerial is set back a distance from the side or rear property line equal in length to the height of the antennae.
3. Place of worship elements, such as steeples, bell towers, and similar features, may be erected to a height not to exceed seventy-five (75) feet, provided the principal building on which the structure is erected is set back from each lot line at least one (1) additional foot for each foot of additional building height above the height limit otherwise provided in the district in which the building is located, and the height of the structure is approved by the Fire Chief.

B. Principal Building Per Lot.

Unless specifically regulated otherwise, more than one principal building may be located on a nonresidential lot provided such buildings comply with all requirements of the Zoning Resolution applicable to the use and district. The minimum separation between principal buildings shall be twenty-five (25) feet.

C. Building Setback from Oil Well.

No principal or accessory building shall be constructed within twenty-five (25) feet of a capped oil well.

D. Access.

1. Residential Districts.

- a. **Driveway access on corner lots.** Driveway access to a corner subplot in a residential subdivision shall be limited to a residential subdivision street.
- b. **Driveways.**
 - 1) Each lot shall be permitted one continuous driveway with not more than two curb cuts. A second driveway may be permitted as a conditional use.
 - 2) Driveways shall be located on the same property as the principal building that it serves, except as otherwise permitted in this Resolution.
 - 3) All driveways shall have a minimum width of twelve (12) feet and shall comply with the minimum side yard width requirement including turnaround and apron, unless otherwise permitted in this Resolution.
- c. **Boulevard Islands.** No boulevard islands shall be permitted within a residential subdivision street.

2. Commercial or Industrial Districts.

No commercial or industrial access may be maintained across R-1 or R-2 zoning.

207 Accessory Buildings, Structures and Uses.

A. Fences, Walls, and Hedges. Fences, walls, pillars, gates and hedges may be permitted along all lot lines. Gates and pillars, whether or not associated with a fence or wall, shall be located a minimum of twenty (20) feet from the right-of-way line whenever the street right-of-way width is less than sixty (60) feet, and a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the right-of-way line whenever the street right-of-way width is sixty (60) feet or more. All fences, walls, pillars, gates and hedges shall be well maintained, shall be harmonious and appropriate in appearance with the existing character of the immediate area in which it is to be located, and shall not be hazardous. (Effective 5/28/25.)

B. Commercial and Industrial Accessory Buildings (C-1, C-2, C-3 and I-1 Districts).

1. Accessory buildings shall not be attached to the principal building, shall not be located closer than twenty-five (25) feet to the principal building, and shall be located no less than fifteen (15) feet behind the front line of the principal building.
2. Any addition or structure attached to the principal building shall be made structurally a part thereof and shall comply in all respects with the requirements of this Resolution applicable to the principal building.
3. Accessory buildings shall not be located closer to lot lines than the minimum requirements of the district in which they are located.
4. An accessory building or buildings shall not occupy more than thirty percent (30%) of the rear yard.
5. Accessory buildings shall be limited to thirty (30) feet in height.
(Effective 5/28/25.)

C. Residential Accessory Buildings (R-1 and R-2 Districts).

1. Accessory buildings in the R-1 and R-2 districts shall require a zoning permit and shall conform to the following regulations.
2. Size and Location Requirements for Accessory Buildings in a Major Subdivision in an R-1 District.
 - a. These regulations apply to accessory buildings on a lot that meets all the following conditions:
 - 1) The lot is in a major subdivision as defined by the Medina County Subdivision Regulations; and
 - 2) The lot is not greater than five (5) acres; and
 - 3) The lot has frontage on and access to a residential subdivision street.

- b. Accessory buildings shall comply with the following regulations, except when authorized as a conditional use:
 - 1) Maximum Ground Floor Area of a Building: The area of an accessory building shall not exceed one thousand five hundred (1,500) square feet or the ground floor area of the principal building footprint, whichever is less.
 - 2) Total Maximum Ground Floor Area: The total area of all accessory buildings shall not exceed one thousand eight hundred (1,800) square feet or the ground floor area of the principal building footprint, whichever is less.
 - 3) Maximum Height: The height of an accessory building shall not exceed sixteen (16) feet above the average finished grade of the accessory building or the height of the principal building, whichever is less.
 - 4) No accessory building larger than three hundred (300) square feet shall have one or more doors that face the street, unless such door(s) are screened from view from the street and the height of the doors does not exceed eight (8) feet. Screening by a wall, fence, evergreen trees, or any combination thereof shall be not less than six (6) feet in height, shall be continually maintained, and shall be promptly restored when necessary.
- 3. Size and Location Requirements for Accessory Buildings on Lots not Governed by Subsection 207.C.2., above. Accessory buildings shall comply with the following regulations, except when authorized as a conditional use:
 - a. Maximum Ground Floor Area:
 - 1) For lots of less than two (2) acres, the total ground floor square footage of all accessory buildings shall not exceed two percent (2%) of the lot area.
 - 2) For lots of two (2) acres or greater, the total ground floor square footage of all accessory buildings shall not exceed two percent (2%) of the lot area or four thousand five hundred (4,500) square feet, whichever is less.
 - b. Maximum Height: Accessory buildings shall not exceed thirty (30) feet in height above the average finished grade of the accessory building or the height of the principal building, whichever is less, except as otherwise permitted by ORC §519.21 for buildings or structures accessory to an exempt agricultural use.
- 4. As a conditional use, the Board of Zoning Appeals may consider an accessory building that does not comply with the regulations of Subsection 207.C.2. or 207.C.3., when the Board of Zoning Appeals determines the accessory building complies with the applicable regulations in Article V and with the following requirements:
 - a. The accessory building shall incorporate materials, scale, colors, architectural details, and roof slopes that are compatible with the principal building.
 - b. As an alternative to Subsection 207.C.4.a., the accessory building shall not be generally visible from the street nor from adjacent properties due to the extent of existing or proposed landscaping, or the size, shape or topography of the lot.

- c. In all cases, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall consider the proposed accessory building's compatibility with the size and location of houses and other accessory structures in the surrounding area, the location of the proposed accessory building on the lot, setback from adjacent properties and existing or proposed screening.
 5. In no case shall the total ground floor area of accessory buildings and structures occupy an area greater than ten percent (10%) of the yard area in which they are located.
 6. All accessory buildings shall comply with the following additional requirements:
 - a. Shall not be located closer than twenty-five (25) feet to the principal building;
 - b. Shall be located in a rear or side yard, no less than fifteen (15) feet behind the front building line;
 - c. Shall comply with the minimum side and rear setback requirements for principal buildings for the zoning district in which they are located; and
 - d. Shall be located no closer than one hundred (100) feet from any principal building on an adjacent lot. The measurements shall be taken from the closest points of each building.
 7. Any addition or structure attached to a principal building shall be made structurally a part thereof and shall comply in all respects with the requirements of this Resolution applicable to the principal building.
- (Effective 5/28/25.)

D. Accessory Structures and Uses in Residential Districts.

1. Any accessory structure or use that is not regulated in this section and does not otherwise require a zoning permit shall comply with the building setback and height restrictions specified for accessory buildings in Section 207.C.
2. A private swimming pool, accessory to a residence, shall be located on a lot in compliance with the following:
 - a. For the purposes of these regulations, a swimming pool ("pool") shall be defined as a self-contained body of water at least twenty-four (24) inches deep, eight (8) feet in diameter or having an area of at least sixty-four (64) square feet, and used or intended to be used for recreational purposes. This shall include any pool, spa, hot tub or other similar structure that contains water and meets these standards. It may be above or below ground level.
 - b. The pool shall be intended and is to be used for the enjoyment of the occupants of the principal use of the property on which it is located and not for commercial use.

- c. The pool shall be located on the lot in compliance with the following:
 - 1) It shall be located in a side or rear yard no closer than thirty (30) feet to the rear lot line and fifteen (15) feet to the side lot line.
 - 2) It shall be located no less than fifteen (15) feet behind the front line of the principal building.
- d. The swimming pool, or the entire property on which it is located, shall be walled or fenced to control access by children or other individuals, from the street or from adjacent properties. Said fence or wall shall not be less than four (4) feet in height and maintained in good condition with a gate and lock.
 - 1) Fences shall be constructed so that no more than three (3) inches of open space exists between the bottom of the fencing material and the ground and shall have not more than a four (4) inch opening in any dimension except for doors or gates.
 - 2) Above-Ground Pool Exception: Above-ground pools having sidewalls of four (4) feet or more in height from the finish grade, shall be required to have fencing and gates only where access to the pool may be had.
 - 3) If a hot tub or similar structure is designed with a secure cover that meets the manufacturer's child proofing regulation, such hot tub or similar structure shall be exempt from the fencing required by this section.
- 3. Private tennis courts shall be located in a side or rear yard behind the setback line of the principal building on the lot, and shall not be located closer than thirty (30) feet to the rear and fifteen (15) feet to the side lot lines.
- 4. All athletic fields shall be located in a side or rear yard behind the setback line of the principal building on the lot and shall meet the minimum rear and side yard requirements for principal buildings. All activities on the athletic field shall be for private use only, unless the athletic field is an accessory use to a conditionally permitted public or semi-public use, and such use has been authorized as part of the conditional use permit.
- 5. The provisions of Section 207.D.2. through Section 207.D.4. notwithstanding, the Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize the issuance of a Conditional Zoning Certificate allowing for the location of an accessory structure in a front yard when, based on the conditions of the lot, locating the structure in the front yard provides equal or greater protection to adjacent residences than if the accessory structure were located in a side or rear yard, and the setback exceeds the minimum required setback from the street right-of-way for the district in which the lot is located.

E. Ponds and Lakes.

1. Public or private ponds or lakes containing over one and one-half (1-1/2) feet of water depth shall be considered as structures for the purpose of permits. No pond/lake shall be constructed such that its surface area or embankments are located on more than one (1) lot. All structures and/or embankments associated with a pond/lake shall be located at least twenty-five (25) feet from all property lines, easements, and any road right-of-way. In no case shall a pond/lake be located closer than twenty-five (25) feet to a principal building. For purposes of setback and yard requirements, the point of measurement for the pond/lake (other than structures) shall be the design high water line, as depicted on the submitted plans, or the base of any embankment where it reaches the normal grade line.
2. Ponds/lakes shall meet standards and specifications of the Medina County Soil and Water Conservation District and ORC Chapter 1521. Lakes/ponds used for domestic water supply shall also meet the requirements of Chapter 2 of the Medina County Sanitary Code.
3. Upon making application for a zoning permit, the applicant is required to submit to the Zoning Inspector, a copy of the proposed pond/lake plans which have been reviewed and stamped by the Medina County Soil and Water Conservation District, and by the Medina County Health Department, if applicable in the case of ponds/lakes for domestic water supply.
4. The Zoning Inspector shall inspect ponds and lakes during their construction and shall require that all construction conforms to the approved plans. A fee shall accompany the application for a zoning permit for a pond/lake. Fees are determined by resolution of the Granger Township Trustees.

F. Fire Ponds in Residential Subdivisions.

Unless a major subdivision(s) constructs and installs fire hydrants utilizing a municipal water source and approved by Medina County, all major subdivisions shall construct a fire pond(s) with dry hydrant systems and minimum capacity as established by Granger Township Fire Department. Design standards must be obtained from the Granger Township Fire Department in regard to dry hydrant systems. The dry hydrant will be maintained by the Granger Township Fire Department. All fire ponds shall be located on a minimum three (3) acre lot. All fire ponds shall require a \$20,000, two (2) year cash bond or letter of credit.

1. In the event construction of a fire pond is not feasible, an alternate water source must be established, i.e., cistern, city water, etc.
2. The Township has no liability exposure in regard to the pond other than to see that the dry hydrant is properly installed and maintained.

G. Satellite Dish Standards.

1. Satellite dishes of one (1) meter in diameter or less, with fixed mounting at ground level or directly attached to a building shall be exempt from these regulations and shall not require a zoning permit. To the maximum extent possible, the dish should be located in the side or rear yard.
2. Satellite dishes that exceed one (1) meter in diameter shall only be permitted in a nonresidential zoning district if approved as a conditional use. Such dish shall only be permitted in a rear yard.

H. Outdoor Wood Fire Boilers ("OWB").

1. **Purpose.** It is the purpose of this Section to regulate the location and construction of OWBs within the Township in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents.
2. **Zoning Permit Required.**
 - a. A description of the type of OWB proposed, including verification of compliance with current EPA standards;
 - b. A plot plan of the lot, premises, or parcel of land showing the location of the proposed OWB;
 - c. Plans depicting the specifications and elevations of the proposed location, prevailing wind direction, and adjacent residences;
 - d. Details of the method of assembly and construction of the proposed OWB; and
 - e. A completed zoning permit application and permit fee, as required in Section 701.C.
3. **General Requirements for OWBs.**
 - a. An OWB must be a dual stage OWB placed in the rear or side yard, no closer than 300 feet from any residence not served by the OWB, and not closer than 50 feet to the side or rear property line.
 - b. **Fuel Used.** Owners shall only use listed fuels or starters recommended by the manufacturer of the unit, and shall never use the following items as fuel: trash, plastics, gasoline, rubber, naphtha, household garbage, material treated with petroleum products (particle board, railroad ties and pressure treated wood), leaves, paper products, wood pallets and cardboard.

- c. Placement. It is recommended that the unit be located with due consideration to the prevailing wind direction.
- d. OWB stack or chimney height must be the manufacturer's recommended minimum height not to exceed twenty-five (25) feet from the ground.

208 Wireless Telecommunications Facilities and/or Towers

A. Purpose.

1. The purpose of this Section is to provide regulations for the installation, maintenance, and removal of wireless telecommunication facilities within Granger Township, Medina County, Ohio and to provide telecommunications providers with adequate and reasonably equivalent opportunities to provide telecommunications services within the Township and surrounding communities. It is the intent of these regulations to:
2. Protect the health and safety of Township residents by minimizing any potentially adverse health and/or safety impacts;
3. Minimize adverse visual impacts on adjacent properties;
4. Protect property values within the Township;
5. Ensure to the greatest extent possible that wireless telecommunications facilities are compatible with surrounding land uses; and
6. Promote co-location as a means of maximizing the use of existing and proposed towers and minimizing the need for separate wireless telecommunication facilities.

B. Applicability.

1. **Permit Required.** Except in accordance with ORC Section 519.211 and the provisions of this Section 208, no person shall, in an area zoned R-1 Residential District or R-2 Residential District, locate, erect, construct, reconstruct, change, alter, use or enlarge any wireless telecommunication tower. Whenever a notice has been received or an objection has been lodged, in the manner prescribed in ORC Section 519.211, regarding a wireless telecommunication tower in an area zoned R-1 Residential District or R-2 Residential District, the Board of Zoning Appeals, shall, upon proper application and hearing as set forth in Article V of this Zoning Resolution, have the power to issue at its discretion a Conditional Zoning Certificate allowing the construction, location, erection, reconstruction, change, alteration or enlargement of such wireless

telecommunication tower if it finds that the applicant has satisfied all of the applicable requirements of Article V and Section 208 hereof.

2. **Exceptions.** The following are exceptions to the regulations contained herein pertaining to wireless communication towers:
 - a. **Wireless telecommunication facilities** located in areas zoned C-1 Local Commercial District, C-2 General Commercial District, C-3 Highway Interchange Commercial District, and I-1 Industrial District are exempt from these provisions to the extent provided in ORC Section 519.211 and no Conditional Zoning Certificate or Zoning Certificate shall be required for such facilities where such exemption applies.
 - b. **The addition of a new wireless telecommunication antenna to an existing tower** in any R-1 Residential District or R-2 Residential District where such installation does not involve any increase or extension of the original height of the structure on which it is mounted shall not require a Conditional Zoning Certificate.
 - c. **Wireless telecommunication towers** located in areas zoned R-1 Residential District or R-2 Residential District where, within such time period as is stipulated in ORC Section 519.211(B)(4)(a), neither a contiguous property owner nor a property owner directly across a street or roadway from the property on which the tower is proposed to be constructed gives written notice to the Township Trustees requesting that the wireless telecommunications facility be subjected to the provisions of this Zoning Resolution, nor a member of the Township Trustees makes an objection to the proposed location of the wireless telecommunications facility.

C. Application Requirements.

Requests for a Conditional Zoning Certificate to install a wireless telecommunication facility in an area zoned R-1 Residential District or R-2 Residential District shall be filed through the Zoning Inspector to the Board of Zoning Appeals in conformance with the provisions of Article V of this Zoning Resolution. In addition to the application requirements set forth in Section 502, the following additional requirements shall apply to all applications for wireless telecommunication facilities:

1. **Description and Technical Necessity.**
 - a. The application shall include a detailed description of the wireless telecommunications tower or facility's capacity including the number and types of antenna that it can accommodate.
 - b. The applicant shall demonstrate that the telecommunications tower or facility must be located where it is proposed in order to service the

applicant's service area, including an explanation of why a tower or facility and this proposed site is technically necessary.

- c. Documentation shall be provided that certifies the wireless telecommunication facility complies with all current Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulations for non-ionizing electromagnetic radiation (NIER).

2. Analysis of Co-location Alternatives. The applicant shall submit evidence that:

- a. No existing wireless telecommunications towers are located within the above- listed radius of the site;
- b. Existing wireless telecommunications towers are not of sufficient height to meet the applicant's engineering requirements;
- c. Existing wireless telecommunications towers do not have sufficient structural strength to support applicant's proposed antenna and related equipment;
- d. Co-location would result in radio frequency interference with other existing equipment on the wireless telecommunications tower which cannot be reasonably prevented;
- e. Evidence that the owner of the existing wireless telecommunications tower will not enter into a co-location arrangement; or
- f. Existing wireless telecommunications towers do not provide an acceptable location or requisite coverage for the applicant's communication network.

3. Analysis of New Tower Site Alternatives. Unless the application is for co-location, the application shall submit certification, supported by evidence, indicating that the proposed new site for a wireless telecommunications tower is an essential location. The applicant's certification shall include a listing of potential sites, a description of each potential site (including ground elevations) and a discussion of the ability or inability of the site to host a telecommunications tower.

4. Analysis of Visual Impact. The applicant shall submit a pictorial representation, such as a silhouette drawing, photograph, etc. of the proposed wireless telecommunications tower from a point two hundred (200) feet from the facility in each of the four compass directions showing the relationship of the tower against the massing of surrounding structures, trees, and other intervening visual masses.

5. Co-location Agreement. The proposed owner/operator of the tower shall submit an agreement to allow, under commercially reasonable terms, co-

location until said tower has reached full antenna capacity, but in no event fewer than two (2) additional antenna platforms for two (2) additional providers unrelated to the owner/operator. Agreement to this provision must also be included in the applicant's lease with the property owner, if different from the owner/operator of the tower.

6. **Abandonment and Removal Agreement.** The owner or operator of the wireless telecommunication facility shall submit an agreement to notify the Township Zoning Inspector within thirty (30) days of permanently ceasing operation of a permitted facility and to remove a non- functioning facility within six (6) months of ceasing its use. All costs associated with demolition and/or removal of the tower and associated equipment and buildings shall be borne by the most recent tower operator of record unless such costs are the contractual or legal responsibility of another party. If the owner fails to remove a tower in the time provided in this section, the said agreement shall authorize the Zoning Inspector to cause the demolition and removal of the tower and recover the costs of demolition and removal from the applicant and/or property owner. The owner or operator of the wireless telecommunication facility shall provide for a cash or surety bond at the minimum rate of \$100.00 per vertical foot from the natural grade at assure funds are available for the demolition and the removal of the tower if it should become necessary.

D. Standards for Wireless Telecommunications Facilities.

The following criteria shall apply to wireless telecommunications facilities permitted under the terms of this Section:

1. **Design.** Wireless telecommunications facilities shall be designed in accordance with the following standards:
 - a. Where feasible, all towers shall be of a self-supporting monopole design, as opposed to a lattice or guy wire design.
 - b. Except as required by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), antennas and towers shall not be illuminated and lighting fixtures or signs shall not be attached to any antenna or tower. Lighting for security purposes shall be permitted only with the prior approval of the Board of Zoning Appeals.
 - c. Security fencing eight (8) feet in height shall surround the wireless telecommunication tower and equipment. A metal sign of no greater than four (4) square feet shall be posted on the fence showing the names of companies with facilities at the site and their respective twenty-four (24) hour emergency telephone numbers.
 - d. In the event a separate access road is necessary, it shall be constructed of suitable width and road materials as determined by the Board of Zoning

Appeals to allow Emergency vehicles year-round access to the area and to prevent mud deposits on public roads.

- e. All disturbed areas are to be fine-graded, seeded and mulched upon completion of construction.
- f. All utility lines servicing the wireless telecommunications equipment shall be run underground.
- g. Towers and sites shall be designed so as to permit co-location by at least two (2) additional providers of telecommunications services.

2. Lot Area and Setbacks.

- a. The minimum lot area for installation of a wireless telecommunications facility shall be five (5) acres.
- b. The minimum distance from any tower and related wireless telecommunications equipment to any property boundary line shall be two hundred (200) feet as measured from the security fence enclosing the wireless telecommunications facilities.
- c. The maximum height of any wireless telecommunication tower shall not exceed two hundred (200) feet as measured from the average ground level at the base of the tower. No equipment building, equipment platform, ice bridge, or other associated equipment facilities shall exceed fifteen (15) feet in height from building grade.
- d. Wireless telecommunications facilities shall be considered a principal permitted building and/or use and shall not be located on the same parcel as another principal permitted building and/or use.
- e. The minimum separation between wireless telecommunications towers shall be one thousand (1,000) feet.
- f. No wireless telecommunications tower shall be located less than five hundred (500) feet from an existing residential dwelling.
- g. No residential dwelling shall be located less than three hundred (300) feet from an existing wireless telecommunications tower.

209 Outdoor Display/Sales & Outdoor Storage in Commercial & Industrial Districts

A. Applicability.

1. **Purpose.** The purpose of this Section is to provide regulations for the outdoor display of items for retail sale and the outdoor storage of goods, materials, and equipment in order to ensure the outdoor areas are compatible with the surrounding area and to protect the visual quality and character of the Township.
2. These regulations do not apply to outdoor vehicle sales areas approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals for conditionally permitted sale, service and repair of vehicles, machinery and equipment.

B. Outdoor Display/Sales Area.

The outdoor display of items for sale shall be a permitted accessory use when the outdoor display area and merchandise are accessory to a permitted principal use and meet the following requirements.

1. **Limitations on Items Displayed Outdoors for Sale.** Only retail merchandise that meet the following requirements shall be displayed outdoors.
 - a. The merchandise shall be representative of merchandise that is available for purchase inside the principal building on the lot, which shall be occupied by a permitted retail use that is open to the general public;
 - b. Shall be limited to single items packaged for individual sale, and be of a size that a customer can pick up and carry by hand into the building for purchase;
 - c. Shall be removed from the shipping/packaging materials in which the merchandise was delivered to the site; and
 - d. Shall not include the outdoor display of large items and bulk materials. Larger items, including bulk items, displayed for sale shall comply with the regulations for Outdoor Storage and Bulk Sales in Section 209.C.
2. **Limitations on Sales Transactions.**
 - a. All outdoor sales transactions shall be conducted indoors in the principal retail building by the owner or employee of the principal retail business.
 - b. The sale of retail items displayed outdoors shall be conducted only during normal business hours of the principal retail business. Outdoor displays and sales shall be prohibited when the principal building is vacant.

3. Location and Setbacks.

- a. When located in a front yard, the total area of the accessory outdoor display shall not exceed two hundred (200) square feet, and shall be located in compliance with the parking setbacks and within thirty (30) feet of the building front.
- b. When located in a side yard, the total area of the accessory outdoor display shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the ground floor area of the principal retail business on the lot.
- c. The Board of Zoning Appeals may grant a conditional use permit to allow the accessory outdoor display in a side yard to not exceed twenty-five percent (25)% of the ground floor area of the principal retail business when the ground floor area of the principal retail business is four thousand (4,000) square feet or less.
- d. An outdoor display area located in a side yard shall comply with the required side yard setback for the zone in which the business is located.
- e. The outdoor display area shall not be located in an area intended for vehicular traffic, pedestrian circulation, or parking as identified on the approved site development plan;
- f. The location of the outdoor display area shall not interfere with or obstruct vehicular or pedestrian traffic. A minimum of five (5) feet of the sidewalk or walkway shall be clear of merchandise to allow for safe pedestrian movement.

4. General Requirements.

- a. An outdoor display area shall be clearly shown on the site development plan, and shall be approved as part of a zoning review pursuant to Section 701.F.
- b. Outdoor display/sales areas shall be maintained in good order and appearance.

C. Outdoor Storage and Bulk Sales.

Outdoor storage and bulk sale activities that are a permitted accessory use to permitted principal use shall comply with the following requirements.

1. Applicability.

- a. Any area outside of a building where merchandise, materials, or equipment is stored, and which does not conform to the definition and regulations for an Outdoor Display Area shall be considered and treated as an Outdoor Storage Area.

- b. Any area in which bulk goods, materials, merchandise, or vehicles are stored continuously for more than twenty-four (24) hours outside of a building or structure shall be considered and treated as an Outdoor Storage Area.
- c. Only goods, materials, and products sold or used as part of the principal business shall be permitted to be stored outside.
- d. The outdoor storage of goods, materials, and products shall be prohibited on vacant lots and on lots where the principal building is vacant.

2. General Requirements.

- a. Areas devoted to outdoor storage shall be located in the side and rear yard only in compliance with the location and building setback requirements set forth in the applicable zoning district.
- b. No outdoor storage area shall be permitted to occupy or interfere with traffic circulation, required parking areas, sidewalks, or pedestrian access.
- c. The area used for outdoor storage shall be paved with asphalt, concrete, or chip and seal, and maintained in good condition and free of dust.
- d. Stored materials shall be stored only on the paved area and shall be accessible to fire-fighting equipment at all times.
- e. No materials shall be stored in such a manner as to project above the required screen, with the exception of vehicles and mechanical equipment.

3. Limitations on materials stored.

- a. No hazardous materials shall be stored indoors or outdoors on any lot within Granger Township.
- b. Outdoor storage of raw materials shall comply with the following requirements:
 - 1) Bulk storage of sand, gravel, salt, mulch, and similar materials shall be permitted only when such material is contained to prevent spreading or leakage, including leakage of leached materials and other extracts resulting from weather exposure.
 - 2) Storage shall be above ground and not in naturally occurring or artificially created pits or ponds.

210 Agritourism

A. Purpose.

In the interest of public health and safety, no agritourism operation shall be permitted unless the following conditions have been satisfied and a Zoning Certificate for Agritourism has been issued by the Township Zoning Inspector.

B. General Requirements.

1. Agritourism operations shall be permitted only on a farm that consists of tracts, lots or parcels totaling not less than ten (10) acres devoted to agricultural production, or, when less than ten (10) acres, devoted to agricultural production if the land produces an average yearly gross income of at least twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) from agricultural production, or as otherwise permitted by ORC Section 901.80(A)(4).
2. As used herein, acreage of the farm for the purposes of the definition shall be the total acreage of the one (1) or more contiguous tracts, lots or parcels within the Township that are used as the farm on which the agritourism operation is proposed
3. The agritourism operation shall be limited to agriculturally related educational, entertainment, historical, cultural, and/or recreational activity, including you-pick operations or farm markets, conducted on a farm that allows or invites members of the general public to observe, participate in, or enjoy that activity.
4. The size and setback for any structure, other than a farm market as described in (C)(1) of ORC Section 519.21, used primarily for agritourism activities shall meet the following requirements:
 - a. All structures used primarily for agritourism activities shall comply with the height requirements for the district in which the farm is located, and the permitted exceptions defined in Section 206.A. of this Resolution; and
 - b. All structures used primarily for agritourism activities shall comply with the standard minimum front, side, and rear yard setbacks for principal structures for the applicable zoning district in which the activities are located, regardless of the size of such structures.
5. Off-street parking shall be required.
 - a. All agritourism operations, regardless of whether an entry fee is charged, shall provide the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required by the Resolution based upon similar uses identified in the off-street requirements correlated to the intensity of the use, such as peak attendance periods, the size of the structure, and/or land area designated for agritourism activities, as depicted in the application.

- b. The off-street parking area(s) shall be located entirely on private property on which the agritourism activities are provided and of sufficient size to accommodate all vehicles related to the agritourism operations. In no case shall vehicles be parked within a public right-of-way.
 - c. Off-street parking areas provided to meet the needs of the agritourism operation are not required to be improved, including any requirements governing drainage, parking area base, parking area paving, or other such improvement, however, any area for off-street parking required to meet the needs of the agritourism operation shall be devoted only to off-street parking whenever the agritourism activity(ies) are taking place.
6. The agritourism operator shall provide ingress and egress via access points on a public road approved by the Township, County Engineer, Ohio Department of Transportation, or other applicable entity, depending on which has jurisdiction over the road being accessed. Such ingress and egress shall be designed to accommodate emergency vehicles to the satisfaction of the Township Fire Department.

C. Application for Agritourism Use.

- 1. No agritourism operation shall be established without first obtaining a Zoning Permit in compliance with Section 701.
- 2. In addition to the required application for a Zoning Permit in accordance with the provisions of Section 701.C., the applicant shall submit the following:
 - a. A completed Agritourism Use Form;
 - b. Details and drawings that document the total acreage of the farm devoted to agricultural production, or, if there are less than ten (10) acres devoted to agricultural production, documentation that the land produces an average yearly gross income amount of at least twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) from agricultural production for the last five (5) years, or for the number of years the property has been in agricultural production if it is less than five (5) years;
 - c. A site development plan drawn to scale of the entire acreage of the farm devoted to agricultural production on which the agritourism operation is proposed, which clearly delineates all areas where agritourism activities are to take place, including:
 - 1) Location of existing and proposed building(s) or structure(s) on the farm site and existing buildings within one hundred (100) feet of the site;
 - 2) Dimensions indicating the spacing of the building(s) or structure(s);

- 3) Dimensions indicating the setbacks of the building(s) or structure(s) used primarily for agritourism activities measured from the lot lines;
 - 4) Off-street parking lots and parking areas, noting the total number of parking spaces to be provided for the agritourism use;
 - 5) All points of ingress and egress from the public road(s); and
 - 6) Walkways providing means of travel between building(s) or structure(s) used primarily for agritourism activities;
- d. Floor plan of the building(s) or structure(s) to be used primarily for agritourism activities;
 - e. Use of existing and proposed building(s) or structure(s);
 - f. A description of the types of agritourism activities to be conducted, including the anticipated attendance, and an explanation of how the proposed agritourism activities have an educational, entertainment, historical, cultural, and/or recreational relationship to the existing agricultural use of the property.
 - g. An attestation that the farm on which the agritourism operation is proposed conforms to the definition of “Farm” in this Resolution and the agritourism provisions in the ORC Section 901.80(A)(4), or as amended.

211 Temporary Uses and Buildings

A. Garage Sales in Residential Districts.

1. Temporary sales by residents of used or surplus personal possessions shall be permitted in any residential district.
2. Such temporary sales shall be limited to a maximum of three (3) consecutive days conducted not more than three (3) times within a twelve (12)-month period.
3. The term “garage sale” shall include lawn sales, attic sales, rummage sales or any similar casual sale of tangible personal property which is advertised by any means.

B. Temporary Outdoor Retail Sales Associated With Existing Retail Establishment.

Sidewalk sales/outdoor retail sales associated with existing retail establishment may be permitted on a site in compliance with the following:

1. Temporary outdoor retail sales areas shall not occupy parking spaces required to fulfill the minimum requirements of the principal use as required in Article III of this resolution.
2. No free-standing signage or audio amplification shall be permitted as part of the temporary outdoor retail sales.
3. The property owner or business tenant shall obtain a temporary use permit in accordance with Section 701.

C. Temporary Buildings.

Temporary buildings for use incidental to construction work may be erected in any of the zone districts herein established; however, such temporary building or buildings shall be completely removed upon the completion or abandonment of the construction work. For the purposes of this section, a temporary building is a building having no foundation or permanent attachment to the ground or another structure.

ARTICLE III: DISTRICT REGULATIONS

301 R-1 Residential District

A. Purpose.

The purpose of this district is to manage low-density residential development that will preserve the rural residential character of Granger Township.

B. Uses.

Within the R-1 Residential District, no building, structure, or premises shall be used, arranged to be used, or designed to be used, except for one or more of the following uses, and each shall require a zoning certificate:

1. Permitted Uses.

- a. Single Family Dwelling, excluding trailers and manufactured homes which do not meet the requirements of Section 301.C. and in addition are not:
Set on a full foundation; b. constructed with a full frame.
- b. Two-family dwelling (2 dwelling) see Section 301.E.1.
- c. Manufactured homes are single family dwelling units which meet the requirements of Section 301.C.
- d. Only roadside stands, where fifty percent or more of the gross income received from the market is derived from produce raised on farms owned or operated by the market operator in a normal crop year shall be permitted.
- e. Home Occupation.
 - 1) The use shall be secondary in importance to the use of the dwelling for dwelling purposes.
 - 2) The use shall be conducted by the occupant.
 - 3) The use shall be carried on entirely within the dwelling and not in an accessory building.
 - 4) The home occupation shall not occupy more than 25 percent of the floor area of the dwelling unit.
 - 5) An accessory building shall not constitute primary or incidental storage for a home occupation.
 - 6) The use shall not involve any extension or exterior modifications of the dwelling in which the home occupation is located.

- 7) No outward evidence of materials, goods, or equipment indicative of the home occupation shall be permitted outside the dwelling.
- f. Accessory buildings, structures, and uses incidental to the principal use.

2. Conditionally Permitted Uses.

- a. Public, private and parochial schools subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.7.
- b. Churches and other buildings for the purpose of religious worship.
- c. Governmentally owned and/or operated parks, golf courses (except miniature), and subject to Section 503.A.
- d. Privately owned and/or operated golf courses (except miniature) and subject to Section 503.A.
- e. Cemeteries.
- f. Publicly owned and/or operated buildings and facilities other than those listed and subject to Section 503.A.
- g. The provisions of Section 205 notwithstanding, the Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize the issuance of Conditional Zoning Certificates for lots located on the bulb of cul-de-sac streets, provided that the lot width at the set-back line shall be no less than one hundred seventy-five (175) feet.

C. Area, Yard, and Height Regulations.

- 1. **Minimum Lot Size.** The minimum lot area shall be two (2) acres. Each lot shall have a minimum of one hundred seventy-five (175) feet continuous frontage on a public or approved private street, and a minimum of one hundred seventy-five (175) feet of continuous lot width on and from the street right-of-way to the setback line. At no time shall the minimum lot depth from the right-of-way be less than required by the Health Department.
- 2. **Minimum Front Yard Depth.** The minimum front yard depth shall not be less than seventy (70) feet.
(Effective 5/28/25.)
- 3. **Minimum Side Yard Width on Each Side.** Fifteen (15) feet.
- 4. **Minimum Rear Yard Depth.** There shall be a rear yard not less than thirty (30) feet deep.

5. Minimum Living Floor Area Per Dwelling Unit.

- a. Each single-family dwelling and each dwelling unit in a two-family dwelling shall have the following minimum living floor area:
 - 1) One (1) and two (2) bedroom dwelling units, twelve hundred forty (1240) square feet minimum.
 - 2) Three (3) bedroom dwelling unit, fifteen hundred (1500) square feet minimum.
 - 3) Four (4) bedroom dwelling unit, eighteen hundred (1800) square feet minimum.
 - 4) Five (5) or more bedroom dwelling unit, twenty-one hundred (2100) square feet minimum.
 - 5) The area of the dwelling shall be the sum of the gross floor areas above the basement level, and not more than three (3) feet below finished grade, including these rooms (and closets) having a minimum ceiling height of seven (7) feet six (6) inches (7'6"), and having the natural light and ventilation as required by the Medina County Building Code: 1975. Rooms above the first floor may be included which are directly connected by a permanent stairs and hall, and spaces under pitched roofs having a minimum knee wall height of four (4) feet if one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) of the room area has a minimum ceiling height of seven feet six inches (7'6").
- b. Minimum living floor area per family shall not include porches, steps, terraces, breezeways, attached or built-in garages, basements or other attached structures not intended for human occupancy.

6. Height of Buildings. No Structure shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height.

D. Parking Requirements.

- 1. Minimum Number of Off-Street Parking Spaces Required.** All dwellings shall provide parking space off the nearest street or road and outside of the public right-of-way, together with means of ingress and egress thereto, for not less than two (2) motor vehicles per dwelling unit.
- 2. Driveways.** A driveway shall serve not more than one (1) principal building and be located on the same property as the principal building that it serves. All driveways shall have a minimum width of twelve (12) feet and shall meet the minimum side yard width requirement of 15 feet, including turnaround and apron.

E. Supplementary Regulations.

- 1. Principal Building.** No more than one dwelling unit shall be permitted on any lot unless otherwise specifically stated in this Resolution, and every dwelling unit shall be located on a lot having required frontage on a public or private street.

302 R-2 Residential District

A. Purpose And Intent.

The purpose of this district is to accommodate an existing condominium style residential development which was developed with private central water and sewer facilities and with a private lake orientation. It is the intent of these provisions to allow the continuation of the existing homes within the Granger Lake Condominium development as permitted rather than non-conforming uses, but not to encourage or permit either expansion of the existing condominium development or the establishment of additional developments pursuant to these provisions. To that end, it is further intended that this zoning district apply only to the existing Granger Lake Condominium development and that the boundary of the zoning district be coterminous therewith.

B. Uses.

Within the R-2 Residential District, no building, structure or premises shall be used, arranged to be used, or designed to be used except for one or more of the following uses:

1. Permitted Uses.

- a. Single Family Dwellings subject to the minimum floor area requirements of Section 301.C.5
- b. Two Family Dwellings subject to the minimum floor area requirements of Section 301.C.5
- c. Single Family Attached Dwellings subject to the provisions of Section 302.D.3 and subject to the minimum floor area requirements of Section 301.C.5
- d. Home Occupations subject to the provisions of Section 301.B.1.e

2. Conditionally Permitted Uses. The Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize the issuance of Conditional Zoning Certificates for uses listed herein, subject to the provisions of Article V as listed below:

- a. Private, public and parochial schools
- b. Churches and other buildings for the purpose of religious worship.
- c. Privately or governmentally owned and/or operated parks, playgrounds, golf courses (except miniature), riding stables, and swim clubs.
- d. Publicly owned and/or operated buildings and facilities.

C. Building Setbacks, Separations And Height.

Dwellings and other buildings shall be located in conformance with the approved development plans for the R-2 District and the condominium development. In no instance shall the building setbacks and separations be less than the following:

1. **Minimum Front Setback.** The minimum front setback, measured from the edge of the private street or roadway pavement shall be twenty-five (25) feet.
2. **Minimum Building Separation.** The minimum separation between buildings shall be twenty-five (25) feet measured at the foundation walls.
3. **Property Line Setback.** No building shall be located closer than thirty (30) feet to any property boundary line of the condominium project.
4. **Height Of Buildings.** No Structure shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height.
(Effective 5/28/25.)

D. Development Standards.

1. **Density Of Dwelling Units.** The maximum number of dwelling units shall not exceed a total of one hundred ninety-one (191).
2. **Condominium Ownership.** All dwellings within the district shall be part of a condominium arrangement in conformance with Chapter 5311 of the Ohio Revised Code.
3. **Single Family Attached Dwellings.** The maximum number of single-family dwellings which may be attached or included within a single building or structure shall be six (6).
4. **Private Improvements.** All streets, water production and distribution facilities, sanitary sewer collection and treatment systems, storm drainage facilities and other common improvements serving the condominium development are intended to be privately owned, operated, and maintained by the condominium association or its designee. Granger Township shall have no responsibility for maintenance or repair of any of the privately owned and operated infrastructure located within the condominium development, nor shall the Township be required to assume ownership or responsibility for such facilities.
5. **District Boundary.** The boundary of the R-2 District shall be coterminous with the boundary of Granger Lake Condominiums existing as of the effective date of this provision.

303 C-1 Local Commercial District

A. Purpose.

The purpose of the C-1 Local Commercial District is to provide for retail and service businesses serving the daily needs of Township residents for goods and services. C-1 Districts are strategically located to provide accessibility to Township residents. Uses in this district shall be compatible with surrounding residential uses in order to minimize impacts on surrounding neighborhoods and are intended to be limited in scale.

B. Uses.

Within a C-1 Local Commercial District, no building, structure, or premises shall be used, arranged to be used, or designed to be used, except for the following uses:

1. Permitted Uses.

- a. Single family dwellings subject to the minimum floor area requirements of Section 301.C.5.
- b. Home Occupations subject to the provisions of Section 303.I.
- c. Personal services, including but not limited to dry cleaners for pick-up and drop-off only, barber shops, beauty parlors, tanning salons, nail salons, tailors, repair shops other than automotive and heavy equipment, travel agents, insurance agents, realtors, upholsterers, and photography studios.
- d. Professional and medical offices not exceeding 3,000 square feet in building area.
- e. Retail stores less than 4,000 square feet in building area.
- f. Banks and financial institutions not exceeding 3,000 square feet in building area.
- g. Bed and breakfasts.
- h. Accessory uses clearly incidental to and located on the same premises as a permitted principal use.
- i. Signs subject to the provisions of Article IV.

2. Conditionally Permitted Uses.

- a. Places of worship subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.8.

- b. Private schools and training facilities subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.9.
- c. Nursing homes and assisted living facilities, subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.10.
- d. Preparation and processing of food and drink to be retailed on premises, including bakery, delicatessen, meat market, confectionary, restaurant, and soda fountain
- e. Funeral homes subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.11.
- f. Similar uses which are not listed as a permitted or conditionally permitted use in this District, as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals subject to the following:
 - 1) be similar in nature and impacts to other uses specifically permitted in the C- 1 District;
 - 2) comply with the stated purpose of the C-1 Local Commercial District; and
 - 3) No determination of a similar use shall include the following:
 - a) Sale, service, and repair of vehicles, machinery, and equipment.
 - b) Sexually oriented businesses.

C. Area, Yard, and Height Regulations.

- 1. **Principal Building.** No more than one principal building shall be permitted on any one lot.
- 2. **Minimum Lot Size.** The minimum lot size shall be two (2) acres.
- 3. **Minimum Lot Width.** The minimum lot width at the front setback line shall be one hundred seventy-five (175) feet. (Effective 5/28/25.)
- 4. **Minimum Lot Frontage.** The minimum lot frontage shall be a minimum of one hundred seventy-five (175) feet continuous frontage on a public or approved private street and a minimum of one hundred seventy-five (175) feet of continuous lot width on and from the street right of way to the setback line.
- 5. **Minimum Front Yard.** The minimum front yard shall be seventy-five (75) feet of which twenty (20) feet from the road right-of-way shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 303.G.

6. Minimum Rear Yard.

- a. The minimum rear yard adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts shall be forty (40) feet which shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 303.G.
- b. The minimum rear yard adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be twenty (20) feet.

7. Minimum Side Yard.

- a. The minimum side yard adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts shall be twenty-five (25) feet of which fifteen (15) feet from the side property lines shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 303.G.
- b. The minimum side yard adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be ten (10) feet.

8. Maximum Building Height. No structure shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height.

9. Maximum Lot Coverage. The maximum area of any lot covered by buildings, drives, parking areas, and/or other impervious surfaces shall not exceed 70% of the total lot area.

D. Parking and Loading Requirements

1. Parking.

a. Required.

- 1) Physically challenged (handicapped) spaces shall comply with ADA (American with Disabilities Act).
- 2) Standard parking spaces shall be at least nine (9) feet wide by eighteen (18) feet long, exclusive of access drives or aisles.
- 3) All driveways, customer parking area, and all non-customer parking areas shall be paved with commercially acceptable asphalt, concrete and/or motor paving for the intended use.
- 4) Off-street parking areas shall be provided on the premises as follows:
 - a) Single-Family Dwellings. Two (2) parking spaces per dwelling unit.
 - b) Personal Services. One (1) parking space for each 250 square feet of building area.

- c) Professional Offices. One (1) space for each 300 square feet of building area.
- d) Medical Offices. One (1) space for each 150 square feet of building area.
- e) Retail Stores. One (1) space for each 250 square feet of building area.
- f) Banks and Financial Institutions. One (1) space for each 300 square feet of building area.
- g) Bed and Breakfasts. One (1) space per guestroom plus two (2) spaces for each permanent dwelling unit.
- h) Places of Worship. One (1) space for each five (5) seats.
- i) Private Schools and Training Facilities. One (1) space for each 200 square feet of building area
- j) Nursing Homes and Assisted Living Facilities. One (1) space for each bed.
- k) Restaurants. One (1) space for each two (2) seats at maximum capacity.
- l) Funeral Homes. Four (4) spaces for each chapel room or parlor, or for each 100 square feet of building area of rooms used for services, whichever is greater.

b. Minimum Setbacks.

- 1) The minimum front yard parking setback measured from the road right-of-way shall be twenty (20) feet
 - 2) The minimum rear yard parking setback shall be forty (40) feet.
 - 3) The minimum side yard parking setback shall be fifteen (15) feet.
- (Effective 5/28/25.)

2. Access.

- a. **Number.** Ingress and egress to all sites shall be limited to not more than two (2) driveways.
- b. **Width.** Ingress and egress driveways shall comply with the following standards:
 - 1) Dwellings:
 - a) Maximum Width: 20 feet
 - b) Minimum Width: 12 feet

- 2) All Other Uses.
 - a) Maximum Width: 30 feet
 - b) Minimum Two-Way: 24 feet
 - c) Minimum One-Way: 14 feet
- c. **Radii.** Pavement or curb radius (at the highway edge) shall be in accordance with ODOT standards.
- d. **Location and Alignment.** Driveways, travel lanes, and parking areas shall be designed and related to public thoroughfares to provide for both pedestrian and vehicular safety both in the right-of-way and on site. On-site circulation shall provide for adequate access by emergency vehicles. Access driveways shall be located a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet from the side lot lines, except for shared driveways, which shall meet the minimum side yard requirement, including turn around and apron.
3. **Loading.** Loading areas shall be provided according to need. No loading dock, ramp, or other loading facility shall face or be oriented toward the public right-of-way. No loading dock, ramp, or other loading facility shall be located on the front of the building or project into any required yard.

E. Display and Storage.

1. **Outdoor Display Areas.** Merchandise to be sold at retail on the premises may be displayed outdoors, except that no such display area shall be within fifty (50) feet of R-1 and R-2 Districts nor within twenty (20) feet of any street right-of-way. Outdoor displays shall be maintained in a neat and orderly fashion.
2. **Outdoor Storage.** No outdoor storage of materials or equipment shall be permitted in a C-1 District.

F. Building Design Guidelines.

Buildings shall be designed in accordance with the following:

1. **Architectural Style.** Buildings shall be designed to reflect the nature and purpose of the district, the rural character of the Township, and to be in harmony with adjacent and surrounding residential uses.
2. **Finished Facades.** Each elevation of a building which is visible from the public right-of-way shall have a finished façade treatment using materials which conform to these guidelines.

3. **Approved Materials.** Materials approved for finished architectural façade treatments are split-face block, brick and brick veneer, stone and stone veneer, storefront glazing, E.I.F.S, wood lap siding, vinyl lap siding, pre-cast architectural panels, and architectural metal wall panels.
4. **Material Limitations.** Not more than ten percent (10%) of any building elevation which is required to have a finished façade treatment shall consist of or be covered with standard concrete masonry units, metal siding, T1-11 wood siding, or other non-approved material.
5. **Non-Finished Facades.** Building elevations which are not visible from the public right-of-way may be constructed or covered in any material provided said material is compatible in color and design with the remainder of the building.
6. **Roof Lines.** Changes in roof elevation shall be accompanied with a corresponding change in offset of the building face.
7. **Illumination.** Building facades may be illuminated as an architectural feature.
8. **Accessory Buildings.** Accessory buildings shall be constructed to match and/or compliment the principal building in architectural style, finish treatment, materials, and colors.
9. **Solid Waste Enclosures.** Dumpsters and other solid waste receptacles shall be screened from view with an enclosure constructed of materials which match the principal building. Such enclosures shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and have a gated opening.

G. Landscaping Standard (Figures 1 and 2)

1. **Purpose.** To enhance the architectural features of a structure and improve the appearance of off-street vehicle parking and of outdoor sales and service areas along State Route 94 (Ridge Road) corridor so as to protect and preserve the appearance, character and value of adjacent properties, and hereby promote the general welfare by providing the installation and maintenance of landscaping for screening effects and aesthetic qualities.
2. **Building Foundation Landscaping.** A minimum of ten (10) feet wide, the length of the building width and within twenty five (25) feet of the façade. Area may be broken by entrance walks, but the walk area shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the building front area.
3. **Landscape Material Quality Standards.**

- a. **All plants** shall conform to the American Association of Nurserymen standards "American Standard for Nursery Stock," latest edition (ANSI Z60.1).
- b. **The following tree species may be used** in any landscape plan but shall not be acceptable for allowance against the required quality standards:
 - 1) Miniature tree species
 - 2) Poplars
 - 3) Cottonwood
 - 4) American Elm
 - 5) Ailanthus (Tree of Heaven)
 - 6) Mountain Ash
 - 7) Oregon Maple
 - 8) Box Elder
 - 9) Sumac
 - 10) Catalpa
- c. **The following tree species shall not be used:**
 - 1) Thorned Honeylocust
 - 2) Osage Orange
 - 3) Hawthorne (thorned varieties)
 - 4) Willows

4. Landscape Material Size Standards.

- a. **Evergreen Shrubs.** Plants shall be no less than twenty-four (24) inches in height, or in the case of spreading varieties of shrubs, no less than twenty-four (24) inches in branch spread.
- b. **Deciduous Shrubs.** Plants shall be no less than thirty (30) inches in height.
- c. **Conifers (Evergreen Trees).** Evergreen trees shall be no less than five (5) feet in height measured from the top of the soil ball.
- d. **Deciduous Trees.** Deciduous trees shall be no less than one and three-fourths (1-3/4) inch caliper (trunk diameter) as measured at six (6) inches above the crown of the roots (if bare root) or from the top of the soil ball.
- e. **Turf.** Turf shall be either commercially grown sod or lawn quality seed.

5. Landscape Material Quantity Standards.

- a. **Front Yard Requirements.** The following minimum plant materials shall be provided and maintained:

- 1) One (1) tree for each fifty (50) linear feet of lot frontage or fraction thereof, not including drive entrances.
- 2) One (1) shrub for each ten (10) linear feet of lot frontage or fraction thereof, not including drive entrances.
- 3) Grass, ground covers or other approved live landscape treatment, excluding paving or gravel.

b. Building Foundation Landscaping Requirements.

- 1) At least one-half (1/2) of the building front area (Figure 1) shall be landscaped.
- 2) Landscape material shall include trees, shrubs, live ground covers and/or lawns.
- 3) The minimum number of trees required shall be according to the following schedule based on building width:

Schedule 303.G.5.b.3). Minimum Trees Required	
Building Width	No. of Trees Required
To 80 feet	2 trees
81 feet – 120 feet	3 trees
Over 120 feet	4 trees

- 4) Each tree shall be planted in an individually landscaped area of not less than 100 square feet.

c. Perimeter Side and Rear Yard Landscaping Relating to Abutting Properties.

- 1) Residential Screening. Visual screening (e.g., wall, fences, hedges or combinations) shall be required between all residences and residentially zoned property and all parking or service functions on any business site. Screening shall be at least six (6) feet in height and be the businesses' obligation to construct and maintain.
- 2) The following minimum plant materials shall be provided and maintained:
 - a) One (1) tree for each 100 linear feet of sides and rear lot lines or fraction thereof, with fifty percent (50%) of the requirement to be evergreen trees. Areas will be calculated individually to determine individual requirements.

- b) One (1) shrub for each ten (10) linear feet of side and rear lot lines or fraction thereof in the side and rear yards.
(Effective 5/28/25.)
- c) Grass, ground cover or other live landscape material. No artificial ground cover.

d. Interior Landscaping Parking Lots.

- 1) Ten (10) square feet of landscaped area shall be provided for each parking space (Figure 2) excluding spaces abutting a perimeter, or perimeter driveway, for which landscaping has already been provided.
- 2) Total landscaped area shall be separated into smaller specific areas which will be located so as to break up the expanse of pavement.
- 3) Each separate landscaped area shall not be less than one hundred
- 4) (100) square feet in area and shall contain at least one (1) tree.
- 5) One (1) tree with a clear trunk of at least five (5) feet shall be provided for each individually required landscaped area, or fraction thereof.
- 6) In addition to trees, the landscaped areas shall be adequately planted or otherwise treated with approved landscaping materials not to exceed three (3) feet in height above parking lot grade.

6. Sight Distance Requirements for Plantings (Figure 3)

- a. **Driveways.** At all points of access from a public right-of-way, unobstructed cross visibility shall be maintained between heights of three (3) feet and six (6) feet above the level of the driveway, eight (8) feet above the surface of the driveway where semi-trailers enter or exit, and up to ten (10) feet from the edge of the access drive.
- b. **Right-of-Way Corners.** At the intersection of two or more rights-of-way, unobstructed visibility must be maintained in a triangle formed by an imaginary line with end points on two rights-of-ways, 30 feet from the intersection of two rights-of-way lines.

H. Storm Water Provisions.

Storm runoff provisions shall be designed in accordance with the standards contained in the Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Regulations and the policies and requirements established by the Medina County Highway Engineer's Office.

I. Home Occupations.

- 1. Maximum Area.** Home Occupations shall occupy not more than fifty percent (50%) of the principal building or shall be contained within an accessory building which shall not exceed the size of the principal building.
- 2. Exterior Appearance.** The external appearance of all buildings shall be consistent with the residential character of the area.
- 3. Outdoor Display and Storage.** Outdoor display and outdoor storage are not permitted as part of Home Occupations.

304 C-2 General Commercial District

A. Purpose.

The purpose of the C-2 General Commercial District is to provide an environment for a wide range of business enterprises and promote a mix of commercial uses that provide goods and services for both the Township and surrounding areas. The District is intended to be serviced by public water and sanitary sewer and located along arterial highways.

B. Uses.

1. **Permitted Uses.** Within a C-2 General Commercial District, no building, structure or premises shall be used, arranged to be used, or designed to be used, except for the following uses:
 - a. Personal services, including but not limited to dry cleaners for pick-up and drop-off only, barber shops, beauty parlors, tanning salons, nail salons, tailors, repair shops other than automotive and heavy equipment, travel agents, insurance agents, realtors, upholsterers, and photography studios.
 - b. Retail stores.
 - c. Banks and financial institutions.
 - d. Professional and medical offices.
 - e. Preparation and processing of food and drink to be retailed on premises, including bakery, delicatessen, meat market, confectionary, restaurant, and soda fountain.
 - f. Day Care Centers for children or adults subject to the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code 5104.
 - g. Bed and breakfasts.
 - h. Hotels and motels.
 - i. Accessory uses clearly incidental to and located on the same premises as a permitted principal use.
 - j. Veterinary animal hospitals, clinics, and boarding kennels.
 - k. Signs subject to the provisions of Article IV.

2. Conditionally Permitted Uses.

- a. Places of worship subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.8.
- b. Private schools and training facilities subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.9.
- c. Nursing homes and assisted living facilities, subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.10.
- d. Funeral homes subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.11.
- e. Sale, service and repair of vehicles, machinery and equipment subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.12.
- f. Gasoline service station
- g. Medical clinics; hospitals
- h. Indoor recreational facilities including motion picture theaters, health spas, bowling alleys, ice skating rinks, and similar entertainment activities excluding sexually oriented businesses.
- i. Governmentally or privately owned and/or operated parks, playgrounds, golf courses, riding stables and swim clubs subject to the provisions of Section 503.A.
- j. Publicly owned and/or operated buildings and facilities subject to the provisions of Section 503.A.
- k. Wholesale business
- l. Mini-storage facilities subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.13.
- m. Similar uses which are not listed as a permitted or conditionally permitted use in this District, as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals subject to the following:
 - 1) be similar in nature and impacts to other uses specifically permitted in the C- 2 District;
 - 2) comply with the stated purpose of the C-2 General Commercial District; and
 - 3) No determination of a similar use shall include sexually oriented businesses.

C. Area, Yard, and Height Regulations.

1. **Maximum Lot Coverage.** The maximum area of any lot covered by buildings, drives, parking areas, outdoor storage, and/or other impervious surfaces shall not exceed seventy percent (70%) of the total lot area.
2. **Minimum Lot Size.** The minimum lot size shall be two (2) acres.
3. **Minimum Lot Width.** The minimum lot width at the front setback line shall be one hundred seventy-five (175) feet. (Effective 5/28/25.)
4. **Minimum Lot Frontage.** The minimum lot frontage shall be a minimum of one hundred seventy five (175) feet continuous frontage on a public or approved private street and a minimum of one hundred seventy-five (175) feet of continuous lot width on and from the street right- of-way to the setback line.
5. **Minimum Front Yard.**
 - a. The minimum front yard for any lot with frontage on State Route 18 shall be one hundred (100) feet from the S.R. 18 right-of-way of which twenty (20) feet from the S.R. 18 right-of-way shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 304.G.
 - b. The minimum front yard for lots with frontage on other public streets, private streets, or shared access easements shall be seventy (70) feet from the edge of right-of-way or easement of which twenty (20) feet from the edge of right-of-way or easement shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 304.G.
6. **Minimum Rear Yard.**
 - a. The minimum rear yard adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts shall be forty (40) feet of which thirty (30) feet shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 304.G.
 - b. The minimum rear yard adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be twenty (20) feet.
7. **Minimum Side Yard.**
 - a. The minimum side yard adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts shall be thirty (30) feet of which twenty (20) feet from the side property lines shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 304.G.
 - b. The minimum side yard adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be twenty (20) feet.

- 8. Maximum Building Height.** No structure shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height.

D. Parking and Loading Requirements.

1. Parking.

a. Required.

- 1) Physically challenged (handicapped) spaces shall comply with ADA (American with Disabilities Act).
- 2) Standard parking spaces shall be at least ten (10) feet wide by twenty (20) feet long, exclusive of access drives or aisles.
- 3) All driveways, customer parking area, and all non-customer parking areas shall be paved with commercially acceptable asphalt, concrete and/or motor paving for the intended use.
- 4) Parking lot stubs shall be created for those establishments with parking in front of their buildings to adjacent parking lots. The minimum width of a parking lot stub shall be twenty (20) feet.
- 5) Off-street parking areas shall be provided on the premises as follows:
 - a) Personal Services: One (1) parking space for each 250 square feet of building area.
 - b) Professional Offices: One (1) space for each 300 square feet of building area.
 - c) Medical Offices: One (1) space for each 150 square feet of building area.
 - d) Retail Stores: One (1) space for each 250 square feet of building area.
 - e) Banks and Financial Institutions: One (1) space for each 300 square feet of building area.
 - f) Day Care Facilities for Children and Adults: One (1) space for each two (2) employees plus one (1) space for each eight (8) individuals at maximum capacity. Such facilities shall also provide a designated drop-off and pick-up area equivalent to one (1) space for each four (4) individuals at maximum capacity.

- g) Bed and Breakfasts: One space for each guestroom plus two (2) spaces for each permanent dwelling.
- h) Hotels and Motels: One (1) space per each sleeping room plus one (1) space for each two (2) employees.
- i) Places of Worship: One (1) space for each five (5) seats.
- j) Private Schools and Training Facilities: One (1) space for each 200 square feet of building area.
- k) Nursing Homes and Assisted Living Facilities: One (1) space for each bed.
- l) Restaurants: One (1) space for each two (2) seats at maximum capacity.
- m) Funeral Homes: Four (4) spaces for each chapel room or parlor, or for each 100 square feet of building area of rooms used for services, whichever is greater.
- n) Gasoline Service Stations: One (1) space for each fueling station.
- o) Vehicle, Machinery, and Equipment Service or Repair: One (1) space for each 400 square feet of building area.
- p) Medical Clinics: One (1) space for each 150 square feet of building area.
- q) Hospitals: One (1) space for each bed.
- r) Veterinary Animal Hospitals / Clinics: One (1) space for each 200 square feet of building area.
- s) Indoor Recreational Uses: One (1) space for each 200 square feet of building area.
- t) Bowling Alleys: Five (5) spaces for each alley.
- u) Skating Rinks: One (1) space for each 100 square feet of building area.
- v) Golf Courses; Country Clubs: Four (4) spaces for each hole.
- w) Outdoor Recreational Uses Including Parks and Playgrounds: One (1) space for each 1,000 square feet for active park areas.
- x) Mini-Storage Facilities: One (1) space for each 1,000 square feet of building area.

- y) Publicly Owned and/or Operated Buildings and Facilities: One space for each 200 square feet of building area.
- z) Wholesale Business: One (1) space for each 300 square feet of building area.

b. Minimum Setbacks.

- 1) The minimum front yard parking setback measured from the edge of right-of-way or easement of any public street, private street, or shared access easement shall be twenty (20) feet.
- 2) The minimum rear yard parking setback adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be ten (10) feet. The minimum rear yard parking setback adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts shall be thirty (30) feet.
- 3) The minimum side yard parking setback adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be five (5) feet. The minimum side yard parking setback adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts shall be twenty (20) feet.

(Effective 5/28/25.)

2. Access.

a. Number.

- 1) Lots existing on the effective date of this amendment shall be permitted one (1) access driveway except as otherwise provided in this Zoning Resolution.
- 2) Lots exceeding 350 feet in width shall be permitted one (1) additional access driveway for every 300 feet or fraction thereof, of lot width greater than 350 feet.
- 3) When two or more substandard lots under the same ownership are adjacent to one another, the lots shall be treated as one lot and only one (1) access driveway shall be permitted.
- 4) An access driveway for a corner lot exceeding 550 feet in width shall be located along State Route 18 no closer than 500 feet to an intersection, measured from the intersection of the right-of-way lines.

- b. **Width:** Ingress and egress driveways shall comply with the following standards:
 - 1) Maximum Width 36 feet
 - 2) Minimum Two-Way 24 feet
 - 3) Minimum One-Way 14 feet
 - c. **Radii:** Pavement or curb radius (at the highway edge) shall be in accordance with ODOT standards.
 - d. **Location, Alignment, and Spacing.**
 - 1) Driveways, travel lanes, and parking areas shall be designed and related to public thoroughfares to provide for both pedestrian and vehicular safety both in the right-of-way and on site.
 - 2) On-site circulation shall provide for adequate access by emergency vehicles.
 - 3) Access driveways shall be located a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet from the side lot lines, except for shared driveways.
 - 4) The minimum spacing, except as otherwise set forth herein, between access driveways shall be 300 feet where possible and shall be coordinated, where possible, with driveways on the opposite side of State Route 18.
3. **Off-street Waiting Spaces for Drive-Thru or Drive-In Facilities.** Drive-thru or drive-in establishments and other establishments which by their nature create lines of customers waiting to be served within automobiles shall provide off-street waiting spaces, on the same lot as the use, in addition to the required number of parking spaces specified in Section 304.D.1.a.5) and as otherwise provided in this Zoning Resolution.
 - a. **Definition.** For the purpose of this provision, a waiting space shall be defined as that portion of a designated drive-thru lane which is of sufficient length to accommodate one (1) queued vehicle.
 - b. **Waiting Spaces.**
 - 1) Establishments Servicing and/or Selling Food and/or Drinks: Eight (8) waiting spaces.
 - 2) Facilities with Service Windows or Service Entrances such as Banks, Photo Pick-Up, Pharmacy Pick-Up, Ticket Booths, or Other Similar Facilities: Five (5) waiting spaces for each window or stall.
 - 3) Drive-Up ATM Machines: Four (4) waiting spaces.

- 4) Self-Service Automobile Washing Facilities: Three (3) waiting spaces for each stall.
 - 5) Automatic Car Wash Facilities: Six (6) waiting spaces for each entrance.
 - 6) Gasoline: One (1) waiting space for every four (4) filling locations.
 - 7) Automobile Service Stations that Provide Service to Customers Who Wait in the Vehicle While the Service is Performed: Three (3) waiting spaces for each service bay.
4. **Loading areas** shall be provided according to need. No loading dock, ramp, or other loading facility shall face or be oriented toward the public right-of-way. No loading dock, ramp, or other loading facility shall be located on the front of the building or project into any required yard. Loading docks shall be designed and located so that trucks parked at the loading dock shall not extend past the front of the building.

E. Display and Storage.

1. Outdoor Display Areas.

- a. **Outdoor display of merchandise** shall be limited to the area designated for such use on the approved site plan. In no case shall the area arranged or used for outdoor display exceed twenty (20) square feet for each one (1) linear foot of lot frontage.
- b. **Outdoor display** shall not be located in the required landscaped portion of the front setback, within required side yards, or on required parking spaces.
- c. **Outdoor display areas** shall be determined at the time of site plan review and approval.

2. Outdoor Storage.

- a. **Outdoor storage** shall be located in the side or rear yard.
- b. **The total amount of outdoor storage** shall be in accordance with Section 304.C.1. Maximum Lot Coverage.
- c. **Outdoor storage** shall be completely screened from adjoining properties by a solid wall or fence. Such wall or fence shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and a maximum of twelve (12) feet in height. The Board of Zoning Appeals may approve an alternative method or technique of screening if it determines that such method provides an equivalent level of screening.

- d. **No material** shall be stored in such a manner as to project above the wall or fence except as specifically authorized by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

F. Building Design Guidelines. Buildings shall be designed in accordance with the following:

1. **Architectural Style.** Buildings shall be designed to reflect the nature and purpose of the district, the rural character of the Township, and to be in harmony with adjacent and surrounding residential uses.
2. **Finished Facades.** Each elevation of a building which is visible from the public right-of-way shall have a finished façade treatment.
3. **Non-Finished Facades.** Building elevations which are not visible from the public right-of-way may be constructed or covered in any material provided said material is compatible in color and design with the remainder of the building.
4. **Roof Lines.** Changes in roof elevation shall be accompanied with a corresponding change in offset of the building face.
5. **Illumination.** Building facades may be illuminated as an architectural feature. Sources of light for illumination of buildings or grounds shall be shielded so that the light source is not directly visible from residential property and light spillage at the property line shall not be greater than 0.1 lumens and shall be installed in accordance with an approved site lighting plan.
6. **Accessory Buildings** shall be constructed to match and/or compliment the principal building in architectural style, finish treatment, materials, and colors.
7. **Solid Waste Enclosures.** Dumpsters and other solid waste receptacles shall be screened from view with an enclosure constructed of materials which match the principal building. Such enclosures shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and have a gated opening.

G. Landscaping Standard.

1. **Purpose.** To enhance the architectural features of a structure and improve the appearance of off-street vehicle parking and of outdoor sales and service areas along State Route 18 (Medina Road) corridor so as to protect and preserve the appearance, character and value of adjacent properties, and thereby promote the general welfare by providing the installation and maintenance of landscaping for screening effects and aesthetic qualities.

2. **Building Foundation Landscaping.** Plantings shall be provided in a landscape bed which shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet wide and shall extend across the entire front façade of each building. The foundation landscaping area may be broken by entrance walks, but such walk areas shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the building front area.
3. **Landscape Material Quality Standards.** The following minimum standards shall apply to the installation of all plant material:
 - a. All plants shall conform to the American Association of Nurserymen standards "American Standard for Nursery Stock," latest edition (ANSI Z60.1).
 - b. The following tree species may be used in any landscape plan but shall not be acceptable for allowance against the required quality standards:
 - 1) Miniature tree species
 - 2) Poplars
 - 3) Cottonwood
 - 4) American Elm
 - 5) Ailanthus (Tree of Heaven)
 - 6) Mountain Ash
 - 7) Oregon Maple
 - 8) Box Elder
 - 9) Sumac
 - 10) Catalpa
 - c. The following tree species shall not be used:
 - 1) Thorned Honeylocust
 - 2) Osage Orange
 - 3) Hawthorne (thorned varieties)
 - 4) Willows
4. **Landscape Material Size Standards.**
 - a. **Evergreen Shrubs.** Plants shall be no less than twenty-four (24) inches in height, or in the case of spreading varieties of shrubs, no less than twenty-four (24) inches in branch spread.
 - b. **Deciduous Shrubs.** Plants shall be no less than thirty (30) inches in height.
 - c. **Conifers (Evergreen Trees).** Evergreen trees shall be no less than five (5) feet in height measured from the top of the soil ball.

- d. **Deciduous Trees.** Deciduous trees shall be no less than one and three-fourths (1-3/4) inch caliper (trunk diameter) as measured at six (6) inches above the crown of the roots (if bare root) or from the top of the soil ball.
- e. **Turf.** Turf shall be either commercially grown sod or lawn quality seed.

5. Landscape Material Quantity Standards.

- a. **Front Yard Requirements.** The following minimum plant materials shall be provided and maintained:

- 1) One (1) tree for each fifty (50) linear feet of lot frontage or fraction thereof, not including drive entrances.
- 2) One (1) shrub for each ten (10) linear feet of lot frontage or fraction thereof, not including drive entrances.
- 3) Grass, ground covers or other approved live landscape treatment, excluding paving or gravel.

- b. **Building Foundation Landscaping Requirements.**

- 1) At least one-half (1/2) of the building front area shall be landscaped.
- 2) Landscape material shall include trees, shrubs, live ground covers and/or lawns.
- 3) The minimum number of trees required shall be according to the following schedule based on building width:

Schedule 304.G.5.b.3). Minimum Trees Required	
Building Width	No. of Trees Required
To 80 feet	2 trees
81 feet – 120 feet	3 trees
Over 120 feet	4 trees

- 4) Each tree shall be planted in an individually landscaped area of not less than 100 square feet.

- c. **Perimeter Side and Rear Yard Landscaping Relating to Abutting Properties.**

- 1) **Residential Screening.** Visual screening (e.g. wall, fences, hedges or combinations) shall be required between all residences and residentially zoned property and all buildings, parking, or service functions on any business site. Screening shall be at least six (6) feet in height and be the businesses' obligation to construct and maintain.

- 2) The following minimum plant materials shall be provided and maintained:
 - a) One (1) tree for each 100 linear feet of sides and rear lot lines or fraction thereof, with fifty percent (50%) of the requirement to be evergreen trees. Areas will be calculated individually to determine individual requirements.
 - b) One (1) shrub for each ten (10) linear feet of side and rear lot lines or fraction thereof in the side and rear yards.
(Effective 5/28/25.)
 - c) Grass, ground cover or other live landscape material. No artificial ground cover.

d. Interior Landscaping Parking Lots.

- 1) Ten (10) square feet of landscaped area shall be provided for each parking space excluding spaces abutting a perimeter, or perimeter driveway, for which landscaping has already been provided.
- 2) Total landscaped area shall be separated into smaller specific areas which will be located so as to break up the expanse of pavement.
- 3) Each separate landscaped area shall not be less than one hundred (100) square feet in area and shall contain at least one (1) tree.
- 4) One (1) tree with a clear trunk of at least five (5) feet shall be provided for each individually required landscaped area, or fraction thereof.
- 5) In addition to trees, the landscaped areas shall be adequately planted or otherwise treated with approved landscaping materials not to exceed three (3) feet in height above parking lot grade.

6. Sight Distance Requirements for Plantings.

- a. **Driveways.** At all points of access from a public right-of-way, unobstructed cross visibility shall be maintained between heights of three (3) feet and six (6) feet above the level of the driveway, eight (8) feet above the surface of the driveway where semi-trailers enter or exit, and up to ten (10) feet from the edge of the access drive.
- b. **Right-of-Way Corners.** At the intersection of two or more rights-of-way, unobstructed visibility must be maintained in a triangle formed by an imaginary line with end points on two rights-of-ways, 30 feet from the intersection of two rights-of-way lines.

- H. Storm Water Provisions.** Storm runoff provisions shall be designed in accordance with the standards contained in the Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Regulations and the policies and requirements established by the Medina County Highway Engineer's Office.
- I. Performance Standards.** No land or building in the C-2 General Commercial District shall be used or occupied in any manner so as to create any dangerous, injurious, noxious or otherwise objectionable element or condition which may adversely affect the surrounding area or adjoining properties. However, any use permitted by this Zoning Resolution may be undertaken and maintained if acceptable measures and safeguards are employed to limit dangerous and objectionable elements to acceptable limits as established by the following performance requirements:
- 1. Fire Hazards.** Any activity involving the use or storage of flammable or explosive materials shall be protected by adequate firefighting and fire-suppression equipment as required by safety codes enforced in the Township.
 - 2. Radioactivity or Electrical Disturbance.** No activity shall emit dangerous radioactivity at any point or any electrical disturbance adversely affecting the operation at any point of any equipment other than that of the creator of such disturbance.
 - 3. No vibration** shall be permitted which is discernible without instruments on any adjoining lot or property.
 - 4. Smoke emissions** shall comply with the standards and regulations enforced by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.
 - 5. Noise.** Microphone or other audible signals shall be designed to minimize sound impacts upon abutting uses. Noise which is objectionable as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals due to volume, frequency or beat shall be muffled or otherwise controlled. Emergency warning sirens and related apparatus used solely for public purposes are exempt from this requirement.
 - 6. Odors.** No malodorous gas or matter shall be permitted which is offensive or which causes a public nuisance or hazard on any adjoining lot or property.
 - 7. Air Pollution.** No pollution of air by fly ash, dust, vapors, or other substances shall be permitted which is harmful to health, animals, vegetation or other property, or which can cause excessive soiling.
 - 8. Glare.** No direct or reflected glare shall be permitted which is visible from any property or from any public street, road, or highway.
 - 9. Erosion.** No erosion, by either wind or water, shall be permitted which will carry objectionable substances onto neighboring properties.

10. **Water Pollution.** Pollution of water shall be subject to the requirements and regulations established by the State Water Pollution Control Board.
11. **Hazardous or Toxic Chemicals or Gases.** No chemicals or gases which are a hazard to public health or safety shall be allowed except in compliance with local, state, and federal standards and regulations.

305 C-3 Commercial District

A. Purpose.

The purpose of the C-3 Commercial District is to provide locations for the development of office, service, limited manufacturing, and other light industrial uses which do not create negative impacts on adjacent properties, the environment, or on public health, safety, and the general welfare within Granger Township. Uses within C-3 Commercial Districts are intended to be compatible with adjacent residential areas, to manage vehicular access so as to minimize negative impacts, to provide employment opportunities, and to contribute to the economic and tax base of the Township. It is the further intent of this District that all uses be located on attractive, well-designed sites that enhance the visual quality and character of the Township.

B. Uses.

Within a C-3 Commercial District, no building, structure or premises shall be used, arranged to be used, or designed to be used, except for the following uses:

1. Permitted Uses.

- a. Offices – Corporate, professional, administrative, and medical.
- b. Manufacture of the following products providing such manufacturing is performed in a clean, quiet, and free of hazardous or objectionable elements such as noise, odor, dust, smoke, or glare and operate entirely within enclosed structures:
 - 1) Electric products and equipment.
 - 2) Metal products including business machines, instruments, fabrication of cabinets and furniture, stamping and extrusion of small parts.
 - 3) Tools and hardware including hand tools, cutlery, die and pattern making and other small machine shops.
 - 4) Wood products including furniture, boxes, and crates.
- c. Light Manufacturing, Fabrication, and Assembly.
- d. Research and laboratory facilities for basic and applied research, experiments, and testing.
- e. Wholesale business, service, and storage establishments such as:
 - 1) Repair establishments including automobile motors, body painting, tires, and electrical and household appliances.

- 2) Other shops including contractors, plumbing, heating, painting, ornamental iron, upholstering, monument works, and welding shops.
- 3) Warehouses including storage and wholesale establishments and distribution facilities.
- 4) Yards for storage of lumber and other building materials.
- f. Signs subject to the provisions of Article IV.
- g. Similar Main Uses – Any office, service, storage, or manufacturing establishment not listed above but of a character and extent similar to the above as determined by the majority opinion of the Zoning Commission.

2. Conditionally Permitted Uses. The Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize the issuance of Conditional Zoning Certificates for uses listed herein, subject to the provisions of Article 5 of this Zoning Resolution:

- a. Gasoline stations, excluding automobile service stations, subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.14.
- b. Mini-Storage Facilities subject to the provisions of Section 503.B.13.

C. Area, Yard and Height Regulations.

- 1. Maximum Lot Coverage.** The maximum area of any lot covered by buildings, drives, parking areas, outdoor storage, and/or other impervious surfaces shall not exceed seventy percent (70%) of the total lot area.
- 2. Minimum Lot Size.** The minimum lot size shall be two (2) acres.
- 3. Minimum Lot Width.** The minimum lot width at the front setback line shall be one hundred seventy-five (175) feet. (Effective 5/28/25.)
- 4. Minimum Lot Frontage.** The minimum lot frontage shall be a minimum of one hundred seventy-five (175) feet continuous frontage on a public or approved private street and a minimum of one hundred seventy-five (175) feet of continuous lot width on and from the street right-of-way to the setback line.
- 5. Minimum Front Yard.**
 - a. The minimum setback from State Route 94 shall be seventy-five (75) feet from the right-of-way of which twenty (20) feet shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 305.G.
 - b. The minimum front yard for lots with frontage on other public streets, private streets, or shared access easements shall be fifty (50) feet from

the edge of right-of-way or easement of which twenty (20) feet from the edge of right-of-way or easement shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 305.G.

6. Minimum Rear Yard.

- a. The minimum rear yard adjacent to R-1 Districts shall be forty (40) feet of which thirty (30) feet shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 305.G.
- b. The minimum rear yard adjacent to C-1 or C-3 Districts shall be twenty (20) feet.

7. Minimum Side Yard.

- a. The minimum side yard adjacent to R-1 Districts shall be seventy-five (75) feet of which twenty (20) feet from the side property lines shall be landscaped in accordance with Section 305.G.
- b. The minimum side yard adjacent to C-1 or C-3 Districts shall be twenty (20) feet.

8. Maximum Building Height. No structure shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height.

D. Parking, Access and Loading Requirements.

1. Parking.

a. Standards.

- 1) Physically challenged (handicapped) spaces shall comply with ADA (American with Disabilities Act).
- 2) Standard parking spaces shall be at least nine (9) feet wide by eighteen (18) feet long, exclusive of access drives or aisles.
- 3) All driveways, customer parking areas, and all noncustomer parking areas shall be paved with commercially acceptable asphalt, concrete and/or motor paving for the intended use.

b. Required. Off-street parking areas shall be provided on the premises as follows:

- 1) Professional Offices: One (1) space for each 300 square feet of building area.
- 2) Medical Offices: One (1) space for each 150 square feet of building area.
- 3) Gasoline Stations: One (1) space for each fueling station.

- 4) Sale, Service and Repair of Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment: One (1) space for each 400 square feet of building area.
- 5) Light Manufacturing, Fabrication, and Assembly: One and one half (1-1/2) space for each employee and reserving, in the form of landbanking, an equal amount of land for future parking.
- 6) Building Supply and Lumber Yards: One (1) space for each 400 square feet of building area.
- 7) Mini-Storage Facilities: One (1) space for each 1,000 square feet of building area.
- 8) Warehouse and Distribution Facilities: One and one half (1-1/2) space for each employee and reserving, in the form of landbanking, an equal amount of land for future parking.

c. Minimum Setbacks.

- 1) The minimum front yard parking setback measured from the edge of right-of-way or easement of any public street, private street, or shared access easement shall be twenty (20) feet.
- 2) The minimum rear yard parking setback adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be ten (10) feet. The minimum rear yard parking setback adjacent to R-1 District shall be thirty (30) feet.
- 3) The minimum side yard parking setback adjacent to C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall be five (5) feet. The minimum side yard parking setback adjacent to R-1 District shall be twenty (20) feet.

(Effective 5/28/25.)

- d. Land Banking.** An applicant for a Zoning Certificate may submit information which projects the parking demand for a proposed use and may request approval for construction of parking which is less than required by this Zoning Resolution. The request shall include a detailed drawing of a complete parking layout identifying those areas proposed for immediate construction and those to be temporarily retained in landscaped open space. Such land banked parking plans shall be referred to the Zoning Commission, which may permit a portion of the required parking spaces to be reserved and temporarily retained in landscaped open space in those instances where the Zoning Commission determines such arrangement to be appropriate. Prior to approval of the plan, the applicant shall make a written commitment to construct the additional parking at such time as the Zoning Inspector determines that installation of the land banked parking is necessary for the operation of the use.

2. Access.

a. Number.

- 1) Each lot shall be permitted one (1) access driveway except as otherwise provided in this Zoning Resolution.
- 2) Lots exceeding 350 feet in width shall be permitted one (1) additional access driveway for every 300 feet or fraction thereof, of lot width greater than 350 feet.

b. Width: Ingress and egress driveways shall comply with the following standards:

- 1) Maximum Width: 36 feet
- 2) Minimum Two-Way: 24 feet
- 3) Minimum One-Way: 14 feet

c. Location, Alignment, and Spacing.

- 1) Driveways, travel lanes, and parking areas shall be designed and related to public thoroughfares to provide for both pedestrian and vehicular safety both in the right-of-way and on site.
- 2) On-site circulation shall provide for adequate access by emergency vehicles.
- 3) Access driveways shall be located a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet from the side lot lines, excluding apron width.

3. Loading. Loading areas shall be provided according to need. No loading dock, ramp, or other loading facility shall be located on the front of the building or project into any required yard. Loading docks shall be designed and located so that trucks parked at the loading dock shall not extend past the front of the building.

E. Outdoor Storage.

1. Outdoor storage shall be located in the side or rear yard.
2. The total amount of outdoor storage shall be in accordance with Section 305.C.1 Maximum Lot Coverage.
3. Outdoor storage shall be screened from view from all public rights-of-way and from all adjoining residential properties by a solid wall or fence. Such wall or fence shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and a maximum of twelve (12) feet in height. The Zoning Inspector may approve an alternative method

or technique of screening if it determines that such method provides an equivalent level of screening.

4. No material shall be stored in such a manner as to project above the wall, fence, or alternative method with the exception of two (2) currently licensed vehicles per acre lot size and mechanical equipment or as specifically authorized by the Zoning Inspector.

F. Building Design Guidelines. Buildings shall be designed in accordance with the following:

1. **Architectural Style.** Buildings shall be designed to reflect the nature and purpose of the district, the rural character of the Township, and to be in harmony with adjacent and surrounding residential uses.
2. **Finished Facades.** Each elevation of a building which is visible from the public right-of-way shall have a finished façade treatment.
3. **Illumination.** Building facades may be illuminated as an architectural feature. Sources of light for illumination of buildings or grounds shall be shielded so that the light source is not directly visible from residential property with no light spillage on the adjoining residential property line. All exterior site lighting shall be down lighting with full- cutoff fixtures. The maximum height of light poles shall be twenty-five (25) feet. Site lighting shall be installed in accordance with an approved site lighting plan.
4. **Accessory Buildings.** Accessory buildings shall be constructed to match and/or compliment the principal building in architectural style, finish treatment, materials, and colors.
5. **Solid Waste Enclosures.** Dumpsters and other solid waste receptacles shall be screened from view with an enclosure constructed of materials which complement the principal building. Such enclosures shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and have a gated opening.

G. Landscaping Standards. To enhance the architectural features of structures, improve the appearance of off-street vehicle parking protect and preserve the appearance, character and value of adjacent properties, and promote the general welfare, all uses within C-3 Commercial Districts shall install and maintain landscaping in accordance with the provisions and standards set forth in Sections 304.G.2 through 304.G.6 of this Zoning Resolution.

H. Storm Water Provisions. Storm runoff provisions shall be designed in accordance with the standards contained in the Storm water Management and Erosion Control

Regulations and the policies and requirements established by the Medina County Highway Engineer's Office.

- I. **Performance Standards.** No land or building in the C-3 Commercial District shall be used or occupied in any manner so as to create any dangerous, injurious, noxious or otherwise objectionable element or condition which may adversely affect the surrounding area or adjoining properties. However, any use permitted by this Zoning Resolution may be undertaken and maintained if acceptable measures and safeguards are employed to limit dangerous and objectionable elements to acceptable limits as established by the following performance requirements:
 1. **Fire Hazards.** Storage, utilization, and/or manufacture of materials or products which are flammable, combustible liquids, produce flammable or explosive vapors or gases, or decompose by detonation shall not be permitted, except in conformance with the Ohio Fire Code, Ohio Revised Code, and Ohio Administrative Code.
 2. **Radioactivity or Electrical Disturbance.** No activity shall emit dangerous radioactivity at any point or any electrical disturbance adversely affecting the operation at any point of any equipment other than that of the creator of such disturbance.
 3. **Vibration.** No activity or operation shall cause or create earth borne vibrations outside the property boundary line.
 4. **Smoke.** Smoke emissions shall comply with the standards and regulations enforced by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.
 5. **Noise.** No noise shall be heard outside the property boundary line exceeding the average intensity of street traffic noise.
 6. **Odors.** Continuous, frequent, or repetitive noxious odors shall not be detected outside the property boundary line.
 7. **Air Pollution.** All emissions shall comply with the current standards and requirements of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.
 8. **Glare and Light.** No direct or reflected glare shall be permitted which is visible from any adjoining residential property or from any public street, road, or highway.
 9. **Erosion.** All sites shall comply with the water quality and erosion standards established by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.

- 10. Water Pollution.** All water borne emissions and/or effluents shall be subject to the requirements and regulations established by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.
- 11. Hazardous or Toxic Matter.** No use, operation or activity shall emit or discharge toxic or noxious matter in any form which may be detrimental to the public health, safety, or general welfare or which may endanger the natural environment. The use or storage of any hazardous or regulated materials shall be reported to the Granger Township Fire Department using the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets. Provisions for proper storage, use, and disposal of hazardous and/or toxic materials shall conform to the standards and requirements for such materials as established by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, the Ohio Fire Code, Ohio Revised Code, and Ohio Administrative Code and shall be implemented in consultation with the Granger Township Fire Chief.
- 12. Enforcement.** The application for any non-residential zoning permit to the Zoning Inspector shall be accompanied by a statement setting forth the proposed use's ability to comply with these performance standards and describing any materials, processes, or activities which constitute potential hazards, as set forth herein, and the proposed methods for mitigating those potential hazards. The Zoning Inspector may, from time to time, monitor a use's performance to determine its continued compliance with these standards. The Zoning Inspector shall have the authority to investigate complaints relating to alleged non-compliance with the standards set forth herein. The Zoning Inspector may take such appropriate action as may be deemed necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare and to compel compliance with these performance standards.

306 I-1 Industrial Commercial District

A. Purpose.

The purpose of I-1 District is to provide for:

1. Certain conditionally permitted uses engaged in the storage, distribution, and handling of goods, materials, and services important to consumer, commercial and industrial uses.
2. Conditionally permitted industrial operations engaged in the manufacturing, assembly, fabrication, repair, or storage of manufactured goods of such a nature that minimizes objectionable pollutants of the activity including but not limited to odors, smoke, dust, light, refuse, electromagnetic interference, vibrations or noise.

B. Uses-Conditionally Permitted Uses.

1. One accessory building may be conditionally permitted for the purpose of storage.
2. Signs - as regulated by Article IV hereof.
3. No outdoor storage is permitted.
4. All dumpster must be completely screened by solid fence or wall or enclosed in a structure.
5. Billboards.

C. Area, Yard, and Height Regulations.

1. **Minimum Lot Size.** The minimum lot size shall be five (5) acres with a minimum of four hundred (400) feet of road frontage and a minimum lot width of four hundred (400) feet measured at the front setback line. (Effective 5/28/25.)
2. **Minimum Front Yard Depth.** One hundred (100) feet from the road right-of-way with fifty (50) feet landscaped.
3. **Minimum Side Yard Width on Each Side.** Fifty (50) feet with twenty-five (25) feet landscaped.
4. **Minimum Rear Yard Depth.** One hundred (100) feet with thirty (30) feet landscaped.
5. **Requirements for Parking and Driveways.**
 - a. One and one-half (1-1/2) car spaces per employee.

- b. The driveway and parking space with commercially acceptable asphalt, concrete and/or motor paving for the intended use.
 - c. **Width of driveway.** Ingress and egress driveways shall comply with the following standards:
 - 1) Maximum Width 36 feet
 - 2) Minimum Two-Way 24 feet
 - 3) Minimum One-Way 14 feet
 - d. **Radii.** Pavement or curb radius (at the highway edge) shall be in accordance with ODOT standards.
 - e. **Location, Alignment, and Spacing.**
 - 1) Driveways, travel lanes, and parking areas shall be designed and related to public thoroughfares to provide for both pedestrian and vehicular safety both in the right-of-way and on site.
 - 2) On-site circulation shall provide for adequate access by emergency vehicles.
 - 3) Access driveways shall be located a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet from the side lot lines, except for shared driveways, which shall meet the minimum side yard requirement, including turn around and apron.
 - 4) The minimum spacing, except as otherwise set forth herein, between access driveways shall be 300 feet where possible and shall be coordinated, where possible, with driveways on the opposite side.
6. **Requirements for Property Adjacent to Residential Districts.** The minimum side yard width and rear yard depth abutting a residential district shall not be less than one hundred twenty-five (125) feet which shall be landscaped and maintained.
7. **Building Height:** Thirty-five (35) feet.
8. **Principal Building:** No more than one principal building shall be permitted on any one lot.

307 PDD Planned Development District

A. Purpose.

The purpose of the Planned Development District (PDD) is to:

1. Encourage creative, high quality site design practices in the development of commercial, office, and Light Industrial environments;
2. Promote harmony and integration with existing developments and protect adjoining properties from adverse impacts;
3. Promote safe and efficient pedestrian and vehicular movement;
4. Promote efficient use of infrastructure;
5. Protect and enhance natural and historic resources;
6. Provide opportunity for economic development;
7. Promoting general welfare;
8. Encouraging the efficient use of land and resources;
9. Promoting greater efficiency in providing public and utilities services; and
10. Encouraging innovation in the planning and building of all types of development.

B. Establishment of Planned Developments.

1. No Planned Development shall be established except by petition of the land owner(s) or their authorized agent and subsequent approval of the application pursuant to this section.
2. No Planned Development shall be created unless a determination is made that such development is within the areas designated for a PDD as shown on the Zoning Map of Granger Township.
3. The Planned Development District for C-2 shall have a minimum area of fifty(50) contiguous acres and the Planned Development District for C-1 shall have a minimum area of thirty (30) contiguous acres, provided however, that after a Planned Development is established, additional contiguous areas of any size may be added as modifications and extensions of the original Planned Development.
4. Each Planned Development shall be developed in conformance with an approved development plan which has been reviewed and approved by the Township in accordance with the provisions set forth herein.

5. Until such time as a property owner applies for and receives approval for development of a Planned Development as provided herein, the provisions of the underlying zoning district shall apply.
6. Upon approval by the Township Trustees of a Planned Development application and the related plan, a notation shall be placed on the Zoning Map to reflect such approval and that provisions of the underlying zoning will no longer apply to land contained within the Planned Development.

C. Permitted Uses.

1. Principal Uses.

- a. Table 307-1 establishes the list of permitted uses allowed in a PDD as determined by the applicable underlying zoning district. No building, structure, premises, or portion thereof, shall be used, arranged to be used, or designed to be used, except as established below.
- b. The development plan shall set forth all Permitted Uses, accessory uses or similar uses desired to be within the PDD and are subject to review by the Zoning Commission and approval by the Trustees.

Table 307-1: Permitted Uses		
P = Permitted NA = Not Allowed		
Use	Underlying Zoning District	
	C-1	C-2
Banks and Financial Institutions	P	P
Bed and Breakfast Establishments	P	P
Day Care Centers	NA	P
Drive-Through Facilities	P	P
Hospitals	NA	P
Hotels and Motels	NA	P
Indoor Recreation Facilities	NA	P
Light Industrial	NA	P
Medical Clinics	P	P
Personal Service Uses	P	P
Professional and Medical Offices	P	P
Restaurants	P	P
Retail Commercial Uses	P	P

2. **Accessory Uses.** Accessory uses are uses clearly incidental to and located on the same premises as a permitted principal use. Such uses must be identified on the development plans.
3. **Similar Uses.** Uses that are similar in character and intensity to those permitted in Table 307-1, but not specifically identified in the table, may be permitted by the Township. No use shall be authorized as a similar use unless recommended by the Zoning Commission and approved by the Township Trustees that a positive finding of such use is similar, harmonious and compatible in nature and impacts to other uses specifically permitted in the PDD District. With the recommendation by the Zoning Commission and approval of the Township Trustees, such conditions, stipulations, or requirements may be attached to the approval of any use determined to be similar as deemed necessary to insure its compatibility.

D. Development Standards.

1. **Minimum Building and Parking Setbacks.** (Effective 5/28/25.)
 - a. The following uses and activities shall be set back a minimum of 250 feet from any adjacent residential zoning district:
 - 1) Uses that operate 24 hours a day;
 - 2) Uses that operate for any portion of time between 11:00 pm and 7:00 am;
 - 3) All loading docks or spaces;
 - 4) Dumpsters; and
 - 5) Any similar uses and activities as recommended by the Zoning Commission.
 - b. All other principal buildings or principal uses shall be set back a minimum of 150 feet from any adjacent residential zoning district if the underlying zoning district is C-2, or 50 feet if the underlying zoning district is C-1.
 - c. All parking areas, driveways, and similar paved areas shall be set back a minimum of 50 feet from all adjacent residential zoning districts.
 - d. The Zoning Commission may recommend the allowance of reduced setbacks if the applicant can demonstrate that the proposed landscaping and buffering will create an equal or better approach to mitigating any noise or lighting nuisances to adjacent properties.
 - e. Any building or parking setbacks not identified above shall be as established as part of the preliminary development plan approval.

- 2. Maximum Ground Coverage.** The maximum area of any Planned Development covered by buildings, drives, parking areas, and/or other impervious surfaces will not exceed seventy percent (70%) of the total Planned Development.
- 3. Maximum Building Footprint.**

 - a. The maximum footprint for a building with a C-1 underlying zoning district shall be 4,000 square feet.
 - b. There shall be no maximum footprint for structures with an underlying C-2 zoning district.
- 4. Water and Sewer Service.**

 - a. Each Planned Development shall be served by an approved public water supply system and, if available, an approved public sanitary sewer system.
 - b. Where public sanitary sewer service is not available, the proposed development shall comply with all applicable county and state health regulations.
- 5. Maximum Building Height.** No structure shall exceed thirty-five feet in height.
- 6. Required Parking Spaces.**

 - a. Physically challenged (handicapped) spaces shall comply with ADA (American with Disabilities Act) and any applicable state codes.
 - b. Standard parking spaces shall be at least ten (10) feet wide by twenty (20) feet long, exclusive of access drives or aisles.
 - c. All driveways, customer parking areas, and all non-customer parking areas shall be paved.
 - d. Off-street parking areas for Planned Developments shall be one (1) parking space for each 250 square feet of building area.
 - e. An applicant for a Planned Development may submit information which projects the parking demand for a proposed use and may request approval for construction of parking which is less than required by the Granger Township Zoning Resolution. The request shall include a detailed drawing of a complete parking layout and identifying those areas proposed for immediate construction and those to be temporarily retained in landscaped open space. Such land banked parking plans shall be reviewed by the Zoning Commission and Township Trustees as part of the Development Plan approval. The Zoning Commission and Township

Trustees may approve a total parking layout which permits a portion of the required parking spaces to be reserved and temporarily retained in landscaped open space where the Zoning Commission and Township Trustees determine such arrangement to be appropriate. Prior to approval of the Development Plan, the applicant shall make a written commitment to construct the additional parking at such time as the Zoning Inspector determines that the land banked parking is necessary for the operation of the use.

7. Access and Street Requirements.

- a. All Planned Developments shall be designed to provide common access and parking for proposed uses internally within the development and to minimize access points onto existing public streets.
- b. Planned Developments shall be designed to permit adequate access by emergency vehicles, promote the safety of motorists and pedestrians, minimize traffic conflicts and congestion, and promote the safe, efficient flow of vehicular traffic.
- c. Traffic control devices where warranted shall be provided and installed by the developer in accordance with the standards of the Medina County Highway Engineer and the Ohio Department of Transportation for such devices.

8. Landscaping and Buffers.

- a. A detailed landscape plan that includes the proposed screening and buffering shall be recommended as determined by the Zoning Commission and approved by the Township Trustees as part of preliminary development plan approval.
- b. Buffers shall be required within setbacks from adjoining residential properties as recommended by the Zoning Commission and approved by the Township Trustees that such screening is necessary to mitigate anticipated visual or auditory impacts.
- c. Said landscape improvements may include mounding and/or screen walls or fences if approved as part of the landscape plan.

9. Building Design Guidelines.

a. General Provisions.

- 1) Architectural style is not restricted, but the evaluation of the project's appearance shall be based on the quality of its design and its relationship to the prevailing design characteristics of the

surrounding area. Buildings shall be designed to reflect the nature and purpose of the district and the rural character of the Township.

- 2) Applicants are encouraged to incorporate the elements of the Georgian, Federal, and Greek Revival architectural styles, or other architectural styles that are predominant in the township and in other areas of northern Ohio associated with the Western Reserve. Examples of architectural forms typical in the Western Reserve are provided in Figure 1 on the following page.
- 3) PDD applications that contain buildings designated for Light Industrial uses are encouraged to incorporate elements of the architectural styles outlined above, based on the recommendation of the Zoning Commission, the Township Trustees can waive any of the building design guidelines in this subsection for such uses.
- 4) All activities related to the principal use, with the exception of parking and truck loading/unloading, shall take place within an enclosed building.





Figure 1: The above images represent some examples of architectural styles found in the Western Reserve areas of Ohio.

- 5) Supplemental architectural features, such as colonnades, columns, windows, awnings, pilasters, and/or cornices shall be on all walls that can be viewed from public or private rights-of-way or circulation areas.
- 6) Monotony of design in multiple building projects shall be avoided. Variation in detail shall be used to provide visual interest.
- 7) Buildings shall generally be parallel to the street they front unless an alternate orientation is consistent with existing adjacent development and is recommended by the Zoning Commission and approved by the Trustees.
- 8) The primary entrances of buildings shall be oriented:
 - a) Towards a street along the perimeter of the development or towards a public space, if located adjacent to the proposed project; or
 - b) Towards streets in the interior of the development if none of the building's facades has frontage on a public street; or
 - c) As approved by the Zoning Commission.

b. Building Facades.

- 1) Blank building walls visible from public or private streets (including alleys adjacent to residential or mixed-use buildings) are prohibited. These requirements shall not apply to those walls that are not visible from a street or are completely hidden due to topography or natural features preserved as open space.
- 2) Although the front façade of a building is expected to be the focal point in terms of the level of architectural character and features, all sides of buildings that are visible from a public roadway, an adjacent building, or a waterway shall incorporate architectural detailing on all facades that is consistent with the front façade.



Figure 2: This figure shows two methods of using architectural features to create wall surface relief on wall elevations that are not the primary elevation.

c. Building Materials.

- 1) A combination of materials, textures, colors, and finishes shall be utilized to create visual interest.
- 2) All rooftop equipment shall match the color of the structure or be visually compatible with the structure.

d. Façade Massing.

- 1) Facades that are visible from a public street and that are 60 feet wide or wider shall incorporate wall offsets of at least two feet in

depth (projections or recesses) a minimum of every 40 feet. Each required offset shall have a minimum width of 20 feet. See Figure 3.

- 2) The following alternatives can be used in place of the required front façade offsets:
 - a) Façade material changes following the same dimensional standards as the offset requirements; or
 - b) Pilasters having a minimum depth of one foot, minimum width of one foot, and a minimum height of 80 percent of the facade's height; or
 - c) Alternative facades, as recommended by the Zoning Commission and approved by the Trustees.

Figure 3: Illustration of façade treatments such as pilasters, projections, and material changes to provide a visual façade offset.



e. Wall Openings (Doors and Windows).

- 1) Blank walls, those devoid of openings such as windows and transparent doors, shall be prohibited on the front facade of any building. In no case shall a building have blank walls parallel to a public street.
- 2) Doors and windows should be positioned to create a uniform pattern or visual rhythm along the building elevation.

f. Roof and Roof Lines.

- 1) Roofline changes shall include changes in roof planes or changes in the top of a parapet wall, such as extending the top of pilasters above the top of the parapet wall.

- 2) When roofline changes are included on a façade that incorporates wall offsets or material or color changes, roof line changes shall be vertically aligned with the corresponding wall offset or material or color changes.

Figure 4: Roofline changes shall be aligned with corresponding wall offsets and/or material or color changes.



- 3) When flat roofs are used, parapet walls with three-dimensional cornice treatments shall conceal the flat roofs. Figure 5 illustrates a cornice treatment along on a parapet wall that conceals the flat roof and mechanical equipment.
- 4) Thin parapet walls that extend more than two feet above the roof are (See Figure 5) are prohibited.

Figure 5: Parapet walls with cornice treatments are used to disguise flat roofs. The image on the right illustrates a tall, thin parapet wall that is prohibited.



- 5) Asymmetric or dynamic roof forms shall be permitted on nonresidential buildings provided the criteria for flat roofs in paragraph iii above are met. See Figure 6 for an example of a building with a dynamic roof form.



Figure 6: These images show two different buildings with asymmetrical rooflines.

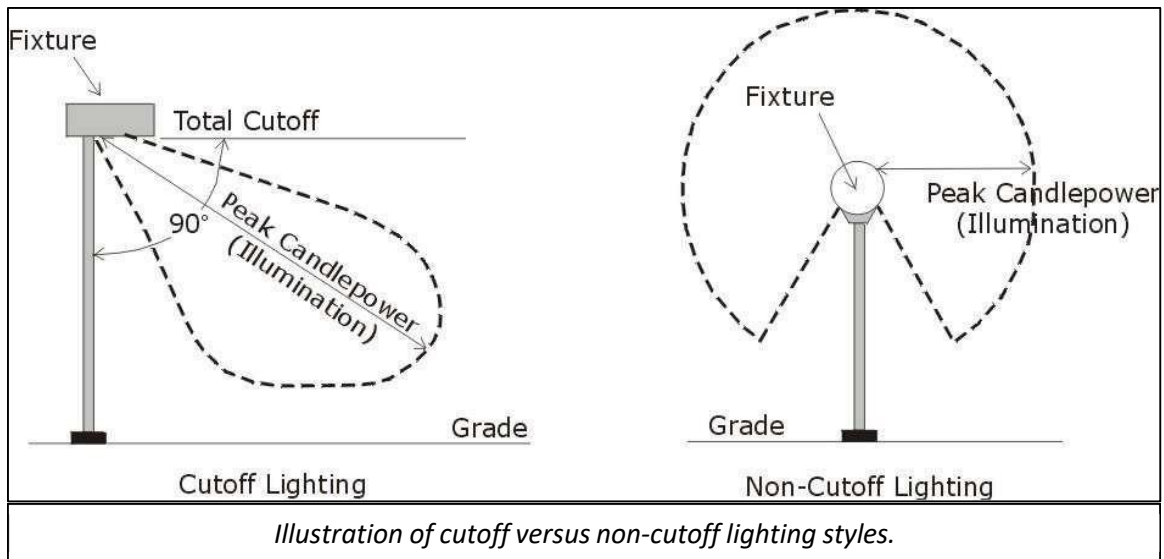
- g. Accessory Buildings.** Accessory buildings shall be constructed to match and/or compliment the principal building in architectural style, finish treatment, materials, and colors.
- h. Mechanical Equipment.**
 - 1) Wall mounted mechanical, electrical, communication equipment, downspouts, gutters, service doors, and other building-mounted utility fixtures, shall be painted and maintained to match the building or be screened from view.
 - 2) All mechanical equipment, including both ground-mounted and roof-mounted equipment, shall be screened from view from adjacent public and private rights-of-way, as well as from all property zoned or used for residential purposes.
 - 3) Screening elements shall include walls (same material and color as principal structure), landscaping, mounds, parapets or enclosures constructed of the same materials used on the majority of the principal structure or any combination or as otherwise approved or required during the preliminary development plan review.
 - 4) Large mechanical equipment, cabinets, transformers, or similar equipment shall be located to the rear or side of the lots to the maximum extent feasible.

- 5) If the applicant demonstrates that the equipment or structure can only be located in a front yard, the structure shall be landscaped in a manner that will allow access to the unit but otherwise buffer the view of the structure from a public right-of-way. The applicant shall be required to provide a landscaping plan as part of the subject application.

10. Site Signage. A coordinated sign package shall be approved as part of final development plan approval.

11. Site Lighting.

- a. A lighting plan shall be submitted as part of the final development plan that includes information on the location and height of each lighting fixture and a photometric plan showing the proposed intensity levels of the lighting throughout the site in foot-candles.
 - 1) The lighting plan shall indicate the minimum, maximum, and average intensity/illumination for the site; and
 - 2) The hours of use of the lighting fixtures shall be indicated on the plans.
- b. Exterior lighting shall be installed in a manner so as to not direct light onto neighboring properties or directly into adjacent buildings.
- c. Shielding may also be required for high intensity light fixtures to prevent glare to adjacent uses, public right-of-ways, and drives. Perimeter lighting, when adjoining residential districts or recorded subdivisions, shall be shielded by fixtures to prevent light trespass onto adjacent properties.
- d. No exterior lighting shall be of such an intensity or color distortion as to cause glare or to impair the vision of drivers, pedestrians or adjacent properties. Shields and/or filters are required for light fixtures with high intensity and glare potential.
- e. Non-cutoff lighting shall be prohibited except when used for decorative lighting or when attached to a building to highlight architectural features.
- f. Exterior lighting located adjacent to existing residential uses shall be designed to have the lowest level of lighting necessary for the purposes of safety.
- g. Lighting located under canopies shall be flush mounted or recessed within the canopy.



h. Maximum Height.

- 1) The maximum height of non-cutoff lighting fixtures shall be 15 feet.
- 2) The maximum height of cutoff lighting fixtures shall be 25.
- 3) Lighting that is attached to a building shall not be restricted in height except that it shall not extend above the roofline of the building.
- 4) The maximum height of lighting shall be measured from the natural grade at the base of the fixture to the highest point on the fixture or lighting structure.

i. Illumination.

- 1) Exterior lighting shall be designed and located with a maximum illumination of 0.5 foot-candles at the property line.
- 2) Lighting for parking areas and where security lighting is needed shall have a minimum of 0.5 foot-candles.
- 3) The maximum illumination of any single area shown on the photometric plan shall be 10 foot-candles.

j. Exemptions.

- 1) All exterior lighting fixtures producing light directly by the combustion of fossil fuels, such as kerosene lanterns or gas lamps are exempt from the requirements of this section.
- 2) All temporary emergency lighting needed by the police, fire department, other emergency service vehicles, and public service

vehicles, as well as all vehicular luminaries, shall be exempt from the requirements of this section including flashing or blinking lights.

3) Street lights shall be exempt from the provisions of this section.

- k. Prohibited Lights. Search lights, beacons, laser source lights, or any similar high-intensity or flashing light shall be prohibited, except in emergencies by police and/or fire department personnel.

12. Utilities. All utilities shall be located underground.

13. Drainage. Planned Developments shall provide for storm water management and erosion and sedimentation control in accordance with the provisions of the Medina County Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Regulations. Plans for storm water management and erosion and sedimentation control shall be subject to review and approval of the Medina County Highway Engineer's Office in addition to the Township.

14. Fire Protection. All Planned Developments shall make provisions for fire protection, which shall be in accordance with the applicable State Fire Code regulations and approved by the Granger Township Fire Chief.

15. Solid Waste Enclosures. Dumpsters and other solid waste receptacles shall be screened from view with an enclosure constructed of materials which match the principal building. Such enclosures shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and have a gated opening. Solid waste enclosures shall be approved by the Township as part of the development plan approval.

16. Noise Regulations.

- a. The maximum allowable hourly average sound level, emitted from any stationary sound source, auditory device, or sound amplification system shall not exceed the limits set forth in Table 307-2 for the respective categories of receiving land use. The actual sound level shall be determined during any measurement period, which shall not be less than sixty (60) consecutive minutes, and shall be measured at the property boundary affected by the sound.
- b. The sound levels established in Table 307-2 shall be for a receiving land use that may be located within any area of the Township and is not restricted to the Planned Development.
- c. As part of the Planned Development review, adequate control measures may be recommended to mitigate the impact of those identified noise sources to effect compliance with these regulations.

Table 307-2		
Receiving Land Use	Time	One Hour Average Sound Level
Public, Institutional, or Residential Uses	10 p.m. to 7 a.m.	60 decibels
	7 a.m. to 10 p.m.	65 decibels
Commercial and Office Uses	10 p.m. to 7 a.m.	65 decibels
	7 a.m. to 10 p.m.	70 decibels
Industrial Uses	10 p.m. to 7 a.m.	75 decibels
	7 a.m. to 10 p.m.	80 decibels

d. Inspection.

- 1) The designated Township agent may inspect upon consent, at any reasonable time and in a reasonable manner, any device or mechanism, which creates any disturbing noise, including but not limited to the premises where such device or mechanism is used.
- 2) If entry to the premises is denied or refused, the designated Township agent shall obtain an inspection warrant from a court of competent jurisdiction.

E. Application Requirements and Procedures.

Property owners who wish to develop their land as a Planned Development shall make application for approval pursuant to the provisions set forth herein. Applications to subject land to these Planned Development regulations shall be heard and action taken by the Zoning Commission and the Township Trustees in accordance with the procedures and provisions set forth.

1. **Pre-Application Meeting.** Prior to the submission of an application and development plan for a Planned Development, applicants shall notify the Zoning Inspector of their intent to file an application and request to be scheduled on the next available meeting agenda for the Zoning Commission. The applicant shall appear before the Zoning Commission and may present a preliminary sketch or concept plan of his proposed Planned Development. The purpose of this pre-application meeting is to discuss the criteria and standards contained herein, to familiarize the applicant with the PDD process, and to review the applicant's proposed general approach to development of the site. As part of the pre-application discussion, the Zoning Commission may make comments, suggestions, recommendations, and observations regarding the applicant's sketch plan and development concept, however no action shall be taken by the Zoning Commission, and their comments, suggestions, recommendations, and observations shall not be relied upon by the applicant as indicative of any subsequent approval or denial.

2. Application and Preliminary Development Plan Submission

- a. A Preliminary Development Plan conforming to the requirements of Section 307.F.2. of this Zoning Resolution.
- b. Information regarding the nature, distribution, and volume of vehicular traffic projected to be generated by the proposed development and the capacity of the existing roadways to accommodate that traffic.
- c. Evidence from the appropriate Medina County agency that public water and sanitary sewer facilities are adequate to handle the proposed development.
- d. Fees and deposits in conformance with the provisions of Section 307.I.

3. Processing of Preliminary Development Plans. Once the application is determined to be complete and is officially accepted by the Zoning Inspector, the Zoning Inspector shall forward copies to the Zoning Commission and such other officials or advisors as the Township may designate. The Zoning Commission shall schedule the application to be heard at their next general meeting occurring at least ten (10) days subsequent to filing of the complete application at which time the applicant shall be provided an opportunity to present the proposed Planned Development.

4. Review Criteria for Preliminary Development Plans.

- a. The comprehensive nature and design of the Preliminary Development Plan, including appropriate design of the physical, aesthetic, and economic relationships among its parts;
- b. The anticipated effects of the proposed development upon the Township and upon adjoining and proximate neighbors and properties, including the impacts of traffic, storm water, noise, lighting, utilities, aesthetic values and other impacts;
- c. The adequacy of existing and planned roads, drives, and parking areas to meet the projected demand for such facilities and to integrate with existing and planned facilities in the Township;
- d. The relationships of the architectural and site design characteristics among the areas of the development and with surrounding properties;
- e. The nature and extent of proposed landscaping, existing vegetation and landform to be retained, and of proposed screening and buffering, particularly perimeter buffer;
- f. The suitability of the proposed separations between buildings, including any proposed setbacks or yards;

- g. The suitability of the total acreage and total floor area proposed for each building, and the number and bulk of buildings proposed; and
 - h. The ability of each proposed phase of the development, or of any group of developed phases, to meet the standards established in this Zoning Resolution.
- 5. **Approval of Preliminary Development Plans.** The Zoning Commission shall act upon Preliminary Development Plans within sixty (60) days of the date the application was officially accepted by the Zoning Inspector. The Zoning Commission may recommend approval, approval with modifications and/or stipulations, or denial of the Preliminary Development Plan to the Township Trustees. The Township Trustees shall act upon the Preliminary Development Plan within forty-five (45) days of receipt of the recommendation of the Zoning Commission.
- 6. **Submission of Final Development Plans.** Final Development Plans conforming to the requirements of Section 307.F.3. submitted to the Zoning Commission for review shall be based on a previously approved Preliminary Development Plan and may be for portion or phases of the entire project. Final Development Plans shall be submitted at least ten (10) working days prior to the meeting at which said plans will be reviewed by the Zoning Commission. A minimum of twelve (12) copies shall be submitted. Submission shall include fees and deposits as established by the Township Trustees.
- 7. **Approval of Final Development Plans.**
 - a. Planned Developments intended to include individual building lots with fee simple ownership, shall make concurrent application for approval of such subdivision by Medina County.
 - b. The Zoning Commission shall review each Final Development Plan and shall make a recommendation to the Township Trustees regarding same within forty-five (45) days of the date at which said Final Development Plan is first heard by the Zoning Commission unless such time is extended with the consent of the applicant.
 - c. The Zoning Commission may suggest, and the Township Trustees may attach, such conditions to the approval of a Final Development Plan as may be reasonably required by the public health, safety and welfare and deemed appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of this Zoning Resolution.
 - d. The Township Trustees shall act upon each Final Development Plan referred by the Zoning Commission within forty-five (45) days of receipt of the Zoning Commission's recommendation provided, however, that

said time period may be extended by the Township Trustees with the consent of the applicant.

8. **Compliance Required.** Subsequent to the approval of a Planned Development plan, all site plans, building permits, Zoning Certificates, and other plans for improvements and any development or construction within the PDD shall be in substantial compliance with the approved Final Development Plan and any conditions of such approval adopted by the Township in approving the Planned Development. Any departure from the approved Final Development Plan and any conditions or development agreements attached thereto, shall be deemed to be a violation of this Zoning Resolution. When the Zoning Inspector determines that a proposed plan, request for Zoning Certificate, development or construction may not be in compliance with the Final Development Plan, he shall take appropriate action as authorized by this Zoning Resolution to compel compliance.
9. **Amendments to Development Plans.** The owner of an approved Planned Development may submit plans for amendment of the approved Development Plan. The Zoning Commission and Township Trustees shall review such amended plan and may approve the amendment if it is determined that the amendment complies with the standards and criteria set forth herein.

F. Development Plan Requirements.

1. **Development Plans Required.** Submission of development plans is required for all Planned Development projects. A Preliminary Development Plan for the entire project shall be submitted. If the Preliminary Development Plan is approved, subsequent development of the property shall be made only in substantial conformance to said approved Preliminary Development Plan. After a Preliminary Development Plan has been approved for the entire project, the applicant shall submit a Final Development Plan for review and approval.
2. **Preliminary Development Plan Requirements**
 - a. The name of the development, the name of the owner or developer, north arrow, date and scale;
 - b. The owners and zoning classification of adjoining parcels;
 - c. A boundary survey;
 - d. Existing topography and proposed finished grade with a maximum two foot (2') contour interval;
 - e. Proposed building locations and setbacks;

- f. Vehicular and pedestrian circulation plans;
- g. All off-street parking areas and landbank parking areas indicating the number of parking spaces provided and the number required;
- h. A storm drainage plan; including preliminary arrangements for storm detention facilities.
- i. All existing and proposed water facilities including the location and sizes of water mains, and the location of fire hydrants;
- j. All existing and proposed sanitary sewer facilities;
- k. General concept plans for landscaping and buffering;
- l. Architectural plans of proposed buildings and structures;
- m. Typical sections for all access drives and parking areas;
- n. Proposed phases if the project is to be developed in stages; and
- o. Proposed development standards for building and parking setbacks and separations.

3. Final Development Plan Requirements.

- a. Final Development Plans shall be prepared by persons professionally qualified to do such work. Final Development Plans shall be certified by an architect, engineer or land surveyor duly registered by the State of Ohio. Final Development Plans shall be prepared at an appropriate scale, but not less than one inch equals one hundred feet (1" = 100'). Profiles must be submitted on standard plan profile sheets.
- b. Final Development Plans shall include detailed design information for all of the items contained on Preliminary Development Plans but shall also include detailed construction drawings for proposed improvements including such items as:
 - 1) Detailed improvement plans including proposed traffic control provisions such as signage, pavement markings, and signalization;
 - 2) Detailed utility improvement plans including all pipe sizes, types, grades, and invert elevations, and the location of manholes for sanitary and storm sewers, and the location and sizes of water mains, and the location of fire hydrants;
 - 3) A detailed landscaping and buffering plan including a listing of all plant material by type, size, and number;
 - 4) Provisions for the adequate control of erosion and sedimentation;
 - 5) The location, type, size and height of all fencing, screening, and retaining walls;

- 6) The location, width, size and intended purpose of all easements and rights-of-way and whether they are to be publicly or privately maintained;
- 7) A site lighting plan;
- 8) A site signage plan; and
- 9) Detailed site grading and drainage plans including storm detention calculations and pipe sizing analyses.

G. Professional Assistance.

The extent and complexity of certain applications for Planned Developments shall require that the Zoning Commission and/or Township Trustees obtain review assistance, statements of opinion, and reports from qualified professionals such as civil engineers, planners, appraisers, architects, and attorneys. The Zoning Commission and/or Township Trustees shall determine when such studies or expert advice are necessary to evaluate a proposed Planned Development relative to the requirements of this Section. The Zoning Commission and/or Township Trustees shall advise the applicant if such studies are required and provide an estimate of whether the anticipated costs of such studies will exceed the base deposit set forth in Section 307.I. The applicant shall immediately upon such notification deposit with the Township sufficient funds to pay for such studies or review assistance.

H. Construction Inspection or Certification.

During construction of a Planned Development, the Township's representatives shall be afforded adequate opportunity to inspect the development to confirm proper installation of improvements and compliance with the provisions of this Zoning Resolution, the approved standards and conditions for the Planned Development, and such other regulations as may be applicable. In lieu of Township inspections, the applicant may choose, or the Township Trustees may require, that inspections be performed under the supervision of an engineer, licensed and registered in the State of Ohio and approved by the Township Trustees, who shall provide a certification to the Township Trustees that all improvements have been properly installed in accordance with applicable Township and County standards and with the approved plans.

I. Fees and Deposits.

1. All applications for development plan review and approval shall be accompanied by a non-refundable fee in an amount as set forth in the fee schedule as established by the Township Trustees.

2. All applications for development plan review and approval shall also be accompanied by a cash deposit for professional consultant services in an amount as set forth in the fee schedule as established from time to time by the Township Trustees. Any balance of unused funds shall be refunded to the applicant within sixty (60) days of the Township's final action on the application.
3. Prior to commencement of construction, the developer of a Planned Development shall deposit with the Township Clerk an amount based upon the estimated cost of construction of inspection services as determined by the Township's consultants, which funds shall be used by the Township to pay for project inspections during construction as provided in Section 307.H. Where inspections are to be performed by an independent engineer responsible for certifying proper construction of required improvements as provided in Section 307.H., the developer shall be solely responsible for the cost of such engineering and inspection services.

ARTICLE IV: SIGN REGULATIONS

401 Purpose and General Provisions.

A. Purposes.

The interests to be served by this chapter include, but are not necessarily limited to, community health, safety and welfare, traffic and pedestrian safety, aesthetics and the overall quality of life as affected by signs. The stated purposes of these regulations are to:

1. Promote the creation of a safe, healthy, and attractive visual environment that fosters health, safety and welfare by:
 - a. Permitting businesses to inform, identify, and communicate effectively.
 - b. Enabling the use of signs to direct the general public while maintaining a safe, attractive, and harmonious application of signs on the buildings and sites.
2. Protect and enhance the health, safety, welfare, and physical appearance of the community in a lawful manner that recognizes the rights of property owners by:
 - a. Encouraging the appropriate design, scale, and placement of signs.
 - b. Encouraging the orderly placement of signs on the building while avoiding regulations that are so rigid and inflexible that all signs in a series are monotonously uniform.
 - c. Assuring that the information displayed on a sign is clearly visible, conspicuous, legible and readable so that the sign achieves the intended purpose.
3. Foster public safety along public and private streets within the Township by assuring that all signs are in safe and appropriate locations.
4. Provide administrative review procedures that are the minimum necessary to:
 - a. Achieve the Township's objectives.
 - b. Enable consistent enforcement of these Sign Regulations.
 - c. Minimize the time required to review a sign application.
5. Prohibit all signs that are not expressly permitted in this Article.

B. Applicability and Severability.

The regulations contained in this Article shall apply to all signs, sign structures, awnings, and other types of sign devices located within Granger Township, except when specifically stated otherwise.

1. No sign shall be permitted within a public right-of-way, except as exempt in Section 401.C.1.
2. No sign of any type, or any part thereof, shall be erected, painted, repainted, posted, reposted, placed, replaced, hung, displayed or maintained in any zoning district except in compliance with these regulations.
3. Architectural features, either as part of the building or freestanding, are not considered signs and are thus exempt from these regulations. An architectural feature is any construction attending to, but not an integral part of the sign, and which consists of landscape or building or structural forms complementing the site in general.
4. The owner of any sign that is otherwise allowed by these regulations may substitute non-commercial message in lieu of any other message. This substitution of message may be made without any additional approval or permitting, provided that the size and location of the sign are not altered. The purpose of this provision is to prevent any inadvertent favoring of commercial speech over noncommercial speech, or favoring of any particular noncommercial message over any other noncommercial message. This provision prevails over any more specific provision to the contrary.
5. If any word, sentence, section or any other provision or portion of this Article or rules adopted hereunder is declared invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remaining portions of the Zoning Resolution.
6. ODOT Permits. All signs within six hundred and sixty (660) feet of the rights-of-way of Interstates 271, State Route 94, and State Route 18 are also subject to regulation by the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) under Ohio Revised Code §5516.06 and §5516.061 and the regulations adopted pursuant to Chapter 5516. Zoning certificates for signs within six hundred and sixty (660) feet of this right-of-way shall not be issued without evidence that a permit has first been issued by ODOT or notice from ODOT that a state permit is not necessary.

C. Exemptions.

The following signs and messages are exempt from the regulations of this Article, and do not require a permit to install:

1. Official Signs Excluded from Regulations. All signs erected and maintained pursuant to any governmental function and necessary to the public safety and welfare are exempt from regulation under this Article. This includes but is not limited to:
 - a. Signs installed by employees or officials of Granger Township, Medina County, or any state or federal agency in the course of their governmental duties.
 - b. Other signs conforming with the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
 - c. Reflectors and safety signs or devices used to mark driveways, towers and potentially dangerous structures or situations.
 - d. Signs required by a state or federal statute.
2. Flags, emblems and insignias of national, state or local political subdivisions.
3. Commemorative plaques placed on a structure or stand-alone commemorative plaques issued by recognized historical agencies. Such signs shall not exceed six (6) square feet in area and shall not be illuminated and may require approval by the state or county depending on the authority over the applicable roadway.
4. Descriptions that identify the parcel or building location mounted to the front wall of a building or to a lamppost in the front yard not-to-exceed four (4) square feet in sign area (e.g., street numbers).
5. Any work of art that does not display a commercial message provided that the work of art meets all other applicable standards of this resolution.
6. Holiday decorations for religious or national holidays. Such decorations may blink, flash, or move. No such holiday decorations shall interfere with traffic, present any hazard, or be detrimental to public health, safety, or morals.
7. Routine maintenance of any sign, not involving structural changes to the sign.

D. Computations.

The following principals shall control the computations of sign area and height:

1. Determining Sign Area or Dimension.

- a. For a sign that is framed, outlined, painted and/or otherwise prepared and intended to provide a background for a sign display, the area shall include the entire portion within the outside dimensions of the background or frame.

- b. For a sign comprised of individual letters, figures, or elements on a wall or similar surface, or an irregularly shaped freestanding sign, the area of the sign shall encompass a regular, or a combination of regular geometric shapes which form or approximate, the perimeter of all the elements in the display. When separate elements are organized to form a single sign but the elements are separated by open space, the area shall be calculated by determining the geometric form or combination of forms which comprise all the display area including the space between the elements.
 - c. The sign area shall include the frame, but shall not include the pole or necessary structural support unless such pole or structural support is illuminated or otherwise so designated to constitute a display surface or device.
 - d. The sign area for a sign with more than one (1) face (multi-faced signs) shall be computed by adding together the area of all sign faces visible from one point.
 - e. When two (2) identical sign faces are placed back-to-back so that both faces cannot be viewed from any one point at the same time, and when such sign faces are part of the same sign structure and are not more than twelve (12) inches apart, or form a V-angle that is equal to or less than thirty (30) degrees, the sign area shall be computed by the measurement of one of the faces.
 - f. A freestanding sign shall have no more than two (2) display surfaces.
2. **Determining Sign Height.** The height of a sign shall be measured from the average grade at the base of the sign or support structure to the top of the sign or support structure, whichever is highest. Decorative caps on top of the support posts shall not be included in the total sign height provided they do not exceed nine inches in height. The height of a freestanding sign on an earthen mound shall be measured from the average site grade at the perimeter of the mounded area.
3. **Determining Building Frontage and Building Unit.** The length of the building that faces the street or the length of the wall of the building that contains the main entrance to the uses therein shall be considered the building frontage as determined by the Zoning Inspector.
- a. The building frontage shall be measured along the front wall between the exterior faces of the exterior side walls.
 - b. In the case of an irregular wall surface, a straight line extended along such wall surface shall be used to measure the length.

- c. For lots fronting on two (2) or more streets, or where the building has its main entrance on a wall other than the wall that faces the street, the building frontage shall be calculated separately for each building wall facing a street or having a main entrance. The sign area that is located on a particular building wall shall not exceed the area permitted for such building wall.
 - d. For multi-tenant buildings, the portion of a building that is owned or leased by a single tenant shall be considered a building unit. The building frontage for a building unit shall be measured from the centerline of the party walls defining the building unit.
- 4. Determining Window Area.** The window area of a building shall be the total glass area of windows on the building frontage. For the purposes of these regulations, a single glass window shall be the area of all the glass and mullions that has less than four (4) inches of separation from other glass areas. For the purposes of determining window area for ground floor occupants, the ground floor shall only include the glass area to a height of fifteen (15) feet above the elevation of the first floor of the building.
- 5. Determining Sign Setbacks.** The required setbacks for freestanding signs shall apply to all elements of the sign, including its frame and base. The setback for such sign shall be measured horizontally from the outward edge of the sign frame to the edge of roadway pavement. All established setbacks are subject to review by the Zoning Inspector to ensure an unobstructed line of sight.

402 Permanent On-Premise Signs

A. Signs in Residential Districts.

Permanent signs for all residential uses and for nonresidential uses in the R-1 and R- 2 Residential Districts shall comply with the regulations set forth in this Section.

1. Signs on Residential Lots.

- a. No sign on a residential lot in a residential district shall exceed eight (8) square feet in size or four (4) feet in height and shall be non-illuminated.
- b. Freestanding signs shall be located on private property at least fifteen (15) feet from the roadway pavement edge.

2. Subdivision Signs.

One (1) freestanding permanent sign not to exceed twenty-four (24) square feet, exclusive of decorative walls, fences or base, shall be permitted for each street entrance to a residential subdivision in compliance with the following regulations.

- a. Such freestanding sign shall not exceed six (6) feet in height.

- b. Freestanding signs shall be placed on private property no closer than thirty (30) feet from the edge of pavement of a subdivision street, nor closer than forty (40) feet to the edge of pavement of all other streets, and shall be located no closer than 25 feet to a side lot line.
- c. A maximum of two (2) sign faces shall be permitted per entrance: either as a double-sided freestanding sign or as two (2) single-sided signs either freestanding or mounted on a wall or other entrance feature.
- d. No part of a freestanding sign, the wall or entry feature on which a sign is mounted, or the landscaping shall obstruct the view of vehicles entering or exiting the property as regulated in 205.D.2.

3. Signs on Nonresidential Lots in Residential Districts.

- a. On a lot occupied by a nonresidential principal use, including but not limited to cemeteries, churches, other places of worship, and government facilities, located in a Residential District, one (1) sign (illuminated or non-illuminated) not to exceed twenty (20) square feet is permitted.
- b. The sign may be either a wall sign or a freestanding sign with a maximum height of six (6) feet.
- c. A freestanding sign shall be located on private property no closer than twenty (20) feet to the edge of the pavement.
- d. The area of a freestanding sign may be devoted to changeable copy.
- e. This sign allowance does not apply to home occupations, which shall comply with Section 402.A.1 Signs on Residential Lots.

B. Signs in Nonresidential Districts.

Permanent signs for nonresidential uses in nonresidential districts, including the C-1, C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts shall comply with the regulations set forth in this Section.

1. On-Premise Freestanding Signs.

- a. One (1) on-premise freestanding sign shall be permitted per lot except as otherwise permitted in Subsections 402.B.2.
- b. On-premise freestanding signs are permitted in compliance with Table 402.B.1, based upon the location of the sign.

Table 402.B.1 On-premise Freestanding Signs in Nonresidential Districts				
Location	Maximum Area	Maximum Height	Minimum Setbacks	
			Front	Side
1) Located on a lot that has frontage on State Route 18	75 square feet	20 feet	50 feet	40 feet
2) Located on a lot with frontage on all other roads	32 square feet	10 feet	40 feet	25 feet

- c. The minimum front setback for freestanding signs shall be measured from the edge of pavement, and shall be located outside of the road right-of-way.
- d. Landscaping required. Freestanding signs shall be erected in a landscaped setting, and shall not be permitted on sidewalks, drives or in parking lots. Neither the landscaping nor the freestanding sign shall obstruct the view of vehicles entering or exiting the property.
- e. Multi-tenant facilities. When a freestanding sign is permitted on a site having more than one (1) tenant, it is the property owner's responsibility to determine if the sign area shall be devoted to identification of the building(s), the anchor tenant, all tenants, or some combination thereof.
- f. Changeable copy. An on-premise freestanding sign may include a changeable copy sign provided that it does not comprise more than fifty percent (50%) of the total sign area and is in compliance with Section 403.

2. Additional On-Premise Freestanding Signs.

- a. Additional Signs and Sign Area for Large Lots as defined below. The area and number of freestanding signs on large lots with frontage on State Route 18 may be increased according to the following:
 - 1) The allowable area of an on-premise freestanding sign shall be increased by one (1) square foot of area for every four (4) lineal feet of lot frontage along State Route 18 greater than four hundred (400) feet.
 - 2) The allowable area pursuant to this section may be distributed to one (1) freestanding sign for each five hundred (500) feet of such lot frontage or fraction thereof.
 - 3) Multiple signs on the same road frontage shall be separated by a minimum of three hundred (300) feet measured along the right of way line.
 - 4) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the maximum area of a single freestanding sign shall be two hundred (200) square feet. In

no case shall more than three (3) on-premise freestanding signs be permitted on a single property.

- b. **High Rise On-Premise Pole Sign.** In addition to the freestanding sign permitted in Section 402.B.1, each business located on a lot within six hundred and sixty (660) feet of the Interstate 271 and State Route 94 right-of-way shall be permitted to have one (1) high rise on-premise freestanding sign that is designed to be seen from Interstate 271. Such sign shall be located within six hundred and sixty (660) feet of the Interstate right-of-way, and shall be located within fifty (50) feet of the business's activity area (building or parking area). Such sign shall have a maximum height of one hundred (100) feet and maximum area of one hundred and sixty (160) square feet. No business within the six hundred and sixty (660) foot distance from the Interstate shall exhibit a sign for any business outside the six hundred and sixty (660 foot) limitation, and no shared signs will be allowed.
- c. **Freestanding Signs at Driveway Entrances.** In addition to the freestanding sign permitted in Section 402.B.1, each lot shall be permitted to erect one (1) sign within ten (10) feet of an entrance or exit drive. Such signs shall be located on the premises which they serve. Each sign shall not exceed four (4) square feet. No more than four (4) driveway entrance signs per premises shall be erected.

3. Building Signs.

- a. The maximum permitted area for building signs shall be one (1) square foot for every lineal foot of building frontage, with a total not to exceed one hundred (100) square feet. This maximum area shall be the sum of the areas of all building signs, including wall, awning, and window signs.
- b. A wall sign shall not project from the face of the wall more than eighteen (18) inches and shall not extend above or beyond the building wall.
- c. **Secondary Frontage.** Buildings facing more than one (1) adjacent right-of-way may have one (1) building sign facing each adjacent right-of-way, in compliance with the above ratio.
- d. **Large Building Setbacks.** The maximum allowable area for building signs may be increased by one-half square foot of sign area for each foot of building frontage when the principal building is set back more than two hundred (200) feet from the principal street on which the building is located. The sign area may also be increased by one-half square foot of sign area for each lineal foot for that portion of the building which is more than two hundred (200) feet from the street and facing such street

when the additional sign area is included in a sign placed on that portion of the building.

- e. **Awning Signs.** No awning sign shall extend above the building wall. Posts or columns beyond the building lines shall not be permitted for awnings. Every awning shall be securely attached to and supported only by the building.
- f. **Permanent Window Signs.** The maximum permitted area for permanent signs placed in or painted on a window shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the window area of the ground floor windows.

C. Signs in Planned Development Districts.

- 1. On-premise signs proposed as part of a planned development in a Planned Development District may vary from the requirements stated in this article when approved through the Planned Development District review process.
- 2. Variations permitted through the Planned Development District review process may include, but are not limited to, total number of signs permitted, sign size, sign setback, sign height, material composition of sign and percentage of sign area devoted to changeable copy or electronic copy.

403. Changeable Copy/Electronic Message Signs

A. Non-Electronic Changeable Copy.

Changeable copy by non-electronic means may be utilized on any permitted on-premise sign.

B. Electronic Changeable Copy.

Electronic message centers (EMCs) are permitted in Nonresidential Districts in accordance with the sign areas permitted in Section 402 in compliance with the following provisions:

- 1. **Frontage on SR 18.** Electronic message centers are permitted on lots in Nonresidential Districts with frontage on State Route 18 in compliance with the following:
 - a. **Setback from Residential Districts.** The leading edge of the sign shall be a minimum distance of one hundred (100) feet from an abutting residential district boundary.
 - b. **Orientation.** When located within one hundred and fifty (150) feet of a residential district, all parts of the electronic changeable copy sign shall be oriented so that no portion of the sign face is visible from an existing or permitted principal structure on such residential lot.

2. EMC Illumination.

- a. The brightness of the EMC's illuminance shall comply with the illumination requirements in Section 407.B.
- b. Each EMC sign shall be operated with monitoring and methods in place that shall either turn off the display, or show a full black image on the display, in the event of a malfunction that affects more than fifty percent (50%) of the EMC sign face.

3. EMC Display. EMC signs shall comply with the following display requirements:

- a. EMC signs shall have a minimum display time of eight (8) seconds.
- b. The transition time between messages and/or message frames is limited to three (3) seconds.
- c. Transitions may employ fade, dissolve, and or other transition effects.
- d. The following EMC display features and functions are prohibited: continuous scrolling and/or traveling, flashing, spinning, rotating, and similar moving effects, and all dynamic frame effects or patterns of illusionary movement or simulating movement.

C. Off-Site Advertising Prohibited.

Changeable copy signs shall not be used to display messages relating to anything that is not offered on the premises, except as otherwise permitted in Section 401.B.4.

404 Off-Premise Outdoor Advertising Signs (Billboards)**A. Off-Premise Outdoor Advertising (Billboards) as Conditional Use.**

- 1. **Off-premise outdoor advertising signs** are classified as a business use and, in compliance with Section 519.20 of the Ohio Revised Code, are permitted as a conditional use in all nonresidential districts, including the Planned Development District-and on lots that are used for agricultural purposes. Such signs are further subject to the regulations established in this Article.
- 2. **Procedure.** The procedure to be followed upon application for a conditional zoning certificate is set forth in Sections 502 and 503 of this Resolution.

B. General Regulations.

- 1. Only one (1) freestanding outdoor advertising sign, with a maximum of two (2) sign faces, may be permitted on a single lot.

- a. An outdoor advertising sign shall be considered a principal use of a lot, and shall be permitted on a lot in conformance with these regulations whether or not another principal use exists on the lot.
 - b. Each lot shall comply with the minimum lot size requirement in the applicable zoning district.
2. Outdoor advertising signs shall not be attached to or located on a building or other structure not intended or utilized for the sole purpose of supporting said sign.

C. Area and Location.

1. The maximum sign area and sign height for outdoor advertising signs are established in Table 404.C.1.

Table 404.C.1 Permitted Outdoor Advertising Signs		
District/Location	Maximum Area	Maximum Height
a. When located in a residential district on a lot devoted to a verified agricultural use	20 square feet	6 feet
b. When located in a nonresidential district, except as permitted in c. below	32 square feet	10 feet
c. When located in a nonresidential district on a lot that has frontage on Interstate 271 or State Route 18	100 square feet	15 feet

2. Such signs shall be located so as to maintain the front, side and rear yard requirements as for buildings in the district in which the sign is located.
3. Such signs visible to approaching traffic on either or both sides of a right-of-way shall have a minimum spacing of at least three thousand (3,000) feet between outdoor advertising signs.

D. Illumination.

1. Outdoor advertising signs located within residential districts or within one thousand (1,000) feet of a residential district shall not be illuminated.
2. Outdoor advertising signs located in a nonresidential district may be externally illuminated through fixtures located external to the sign face and no internal light sources or light producing elements in the sign face or message media shall be permitted.
3. Such illumination shall be downward facing and concentrated upon the area of the sign face so as to prevent glare upon the roadway or adjacent properties.

405 Temporary Signs.

A. General Provisions Related To Temporary Signs.

1. Signs that meet the standards of this section are exempt from the standards for permanent signs and are not counted in the total square footage of permanent signage allowed on any particular property or site. Signs that do not meet the standards of this subsection are subject to the standards for permanent signs.
2. Temporary signs include, but are not limited to, real estate signs, signs that reference the sale of items or other business-related activities, and political signs.

B. Temporary Signs on Residential Lots in Residential Districts.

1. In addition to any other permitted sign, each residential property shall be permitted to erect temporary signs in the front yard provided that no such sign shall be larger than six (6) square feet or a height greater than four (4) feet and the combined area of all temporary signs on the site shall not exceed twelve (12) square feet in area.
2. Such temporary signs may be erected as building signs, window signs, freestanding signs or any combination thereof.
3. Such temporary sign(s) may be displayed for a duration not to exceed forty-five (45) days.
4. Temporary freestanding signs shall be located on private property, no closer than twenty (20) feet from the edge of roadway pavement and ten (10) feet from a side lot line.

C. Temporary Signs on Properties for Lease or Sale.

1. **Temporary Signs on Properties for Lease or Sale in Residential Districts.** In addition to any other permitted sign, one (1) unlighted temporary sign may be permitted on an individual lot (without a zoning certificate) when the property is being offered for sale or lease. Such signs shall be limited to six (6) square feet or less in sign area and four (4) feet in height, and shall be located on private property, no closer than twenty (20) feet from the edge of roadway pavement.
2. **Temporary Signs on Properties for Lease or Sale in Nonresidential Districts.** In addition to any other permitted sign, each lot shall be permitted one (1) unlighted temporary sign not exceeding twenty-five (25) square feet in area when the property is being offered for sale or lease. Such temporary sign shall be located on private property at least twenty (20) feet from the edge of pavement.

3. Such temporary sign shall be removed within ten (10) days of the completion of said sale (title transfer, lease, or rental).

D. Temporary Sign for Properties Under Development.

In addition to any other permitted sign, one (1) unlighted sign not exceeding eight (8) square feet in area may be located and maintained upon a property during active construction, with the issuance of a six (6) month renewable zoning certificate. Such sign shall not be located closer than forty (40) feet to the road pavement edge. (No fee required).

E. Roadside Stand Sign.

In addition to any other permitted sign, one (1) unlighted sign not more than twenty (20) square feet in area shall be permitted in conjunction with a roadside stand. Such signs shall be located on private property, not closer than twenty (20) feet to the edge of pavement. Such signs shall be removed at the conclusion of the seasonal sales.

F. Temporary Banner Signs.

1. Temporary Banner Signs on Nonresidential Properties in Residential Districts. In addition to any other permitted sign, unlighted temporary banner signs not more than thirty-two (32) square feet in area may be permitted on an individual lot occupied by a nonresidential use, at the rate of one sign for every fifty (50) feet of frontage. Such signs shall be placed on existing structures, such as but not limited to a fence, located no closer than forty (40) feet to the road pavement edge and one hundred (100) feet from a side or rear lot line. The display of such signs shall be limited to a consecutive sixty (60) day period, not more than three (3) periods per calendar year. Temporary banner signs that are not visible from the public right-of-way are not limited.
2. Temporary Banner Signs in Nonresidential Districts. In addition to any other permitted sign, temporary banner signs, either attached to a building or freestanding, shall be permitted in the C-1 and C-2 district with a maximum size of fifty (50) square feet. A maximum of two (2) signs are allowed per property, limited to a consecutive fourteen (14) day period and no more than three (3) periods per calendar year. A permit is required for each period.

G. Window Sign(s).

Temporary window sign(s) shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the window area, provided that the total area of both permanent window signs and temporary window signs shall not exceed the lesser of thirty-five percent (35%) or one hundred (100) square feet.

406 Prohibited Signs

All signs not expressly permitted in this Article are prohibited. Prohibited signs include but are not limited to the following:

- A. A sign on or over any public sidewalk, street, or other public property** or within any public easement or right-of-way except as otherwise permitted in this Article.
- B. Flashing Signs.**
All animated, flasher-type, blinker-type and racer-type moving signs shall be prohibited. A flashing sign shall be any sign, directly or indirectly illuminated, which exhibits changing natural or artificial light or color effects by any means whatsoever.
- C. Signs Exhibiting Mechanical Movement.**
No sign shall employ any parts or elements which revolve, rotate, whirl, spin or otherwise make use of motion to attract attention. No sign or part thereof shall contain or consist of posters, pennants, ribbons, streamers, spinners, balloons, inflatable caricatures (including wind tubes, wind dancers, and similar type signs), costumed and/or animated figures or other similar moving devices.
- D. Portable Signs.**
 - 1. Mobile signs, except those on licensed commercial delivery and service vehicles, shall not be parked in any district closer to the right-of-way than the front line of the principal building.
 - 2. Merchandise, equipment, products, vehicles, trailers or other items not themselves for sale and placed for attention-getting, identification or advertising purposes.
- E. Roof Signs.**
- F. Flags intended for advertising or commercial purposes.**
- G. Temporary signs placed in the public right-of-way** not installed by a government agency for public safety, notification, or identification.

407 Design, Construction and Maintenance Standards

A. Design Standards.

In addition to ensuring compliance with the size requirements of these regulations, the Zoning Inspector, and Zoning Commission in its consideration of Sign Plans for planned developments in the Planned Development District, shall consider the proposed general design arrangement and placement of the sign according to the following criteria:

- 1. The lettering shall be large enough to be easily read but not overly large or out of scale with the building or site.

2. The sign should be consolidated into a minimum number of elements. (Refer to 401 D 1 (b)).
3. The ratio between the message and the background shall permit easy recognition of the message.
4. The size, style, and location of the sign shall be appropriate to the activity of the site.
5. The sign shall be designed and placed to enhance the architecture of the building.
6. Signs shall be designed with a limited number and harmonious use of colors.
7. Signs, if seen in series, shall have a continuity of design with the style of sign generally consistent throughout the building or block.
8. Instructional signs shall contain the minimum information and the minimum area necessary to convey the message and instruct the viewer in the safe and efficient use of the facility.
9. Signs shall be located to maintain safe and orderly pedestrian and vehicular circulation.

B. Illumination.

Illuminated signs shall meet the following requirements:

1. Unless otherwise restricted in this Resolution, signs that are illuminated shall employ only light emitting a constant intensity.
2. The intensity of the lights used in the message center shall not constitute a visual hazard for vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
3. Lights or lighting that flashes or otherwise portrays movement are prohibited; and no flashing, revolving or intermittent illumination shall be employed, except as may be permitted for electronic message centers.
4. Signs that are illuminated shall use indirect, internal and/or external indirect lighting only. The source of light shall not be visible from the road and light sources shall not shine on adjoining properties nor create a hazard or a nuisance to adjacent properties or people.
5. In residential districts, temporary signs shall not be illuminated.
6. Electronic Message Centers. Illumination for electronic message center signs, when permitted according to Section 403 shall not exceed thirty-five (35) foot-

candles (measured at a distance of three (3) feet from the sign) between one (1) hour after sunset and one (1) hour before sunrise.

7. Color. Any illuminated sign (including those illuminated by neon or other gaseous type tubes, or by incandescent lamps) erected within one hundred (100) feet of an intersection where an illuminated device has been provided for the control of traffic, shall not duplicate the colors (e.g., red, amber, green) appearing in the traffic control signal.

C. Construction Standards.

1. Location. Signs shall be erected so as not to obstruct traffic sight lines or traffic control lights at road intersections. No portion of any sign shall be located within any road right-of-way.
2. The construction, erection, safety, and maintenance of all signs shall comply with all applicable building codes. A sign shall be located and secured in a manner to insure the safety of pedestrians and motorists. Electric signs and permanent signs involving structural requirements of the building code shall be installed, repaired, altered and serviced only by a contractor licensed to perform such tasks.
3. Permanent signs shall be fabricated on and made with sustainable and durable materials.
4. Required Openings. Signs shall not project over or obstruct the required windows or doors of any building, or attached to or obstruct a fire escape.
5. No sign shall be attached to a utility pole, tree, trash receptacle, bench or other structure not intended or approved as a sign support.
6. Temporary signs shall be durable, weather-resistant, and fastened or anchored sufficiently, whether attached to the building or positioned in the ground.
7. No sign shall be erected at the intersection of any streets, which obstructs free and clear vision; or at any location where, by reason of its position, shape or color, the sign may interfere with, obstruct the view of, or be confused with any traffic control sign, signal or device; or which includes the words "STOP", "LOOK", "DANGER" or any other like word, phrase, symbol or character which may be confused with a traffic or warning sign.
8. Similarity to Traffic Control Devices. Signs visible from a road shall not contain any words or symbols that would cause confusion because of their resemblance to highway traffic control or directional signals.

D. Maintenance.

The property owner, occupant, tenant and/or sign applicant shall maintain a sign so the sign content is visible, the sign is operable and the sign is in good repair, structurally sound and secure; and shall continue to comply with all building code requirements.

408 Enforcement**A. Zoning Permit Required.**

A zoning permit shall be required for every authorized sign except as otherwise provided herein. All signs shall be erected only upon the submission of a proper plan and its approval by the Zoning Inspector.

B. Ordered Maintenance.

The Zoning Inspector may order any sign to be painted or refurbished at least once each year if needed to keep the sign in a neat and safe condition. All supports, guys, braces, and anchors for such signs shall be maintained in a safe condition. The Zoning Inspector may order removed any such sign that is not so maintained or does not comply with these regulations, and the owner, agent, or person having the beneficial use of said sign shall be in violation of the zoning code.

C. Removal of Unsafe Signs.

If the Zoning Inspector shall find that any sign or other advertising structure is unsafe or insecure, or may be hazardous to the public, or has been constructed or erected, or is being maintained in violation of the provisions of this Resolution, notice shall be given in writing by the Zoning Inspector to the owner, agent or person having the beneficial use of said sign, who shall thereafter immediately correct the condition for which said notice was given.

D. Signs In Violation.

Signs erected in violation of this Article shall be removed by the owner, tenant, occupant and/or sign applicant, or person having the beneficial use of the building, structure, or land upon which such sign is located, within ten (10) business days after receipt of written notice by the Zoning Inspector. Upon failure to remove the sign pursuant to such order, the Zoning Inspector is hereby authorized to take proper steps to obtain an order to remove the sign according to Section 702.E.

ARTICLE V: CONDITIONAL ZONING PERMITS

501 Purpose.

Rather than assign all uses to special individual and limited zoning districts, it is important to provide controllable and reasonable flexibility in requirements for certain kinds of uses that will allow profitable latitude for the investor, but that will at the same time maintain adequate provision for the security of the health, safety, convenience and general welfare of the community's inhabitants. In order to accomplish such a dual objective, provision is made in this Resolution for a more detailed consideration of each of certain specified activities as may relate to proposed conditions of location, design, size, operation, intensity of use, generation of traffic and traffic movement, and concentration of population. Land and structure uses possessing these particular unique characteristics are designated as conditionally permitted uses and are permitted through the issuance of a "Conditional Zoning Certificate" with such conditions and safeguards attached as may be deemed necessary for the protection of the public welfare. The Board of Zoning Appeals, as hereinafter created, may authorize the issuance of such Conditional Zoning Certificates for any of the following uses in those districts designated and the following procedures should be followed in submitting a request for such a certificate.

502 Procedures for Making Application.

A. Submission.

Any application shall be submitted through the Zoning Inspector to the Board of Zoning Appeals on a special form for that purpose; the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be required to refer a copy of the proposed conditional zoning certificate to the Zoning Commission and to the Board of Trustees for notification. Each application shall be accompanied by the required fee.

B. Data Required with Application.

1. Applicant shall submit sixteen (16) copies of the completed application form, which shall be supplied by the Zoning Inspector.
2. Site plan, plot plan, or development plan, drawn to a minimum scale of one (1) inch = one hundred (100) feet of the total property involved showing the location of all existing and proposed structures, the type of buildings and their uses, and the location of all abutting streets. The plan submitted shall also include all property lines and structures and their uses within two hundred(200) feet of the applicant's property, including owner's names and the permanent parcel numbers.

3. Plans and specifications for all proposed development and construction shall include: landscaping plans, lighting plans, a plot plan, building elevations and floor plans.
4. A statement supported by owner's/applicant's signature regarding the requirements enumerated in Section 503 inclusive.

C. Public Hearing.

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall fix a reasonable time for a public hearing on the application, give at least ten (10) days notice in writing to the parties in interest; give notice of such public hearing by one publication in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county at least ten (10) days before the date of such hearing, and decide on the application within a reasonable time after it is submitted. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall review the proposed development as presented on the submitted plans and specifications, in terms of the standards established in this Resolution.

D. Issuance and Enforcement of Conditional Zoning Certificate.

Only upon conclusion of hearing procedures relative to a particular application, may the Board of Zoning Appeals authorize the issuance of a Conditional Zoning Certificate. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall notify the Zoning Inspector in writing to either issue or deny the Conditional Zoning Certificate. A Conditional Zoning Certificate shall be valid no longer than eighteen (18) months from date of issuance unless construction has been started. The breach of any condition, safeguard, or requirement as set by the Board of Zoning Appeals shall constitute a zoning violation.

E. Reapplication.

1. No application for a Conditional Zoning Certificate which has been denied wholly or in part by the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be resubmitted until the expiration of one (1) year or more after such denial, unless there is newly discovered evidence or proof of changed conditions which would be sufficient to justify reconsideration by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
2. Should an applicant not appear at the Board of Appeals' public hearing, a reapplication shall be required.

503 Basis of Determination

A. Specific Regulations Pertaining to Certain Conditional Zoning Certificates.

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall review the particular facts and circumstances of each proposed use in terms of the following standards, and shall find adequate evidence that such use on the proposed location:

1. Will be harmonious with and in accordance with the general objectives, or with any specific objective of the Township comprehensive zoning plan of current adoption.
2. Will be designed, constructed, operated, maintained so as to be harmonious and appropriate in appearance with the existing or intended character of the general vicinity, and that such a use will not change the essential character of the same area.
3. Will not be hazardous or disturbing to existing or future neighboring uses.
4. Will be served adequately by essential public facilities and service such as highways, streets, police and fire protection, drainage structures, refuse disposal, or schools; or that the persons or agencies responsible for the establishment of the proposed use shall be able to provide adequately any such service.
5. Will not create excessive additional requirements at public cost for public facilities and services and will not be detrimental to the economic welfare of the community.
6. Will not involve uses, activities, processes, materials, and equipment, and conditions of operation that will be detrimental to the general welfare.
7. Will be consistent with the intent and purpose of this Resolution.
8. Will be in compliance with certain Medina County Subdivision Regulations when applicable; the Board of Health standards; and the County Building Code.
9. Will have vehicular approaches to the property which shall be so designed as not to create an interference with traffic on surrounding public streets or roads.

B. Specific Regulations Pertaining to Certain Conditionally Permitted Uses.

1. All structures and activity areas shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from property lines.
2. To secure the optimum effect of transition from a residential to a nonresidential district, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall have the power to determine the needs for and amount of: plant materials, walls or fences, or any combination of these on any property line of land under consideration. The plans and specifications including density and height figures for the overall site development shall include the proposed arrangement of such plantings and structures.
3. There shall be no more than one (1) directional advertisement oriented to each

abutting road identifying the activity.

4. Any temporary structures must be indicated as such on site plans submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals for approval. Such structures shall not be continued as permanent structures. The period of continuance shall be set by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
5. All permitted installations shall be maintained in a neat, orderly condition so as to prevent injury to any single property, any individual or to the community in general.
6. **Planned Development.** It is the intent of this Subsection to permit creative planned development design by:
 - a. Allowing flexibility in the placement of buildings on the land.
 - b. Allowing a variety of dwelling types.
 - c. Encouraging the conservation of the natural amenities of the landscape.
 - d. Requiring the provisions of readily accessible recreation areas and green spaces. The following conditions shall apply:
 - 1) The area proposed shall be in one (1) ownership or, if in several ownerships, the application shall be filed jointly by all the owners of the properties included in the plan.
 - 2) The planned residential development shall conform to all provisions of this Resolution applicable to the appropriate Residential District, unless otherwise provided or set forth in these Regulations.
 - 3) The applicant shall submit to the Board of Zoning Appeals a general plan for the proposed development; such plan shall show the following:
 - a) The boundaries of the areas requested to be covered under a conditional zoning certificate.
 - b) A tabular summary of the total acreage of the proposed development and the maximum allowable number of dwelling units.
 - c) The topography of the district, including contours of no greater vertical interval than two (2) feet.
 - d) The proposed street system and general pedestrian circulation system for the proposed development.

- e) The proposed locations of all areas for single-family, two- family, and multi-family dwellings and all non- residential structures.
 - f) The proposed reservations for recreational areas (including parks and playgrounds), open spaces, and other community facilities with a statement of the proposed methods to be employed to preserve and maintain recreational areas and open space.
- 4) Any land developed under the provisions of these regulations shall be developed in conformance with the approved site plan in the following respects:
- a) Single-family, two-family and multi-family residential development shall conform to the areas indicated for the respective types of residential development on the approved development plan.
 - b) Any proposed change from the approved development plan in respect to compliance with the approved development plan as required by these regulations shall be allowed only upon the submission of an amended application to the Board of Zoning Appeals and approval of any and all amendments by said Board.
 - c) The plan and development shall cover an area not less than forty (40) acres of contiguous land exclusive of the right-of- way.
 - d) The area shall be entirely within the appropriate Residential District.
 - e) At least fifty (50) percent of the total acres in a proposed development permitted by this Section shall be devoted to private open space or recreational facilities exclusive of parking areas and single-family and two-family residential lots.
 - f) Central sanitary sewer and central water facilities shall be required at the time of the development.
 - g) Each multi-family dwelling unit shall have a minimum livable floor area in conformance with Section 301.C.5. of this Resolution. Multi- family dwelling structures shall be separated from any other multi- family structures not structurally joined by a distance not less than one-half (1/2) the height of the multi-family structures. Multi-family structures shall be separated from any boundary of a single or two- family dwelling or from any property line by a distance of not less than twice (two-times) the height of the multi-family structure.

- h) The overall density of residential development may exceed the average density that would have been permitted if the area developed under the conventional regulations for the R-1 District in which the property is located. The maximum number of dwelling units that may be created shall be computed by subtracting twenty (20) percent of the total remaining acreage from item e above and multiplying the remaining acreage by one (1) family per acre.
- i) To assure the orderly maintenance and control of common green areas and parks, a definitive scheme fixing responsibility for the continued maintenance of green areas and parks shall be submitted prior to the issuance of any zoning certificates under the provisions of this Section.
- j) Any permanent cul-de-sac street constructed within a subdivision development shall be fully paved without a center island in the bulb. A six (6) square foot Highway Department standard sign stating “**temporary**” cul- de-sac – future street extension” shall be erected by the developer per the Highway Department specifications. Shall have a minimum of 75-foot continuous frontage as measured from corner stake to corner stake in a horizontal straight line.

7. Public, Private, and Parochial Schools.

- a. The minimum lot size for a public, private, or parochial school is five (5) acres.
- b. All structures and all parking, loading, storage, outdoor use areas, and other uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from all property lines unless otherwise approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- c. Unless otherwise approved in the conditional use permit, no drive access shall be located closer to a road intersection than two hundred (200) feet.
- d. A public, private, or parochial school shall be located on a lot having frontage on and access to a major road (State or County route).
- e. The applicant shall submit a traffic impact study and a plan for traffic management.
- f. The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board of Zoning Appeals that the site is of sufficient size to accommodate the proposed facilities and activities without significant adverse impacts upon abutting residential uses.

- g. A screening and landscape plan in accordance with the District shall be submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals for approval.
- h. The applicant shall submit a site lighting plan to be approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- i. Microphone or other audible signals shall be designed to minimize sound impacts upon abutting uses. Any proposed loud speaker system shall be approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- j. Leasing of school facilities for non-school events shall only be permitted as specifically authorized by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

8. Places of Worship.

- a. All structures and all parking, loading, storage, outdoor use areas, and other uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from all property lines adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts unless otherwise approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- b. Unless otherwise approved in the conditional use permit, no curb cut shall be located closer to a road intersection than two hundred (200) feet.
- c. The applicant shall submit a traffic impact study and a plan for traffic management.
- d. The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board of Zoning Appeals that the site is of sufficient size to accommodate the proposed facilities and activities without significant adverse impacts upon abutting residential uses.
- e. A screening and landscape plan in accordance with the District shall be submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals for approval.

9. Private Schools and Training Facilities.

- a. The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board of Zoning Appeals that the site is of sufficient size to accommodate the proposed facilities and activities without significant adverse impacts upon abutting residential uses.
- b. A screening and landscape plan in accordance with the District shall be submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals for approval.
- c. The applicant shall submit a traffic impact study and a plan for traffic management.

- d. The applicant shall submit a site lighting plan to be approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

10. Nursing Homes and Assisted Living Facilities.

- a. All structures and all parking, loading, storage, outdoor use areas, and other uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from all property lines adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts unless otherwise approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- b. Unless otherwise approved in the conditional use permit, no curb cut shall be located closer to a road intersection than two hundred (200) feet.
- c. The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board of Zoning Appeals that the site is of sufficient size to accommodate the proposed facilities and activities without significant adverse impacts upon abutting residential uses.
- d. A screening and landscape plan in accordance with the District shall be submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals for approval.
- e. The applicant shall submit a traffic impact study and a plan for traffic management.
- f. The applicant shall submit a site lighting plan to be approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

11. Funeral Homes.

- a. All structures and all parking, loading, storage, outdoor use areas, and other uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from all property lines adjacent to R-1 and R-2 Districts unless otherwise approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- b. The applicant shall submit a traffic impact study and a plan for traffic management.
- c. A screening and landscape plan in accordance with the District shall be submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals for approval.

12. Sale, Service and Repair of Vehicles, Machinery, and Equipment.

- a. The minimum lot size for the sale, service, and repair of vehicles, machinery, and equipment is three (3) acres.
- b. The vehicle, machinery, and equipment sales operation shall include a permanent principal building on the same site.

- c. A landscaped area of at least 20 feet shall be provided along the front lot line of the site. This area shall be landscaped as approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals. This landscaped area shall not be used for display of vehicles.
- d. A screening and landscape plan in accordance with the District shall be submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- e. Repair, preparation, assembly, disassembly, or other activities, except for washing or waxing, shall only be permitted within a completely enclosed building except where the nature and location of the outdoor activity is specifically approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- f. Curb cuts shall be limited to two (2) per site. On corner lots, curb cuts shall be limited to one (1) per road.
- g. The area to be used for display or other storage of vehicles, machinery, and equipment shall be clearly indicated on the site plan.
- h. The vehicle, machinery, and equipment sales, display, storage, maintenance, and customer parking areas shall be paved.
- i. The applicant shall submit a site lighting plan to be approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

13. Mini-Storage Facilities.

- a. All storage shall be within an enclosed building except where the nature and location of outdoor storage is specifically approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- b. An on-site leasing office shall be provided.
- c. All drives, parking, loading and unloading areas shall be paved and in accordance with the approved site plan.
- d. Sufficient space shall be provided serving the storage units to accommodate on-site movement of vehicles and the parking and loading/unloading of such vehicles.
- e. Fencing of the perimeter shall be provided as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals in a manner which promotes security and presents an appropriate appearance to adjacent properties. A screening and landscape plan in accordance with the District shall be submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- f. The applicant shall submit a site lighting plan to be approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

14. Gasoline Stations.

- a. Gasoline Stations shall conform to all setback requirements of the district, in which they are permitted, provided however, that gasoline pump islands need not conform to the setback lines but shall be set back from all street right-of-way lines at least seventy-five (75) feet.
- b. Vehicle wash stations shall be completely within an enclosed separate building, except as provided by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- c. Ingress and egress driveway shall be limited to two (2) to any one (1) street, shall not exceed thirty (30) feet in width, shall be separated from each other by at least twenty (20) feet, and shall be separated from the intersection of any two (2) street right-of-way lines by at least forty (40) feet and from the intersection of any other property line with any street right-of-way line by at least ten (10) feet.
- d. Gasoline Stations shall be landscaped in accordance with 305.G. Landscape Standards

ARTICLE VI: NONCONFORMING USES

601 Regulations

The lawful use of any building or land existing at the effective date of this Resolution may be continued although such use does not conform with the provisions of this Resolution; provided the following conditions are met:

A. Alterations.

A nonconforming building or structure may be altered, improved or reconstructed. However, to be enlarged or extended, any application shall be submitted through the Township Zoning Inspector to the Board of Zoning Appeals on a special form for that purpose; the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be required to refer the proposed conditional zoning certificate to the Zoning Commission and the Board of Trustees for recommendations. Said recommendations of the Zoning Commission and the Board of Trustees shall be returned to the Board of Appeals within ten (10) days. Each application shall be accompanied by the payment fee as indicated in the Fee Schedule.

B. Construction Approved Prior to Resolution

Nothing in this Resolution shall prohibit the completion of construction and use of a nonconforming building for which a building permit has been issued. If a building is begun, and then the construction is abandoned, it loses any nonconforming use status and must now meet the new code unless a variance is granted.

C. Displacement.

No nonconforming use shall replace a conforming use or another nonconforming use unless approved by the Board of Appeals. The Board of Appeals may determine a less detrimental use by the following:

1. Fewer Employees
2. Less Traffic
3. More homogeneous to the neighborhood

D. Discontinuance or Abandonment.

Whenever a nonconforming use has been discontinued for a period of two (2) years or more, such discontinuance shall be considered conclusive evidence of an intention to legally abandon the nonconforming use. At the end of the two (2) year period of Abandonment, the nonconforming use shall not be reestablished, and any further use shall be in conformity with the provisions of this Resolution.

E. Restoration

Nothing in this Resolution shall prevent the reconstruction, repairing, rebuilding, and continued use of any nonconforming building or structure damaged by fire, collapse, explosion, or acts of God, subsequent to the date of this Resolution; such nonconforming use may be rebuilt or restored, provided the area is not increased or extended.

ARTICLE VII: ADMINISTRATION & ENFORCEMENT

701 Administration.

A. Township Zoning Inspector.

A Township Zoning Inspector shall be employed to enforce this Zoning Resolution. The term of employment, rate of compensation, and other such conditions shall be set by the Board of Township Trustees.

B. Submission of Application.

All applications for Zoning Certificates, including Conditional Zoning Certificates, shall be submitted to the Township Zoning Inspector who may issue the appropriate certificate when all applicable provisions of this Resolution have been complied with. All applications for Conditional Zoning Certificates shall be made to the Township Zoning Inspector and submitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals, which may grant certificates in accordance with Article V of this Resolution. The applicant must obtain the conditional certificate from the Zoning Inspector within sixty (60) days from the date of approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals. Failure to do so voids the application.

C. Zoning Certificates Required.

1. Application Contents.

- a. A plot plan drawn to scale showing the exact dimensions of the lot to be built upon, with legal descriptions.
- b. The location, dimensions, height, and bulk of structures to be erected.
- c. The intended use.
- d. The yard, open area, and parking space dimensions.
- e. Written evidence that the responsible health authority has approved the proposed sanitary sewage disposal facilities and other county required permits for the use for which the Zoning Certificate has been requested.
- f. Any other pertinent data as may be necessary to determine and provide for the enforcement of this Resolution.
- g. It is the responsibility of the builder to provide a certified survey, identify the road right of way line and to stake the front, side and rear setback line prior to initiation of construction. The Zoning Inspector should confirm all setbacks before initiation of construction.

- h. In addition to the above listed items, non-residential uses in C-1 Districts and all uses in C-2, C-3 and I-1 Districts shall provide a site development plan in accordance with the provisions of Section 701.F which is to be reviewed and approved by the Zoning Inspector.

2. Issuance of Zoning Certificate.

Upon receipt of a complete application that complies with the requirements of this Zoning Resolution and is accompanied by the proper fee as indicated in the Fee Schedule, the Zoning Inspector shall issue a Zoning Certificate in accordance with the following schedule:

- a. Within twenty-one (21) working days for any application which requires professional assistance as set forth in Section 701.F.3.; or
- b. Within ten (10) working days for all other applications.

3. Occupancy Permit.

- a. An Occupancy Permit issued by the Zoning Inspector shall be required for all non-residential uses within a C-1 District and for all uses within C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts prior to the occupancy of any building or commencement of any use.
- b. No Occupancy Permit shall be issued unless all building and site work including landscaping is completed in accordance with the approved plans.
- c. Where a developer / owner wishes to occupy any building and/or commence any use prior to completion of all of the site work and landscaping, a financial guarantee such as a performance bond will be required, covering the uncompleted work (grading, paving, site utilities, landscaping, etc). The performance bond shall be secured in an amount equal to the sum of all the estimates for all the unfinished trades. Estimates will be prepared by bona fide contractors and be certified valid for a period of one (1) year from the date of delivery to the Township. The bond shall be in cash or as a guarantee available through a bonding company and deposited with the Township Clerk. Upon receipt of an acceptable financial guarantee for completion of the remaining work, the Zoning Inspector may issue a Temporary Occupancy Permit.
- d. Each Temporary Occupancy Permit shall contain a final completion date by which all required improvements shall be completed and approved. Failure to complete required improvements and to obtain a Final Occupancy Permit by the date specified in the Temporary Occupancy Permit shall constitute a violation of this Zoning Resolution

and shall be grounds for revocation of the Temporary Occupancy Permit and such other sanctions as are set forth in Section 702 hereof.

4. Issuance of the Zoning Compliance Certificate for C-1,C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts.

- a. It is the responsibility of the Zoning Inspector to issue the Zoning Compliance Certificate before building can be occupied.
- b. No zoning compliance certificate shall be issued unless all building and site work including landscaping is completed in accordance with the submitted plans approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals. In the case where a developer/owner wishes to occupy any building prior to completion of all of the site work and landscaping, a zoning compliance certificate and a financial guarantee such as a performance bond will be required, covering the uncompleted work (grading, paving, site utilities, landscaping, etc.). The performance bond shall be secured in an amount equal to the sum of all the estimates for all the unfinished trades. Estimates will be prepared by bona fide contractors and be certified valid for a period of one (1) year from the date of delivery to the Township. The bond shall be in cash or as a guarantee available through a bonding company and deposited with the Township Clerk.

5. Expiration of Zoning Certificates.

The zoning certificate shall become void at the expiration of eighteen (18) months after date of issuance. A new certificate and fee will be required unless an extension of time is granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

6. Fee Schedule.

The Board of Township Trustees shall establish and modify as it deems necessary by Resolution of the Board, a fee schedule for all zoning matters.

D. Board of Zoning Appeals.

1. Powers and Duties.

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall have the following powers:

- a. To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is error in any order requirement, decision, or determination made by an administrative official in the enforcement of Sections 519.01 to 519.99, inclusive, of the Ohio Revised Code, or of any Resolution adopted pursuant thereto.
- b. To authorize, upon appeal, in specific cases, such variance from the terms of the Zoning Resolution as will not be contrary to the public interest, where owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the

Resolution will result in unnecessary hardship, and so that the spirit of the Resolution shall be observed and substantial justice done.

- c. To grant Conditional Zoning Certificates for the use of land, buildings, or other structures, if such certificates for specific uses are provided for in the Zoning Resolution.

In exercising the above-mentioned powers, such Board may, in conformity with such Sections, reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decisions, or determination appealed from, and may make such orders, requirement, decision, or determination as ought to be made, and to that end, shall have all powers of the officer from whom the appeal is taken.

2. Appeals and Applications.

Appeals to the Board of Zoning Appeals may be taken by any person aggrieved or by any officer of the township affected by any decision of the administrative officer. Such appeal shall be taken within twenty (20) days after the decision by filing with the officer from whom the appeal is taken, and with the Board of Zoning Appeals, a Notice of Appeal. All appeals and applications made to the Board of Appeals shall be in writing and on forms prescribed therefor. Every appeal or application shall refer to the specified provision of the Resolution and shall set forth the interpretation that is claimed by the Board, the details of the variance that is applied for, and the grounds on which it is claimed that the variance should be granted, as the case may be. Every decision of the Board, the appellant, shall be by Resolution, each of which shall contain a full record of the findings of the Board of Zoning Appeals by case number one or another of the following headings: Interpretation, Conditional Zoning Certificates, or Variances, together with all documents pertaining thereto. The Board of Zoning Appeals will notify in writing the Zoning Commission, the Zoning Inspector and Trustees of such final decision or order.

E. Amendment.

1. Amendments or Supplements.

Amendments or supplements to this Resolution may be initiated by:

- a. Motion of the Township Zoning Commission.
- b. Passage of a resolution therefor by the Board of Township Trustees.
- c. Filing of an application therefor by one (1) or more of the owners or lessees of property within the area proposed to be changed or affected by the proposed amendment of supplement with the Township Zoning Commission.

- d. The Board of Township Trustees may require that the owner or lessees of property filing an application to amend or supplement the zoning resolution to pay a fee therefore to defray the cost of advertising, mailing, and other expense. If the Township Trustees require such a fee, it shall be required generally for each application. The Board of Township Trustees shall upon the passage of such resolution certify it to the Board of Township Zoning Commission.

2. Adoption.

Upon the adoption of such motion, or the certification of such resolution, or the filing of such application, the Zoning Commission shall:

- a. Set a date for a public hearing thereon, which date shall not be less than twenty (20) nor more than forty (40) days from the date of the certification of such resolution or the date of adoption of such motion, or the date of the filing of such application. Notice of such hearing shall be given by the Township Zoning Commission by one publication in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the township at least ten (10) days before the date of such hearing.
- b. If the proposed amendment or supplement intends to rezone or redistrict ten or fewer parcels of land, as listed on the tax duplicate, written notice or the hearing shall be mailed by the Zoning Commission, by first class mail at least twenty days before the date of the public hearing to all owners of property within and contiguous to and directly across the street from such area proposed to be rezoned or redistricted to the addresses of such owners appearing on the county auditor's current tax list or the treasurer's mailing list, and to such other list or lists that may be specified by the Board of County Commissioners. The failure of delivery of such notice shall not invalidate any such amendment or supplement. The published and mailed notices shall set forth the time and place of the public hearing, the nature of the proposed amendment or supplement and a statement that after the conclusion of such hearing the matter will be referred for further determination to the County or Regional Planning Commission and to the Board of Township Trustees as the case may be.
- c. Within five (5) days after the adoption of such motion or the certification of such resolution, or the filing of such application, the Township Zoning Commission shall transmit a copy thereof together with text and map pertaining thereto to the County or Regional Planning Commission, if there is such a Commission. The County or Regional Planning Commission shall recommend the approval or denial of the proposed amendment or supplement, or the approval of some modification thereof, and shall submit such recommendation to the

Township Zoning Commission. Such recommendation shall be considered at the public hearing held by the Township Zoning Commission on such proposed amendment or supplement.

3. The Township Zoning Commission

The Township Zoning Commission shall, within thirty days after such hearing, recommend the approval or denial of the proposed amendment or supplement, or the approval of some modification thereof, and submit such recommendation together with such application or resolution, the text and map pertaining thereto and the recommendation of the County or Regional Planning Commission thereon to the Board of Township Trustees.

4. The Board of Township Trustees

The Board of Township Trustees shall, upon receipt of such recommendation:

- a. Set a time for a public hearing on such proposed amendment or supplement, which date shall not be more than thirty days from the date of the receipt of such recommendation from the Township Zoning Commission.
- b. Notice of such public hearing shall be given by the Board in one publication in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the township, at least ten (10) days before the date of such hearing. The published notice shall set forth the time and place of the public hearing and a summary of the proposed amendment or supplement.
- c. Within twenty days after such public hearing the Board shall either adopt, deny or modify the recommendation of the Township Zoning Commission. In the event the Board denies or modifies the recommendation of the Township Zoning Commission, the unanimous vote of the Board of Township Trustees shall be required.

5. Effective Date, Referendum.

- a. This code shall be amended pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code.
- b. Upon Certification by the Board of Elections that the amendment has been approved by the voters it shall take immediate effect.

F. Site Development Plans.**1. Plan Requirements.**

- a. A boundary survey showing all existing and proposed property lines, easements, rights-of-way, and setback lines;
- b. Existing and proposed topography at two-foot contour intervals;
- c. Existing areas of significant vegetation and designation of areas of vegetation to be retained and to be removed;
- d. Existing and proposed watercourses, water bodies, floodplains, and wetlands;
- e. Location, design, and dimensions of existing and proposed parking areas and truck loading areas;
- f. Location and type of site lighting;
- g. Location and specifications of screening features such as walls, fences, mounds, and landscape buffers;
- h. Location and specifications of all proposed signage;
- i. A landscaping plan including location, size, and type of plant materials;
- j. Provisions for solid waste including provisions for dumpster enclosures;
- k. Proposed building elevations and materials;
- l. Location and dimensions of proposed access drives;
- m. Provisions for storm drainage including design calculations, storm sewer sizes, grades, and inverts, manhole locations and inverts, detention and/or retention facilities, and proposed outlets; and
- n. Provisions for erosion and sedimentation control.

2. Conformance Required.

Developments shall conform in all respects to the approved site development plan. No building or premises shall be occupied or used except in conformance with the approved site development plan and this Zoning Resolution. The Zoning Inspector may make such periodic inspections during construction of the project as may be necessary and appropriate to determine continued compliance with the approved site development plan and Zoning Resolution.

3. Professional Assistance.

The extent and complexity of certain applications for non-residential uses in C- 1 and all uses in C-2, C-3, and I-1 Districts may require that the Township obtain review assistance, statements of opinion, and reports from qualified professionals such as civil engineers, planners, appraisers, architects, and attorneys. The Township Trustees shall determine when such studies or expert advice are necessary to evaluate a proposed development relative to the requirements of this Section. With approval of the Township Trustees, the Zoning Inspector shall advise the applicant that such assistance will be required and request a plan review deposit in accordance with the Fee Schedule adopted by the Township Trustees. The applicant shall immediately upon such notification deposit with the Township sufficient funds to pay for such studies or review assistance. Upon completion of the review, any balance of unused funds shall be refunded to the applicant within sixty (60) days of the Township's final action on the application.

702 Enforcement.**A. Violations.**

Buildings erected, altered, moved, razed, or converted, or any use of land or premises carried on in violation of any provision of this Resolution are declared to be a nuisance per se.

B. Inspection.

The Township Zoning Inspector shall inspect each alleged violation and shall, in writing, order correction of all conditions which are found to be in violation of this Resolution.

C. Correction Period.

All violations, excluding signs (see Section 408) shall be corrected within a period of thirty (30) calendar days after the written order is issued or for a longer period of time as indicated by the Township Zoning Inspector. Any violations not corrected within a specified time period shall be reported to the County Prosecutor who shall initiate prosecution procedures.

D. Penalties.

The owner or owners of any building or premises or part thereof where anything in violation of this Resolution shall be placed or shall exist, and any architect, builder, or contractor who shall assist in the commission of any such violation, and any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Resolution or fail to comply therewith shall, for each violation of noncompliance, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty-five (25)

dollars nor more than five hundred (500) dollars. Each day such violation or failure to comply shall exist shall constitute a separate offense.

E. Prevention of Violations.

In case any building is, or is proposed to be, located, erected, constructed, reconstructed, enlarged, change, maintained, or used, or any land is, or proposed to be, used in violation of Sections 519.01 to 519.99, inclusive, of the Ohio Revised Code, or of any regulations or provisions adopted by any Board of Township Trustees under such Sections, such Board, the Prosecuting Attorney, the Township Zoning Inspector, or any adjacent or neighboring property owner who would be especially damaged by such violation, in addition to the other remedies provided by law, may institute injunction mandamus, abatement, or any other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove such unlawful location, erection, construction, reconstruction, enlargement, change, maintenance, or use.

ARTICLE VIII: VALIDITY & SEPARABILITY

It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that, if any provision or provisions of this Resolution, or the application thereof to any zoning lot, building, or other structure, or tract of land, are declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or ineffective in whole or in part, or to be inapplicable to any person or situation, the effectiveness of such decision shall be limited to the provision or provisions which are expressly stated in the decision to be invalid or ineffective, or to the zoning lot, building, or other structure, or tract of land immediately involved in the controversy. All other provisions of this Resolution shall continue to be separate and fully effective, and the application of any such provision to other persons or situations shall not be affected.

In the event any of the requirements or regulatory provisions of this Resolution are found to be internally incompatible or inconsistent one with another, the more restrictive or greater requirement shall be deemed in each case to be applicable.

ARTICLE IX: REPEALER

All existing Resolutions of Granger Township, Medina County, Ohio inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

ARTICLE X: DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of the Resolution certain terms and words are hereby defined. Words used in the present tense shall include future, the singular, the plural, the word “building” shall include the word “structure”, and the word “shall” is mandatory and not directory. Should any conflict arise, Zoning Regulations take precedence over any definitions.

Abandonment: See Discontinued Use; Section 601.D.

Accessory Building: A subordinate building detached from the principal building and located on the same lot. Its use is customarily incidental to the principal building or use, such as but not limited to a detached garage or storage shed. (Effective 5/28/25.)

Accessory Use: A use that is subordinate and customarily incidental to the principal use and located on the same lot. (Effective 5/28/25.)

Alteration: As applied to a building or structure, is a change or rearrangement in the structural parts or in the exit facilities, or enlargement, whether by extending on a side or by increasing in height or by moving from one location to another.

Antenna: The specific devise the surface of which is used to capture an incoming radio frequency signal and/or to transmit an outgoing radio frequency signal.

Antenna, Ancillary: An antenna that is less than twelve inches in its largest dimension and is not directly used to provide personal wireless communications services. An example would be a global positioning satellite (GPS) antenna.

Antenna, Dish: An antenna that is a bowl-shaped device that receives and transmits signals in a specific directional pattern.

Antenna, Panel: An antenna that receives and transmits signals in a directional pattern typically encompassing an arc of 120-degrees.

Antenna, Whip: An antenna which receives and transmits signals in a 360-degree pattern and is up to fifteen feet in height and up to four inches in diameter.

Area of Dwelling Unit: The area of a dwelling unit shall be the sum of the gross floor areas above the basement level, and not more than three (3) feet below finished grade, including these rooms (and closets) having a minimum ceiling height of seven (7) feet – six (6) inches and having the natural light and ventilation as required by the Medina County Building Code: 1975. Rooms above the first floor may be included which are directly connected by a permanent stairs and hall, and spaces under pitched roofs having a minimum knee wall height of four (4) feet if one-half (½) of the room area has a minimum ceiling height of seven (7) feet - six (6) inches.

Athletic Field: an outdoor site designed for formal athletic competition.

Automobile Graveyard: See Junk Yard.

Banks and Financial Institutions: any building, property or activity where the principal use or purpose of which is the provision of financial services including, but not limited to, banks, credit unions, financial advisor services, stock brokerages, savings and loan institutions, and mortgage companies. This term shall not include a short-term loan establishment.

Basement: A story, suitable for business or habitation, partially below the level of the facing street or ground and below the first tier of floor beams or joists. When a basement floor is less than three (3) feet below the average grade, it will be rated as the first story or ground floor.

Bed and Breakfast Establishments: a resident-managed and resident-occupied residential structure used as a lodging establishment where up to five rooms are rented on a nightly basis and in which breakfast is the only meal and is included as part of the basic compensation.

Billboard: A sign which directs attention to a business, commodity, service, or entertainment conducted, sold or offered at a location other than the premises on which the sign is located.

Boarding House: A building other than a hotel where for compensation by the week or month, meals, or lodging and meals are provided for three (3) but not more than twenty (20) persons.

Buildable Area: The net area of the lot which remains after all required yards have been applied. (See also Appendix A) (Effective 5/28/25.)

Building: Any structure designed or intended for the support, enclosure, shelter or protection of persons, animals, chattels, or property.

Building Area (Commercial and Industrial): All floor area under roof including basements or floors wholly or partially below grade.

Building Area (Residential): See Minimum Living Floor Area.

Building Line: An imaginary line drawn parallel to the street right-of-way, representing the shortest horizontal distance between the street right-of-way line and the front wall of the principal building and having the same depth across the width of the lot. The term "building line" shall also include "front building line." (See also Appendix A) (Effective 5/28/25.)

Building, Principal: The building housing the principal activity performed on any lot. Any residence shall be considered the principal activity.

Commercial message: Any speech or any expression that directs the attention of the general public to a business, goods, or services, or other commercial or business activity.

Co-location: The use of a wireless telecommunications tower by more than one wireless communications provider.

Day Care Centers: facilities that provided care, on a regular basis, for adults or children, outside of the home. Furthermore, a child day care center is as defined and regulated in Chapter 5104 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Discontinued Use: See Section 601.D.

District: Area or areas of the unincorporated territory of Granger Township for which regulations governing the use of buildings and premises or the height and sizes of buildings are uniform.

Dumps: Any premises used primarily for disposal by abandoning, discarding, dumping, reduction, burial, incineration, or any other means and for whatever purpose of garbage, sewage, trash, chemicals, refuse, waste material of any kind, junk, discarded machinery, vehicles, or parts thereof, offal, or dead animals.

Dwelling: Any building or portion thereof, which is designed or used exclusively for residential purposes. An attached garage for the purposes of determining the front, side and rear yards shall be part of a dwelling.

Dwelling, Single Family: A building occupied or arranged, intended or designed to be occupied for residential purposes by not more than one (1) family (one dwelling unit). An attached garage, for the purposes of determining the front, side, and rear yards shall be part of a dwelling.

Dwelling, Two Family: A building occupied or arranged inside or designed to be occupied for residential purposes by two (2) families (two-dwelling units). Attached garages and porches for the purposes of determining the front, side, and rear yard shall be part of the dwelling.

Family: One or more persons occupying a premises and living as a single housekeeping unit, whether or not related to each other by birth or marriage, as distinguished from a group occupying a boarding house, lodging house or hotel, as herein defined.

Final Development Plan: a series of detailed maps and site plans, that demonstrates complete compliance with this section and with the approved preliminary development plan that was previously approved for the site.

Garage, Private: An accessory building housing motor driven vehicles, the property of and for the use of the occupant(s) of the lot on which the private garage is located.

Garage, Repair Shop: A building or portion of a building in which minor structural repairs are made to a motor vehicle, and in which the painting of the car and body and fender work is only incidental.

Gasoline Service Station: A building or part of a building or structure or space for the retail sale of gasoline, lubricants and motor vehicle accessories, and for minor services and repairs not accompanied by objectionable noise, fumes, dust, or odors.

Grade: The average level of the finished surface of the ground adjacent to the exterior walls of the buildings.

Green Space: Undeveloped open space lacking a structure including but not limited to fields, pastures, forest, and mowed and maintained grass. Athletic fields shall not be considered green space.

Height, Building: The vertical dimension measured from the average elevation of the grade at the front of the building, to the highest point of the roof.

Home Occupation: Any office or customary home occupation in a dwelling house used as a private residence, providing such use does not involve any extension or modification of said dwelling which will alter its appearance as a dwelling, and providing such use does not involve any outward evidence of such home occupation except for not more than one (1) sign as authorized in other Sections of this Resolution, and further providing that no more than twenty-five (25) percent of said dwelling house be used by said resident for said office or home occupation.

Hotels and Motels: buildings or portion thereof used for providing lodging for transient guests and operated for profit which may provide additional services such as restaurants, meeting rooms and recreational facilities.

House Trailer: Aka Mobile Home - see Mobile Home aka House Trailer.

House Trailer Parks: See Mobile Home Parks aka House Trailer Parks.

Indoor Recreation Facilities: facilities operated as a business and which are open to the general public for a fee that includes, but is not limited to: theaters, billiard parlors, ice skating rinks, indoor swimming pools, bingo parlors, and other similar businesses.

Junk Motor Vehicles: As defined in ORC 505.173(E)(1), (2) and (3) as follows: (E) "junk motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that meets all of the following criteria:

- (1) Three model years old, or older;
- (2) Apparently inoperable;
- (3) Extensively damaged, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
missing wheels, tires, engine, or transmission.

Junk Yard: Any land or building used for abandoning, storing, keeping, collecting, or baling, of paper, rags, scrap materials, other scrap or discarded materials, or for abandoning, demolishing, dismantling, storing, or for salvaging or impounding of automobiles or other vehicles or machinery not in running condition for parts thereof.

Lattice Tower: A support structure constructed of vertical metal struts and cross braces forming a triangular or square structure which tapers from the foundation to the top.

Light Industrial: industrial type uses which may include the design, assembly, processing, creation, formation, production, or construction of products and equipment from previously manufactured components, where such operations conform to the requirements of Section 305.I hereof, but shall not include any operations that involve the reduction, refining, heat treatment, or chemical conversion of primary bulk raw materials.

Loading Space: An off-street space or berth on the same lot with a building, or adjacent to a group of buildings on the same lot for the temporary parking of a commercial vehicle while unloading or loading merchandise or materials, and which abuts upon a street, alley, or other appropriate means of access.

Lodging House: A building where lodging only is provided for compensation for three (3) or more, but not more than twenty (20) persons, and where table board may or may not be furnished.

Lot: A parcel of land recorded in the Medina County Court House having or capable of having one principal building and one or more accessory buildings.

Lot Area: The area contained within the lot lines exclusive of any portion that may be located within a public right-of-way. (Effective 5/28/25.)

Lot, Corner: A lot having two (2) adjacent sides abutting upon two (2) streets.

Lot, Double Frontage: A lot having a frontage on two (2) non-intersecting streets, as distinguished from a corner lot.

Lot Frontage: Lot frontage shall be the distance between the side lot lines measured along the right- of-way side line of a public or private street. For the purposes of determining yard requirements on corner lots and double frontage lots, all sides of a lot adjacent to streets shall be considered frontage, and front yards shall be provided.

Lot Interior: A lot other than a corner lot.

Lot Lines: The lines defining the limits of a lot.

Lot of Record: A lot which is a part of a subdivision, the plat of which has been recorded in the office of the County Recorder of Medina County; of a lot described by metes and bounds, the deed to which has been recorded in the office of the County Recorder of Medina County.

Lot Width: The horizontal distance between the side lot lines measured at the required setback line that is parallel to the front lot line. (Effective 5/28/25.)

Major Thoroughfare: Thoroughfare designated by the Medina County Engineer.

Manufactured Home: Any non self-propelled vehicle transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with a permanent foundation, and meeting the requirements of Section 301.C.

Medical Clinics are establishments where patient care is administered on an in- or out-patient basis by one or more licensed physicians and/or dentists and their professional associates. Such use may also include 24-hour outpatient urgent care practices when such uses operate out of an office or clinic type setting.

Minimum Living Floor Area (Residential): Living floor area shall consist of areas such as living room, bedroom, bathroom, dining room, rooms for cooking, den, library, and family rooms, but shall not include areas such as porches, breezeways, terraces, garages, and basements.

Mobile Home aka House Trailer: Any non self-propelled vehicle so designed, constructed, reconstructed, or added to by means of accessories in such manner as will permit the use and occupancy thereof for human habitation when connected to indicated utilities, whether resting on wheels, jacks, or other temporary foundation and used or so constructed as to permit its being conveyed upon the public streets or highways.

Mobile Home Parks aka House Trailer Parks: Any tract of land upon which three or more mobile homes (aka house trailers) for habitation are parked, either free of charge or for revenue purposes, and includes any roadway, building, structure, vehicle, or enclosure used or intended for use as a part of the facilities of the park. A tract of land which is subdivided for lease or contract of individual lots is a mobile home park if three or more mobile homes are parked thereon. (ORC 3733.01)

Monopole: A support structure constructed of a single, self-supporting hollow metal tube anchored to a foundation.

Motor Home: A self-propelled recreational vehicle constructed with permanently installed facilities for cold storage, cooking and consuming of food, and for sleep.

Net Density: The residential density measured by dividing the number of dwelling units into the lot area, excluding all public or private highways, but including all off-street parking areas and accessory uses.

Noncommercial Message: Any speech or any expression that contains no message, statement, or expression related to commercial interests. Noncommercial messages include, but are not limited to, expressions of political views, religious views, or information about and/or announcements of nonprofit organizations.

Nonconforming Uses: A building, structure, or use of land existing at the time of the enactment of the Resolution and which does not conform to the use regulations of the district in which it is located.

Nursing or Convalescent Home: A “rest home” or “boarding home” for the aged or mentally or physically infirmed is any place of abode, building, institution, residence, or home for the reception and care, for a consideration of three (3) or more persons who, by reason of age or mental or physical infirmities, are not capable of properly caring for themselves, and for which a license has been issued by the Department of Public Welfare of the State of Ohio. A member of the medical profession, doctor or nurse, shall be on duty 24 hours a day.

Open Space: An area of land which is in its natural state, or is developed only for the raising of agricultural crops, or for outdoor recreation.

Outdoor Wood Burning Furnace/Outdoor Wood-Fired Hydronic Heater/Boiler. An outdoor wood fire boiler (referred to herein as “OWB”) is a structure and includes a hydronic heater and outdoor wood furnace or other free standing wood or material burning device which is installed, affixed or situated outdoors for the primary purpose of combustion of fuel to produce heat or energy used as a component of a heating system providing heat for any interior space or water source. A dual stage OWB is one of the most efficient fire wood burning units available on the market today and uses a secondary combustion chamber.

Parking: The temporary storage of registered vehicles in operable condition.

Parking Space: An area having a width of not less than nine (9) feet or a minimum of one hundred sixty-two (162) square feet and drives or aisles giving access thereto accessible from streets or alleys and to be used for the storage or parking of passenger vehicles.

Paved Streets: Conform to the Medina County Subdivision Regulations.

Personal Service Uses: establishments that are primarily engaged in providing services generally involving the care of the person or person’s possessions. Personal service uses

may include, but are not limited to, barber shops, beauty salons, health and fitness studios, informational and instructional services, tanning salons, and portrait studios.

Preliminary Development Plan: a series of maps and site plans, with sufficient annotation, as to demonstrate the proposed development in a sufficient manner as to demonstrate compliance with this section including, but not limited, the proposed location and types of land uses, the general location of parking areas and driveways, landscaped areas, open spaces, and other elements of the plan for a planned development. See also the definition for “Final Development Plan.”

Professional and Medical Offices: establishments providing executive, management, administrative, medical, or professional services including, but not limited to, real estate, architecture, legal, travel, medical or dental.

Quarry (Gravel Pit): Any use of land for the removal of any mineral or material including open or strip mining and shaft mining.

Recreational Vehicle: A vehicular portable structure designed and constructed to be used as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreation, and vacation uses being classed as a travel trailer, a motor home or a truck camper. (ORC 4501.01)

Restaurants: establishments whose principal business is the selling of food and beverages to the customer in a ready to consume state, in individual servings.

Retail Commercial Uses: establishments primarily engaged in the sale of goods and materials to the general public. Retail commercial uses may include, but are not limited to, bookstores, antique stores, bakeries, grocery stores, and other similar uses.

Right-of-Way: See Appendix B for rights-of-way widths.

Road: See Street.

Rural: Low density housing, country/agrarian uses, and green space.

Satellite Dish: A structure that characteristically is shaped like a saucer or dish and is used as a part of a satellite signal receiving antenna to receive signals from a transmitter or a transmitter relay located in planetary orbit.

Scrap Yard: See Junk Yard.

Setback: The distance a building or structure is located from a lot line or road right-of-way. (See also Appendix A) (Effective 5/28/25.)

Setback Line: A line established by this zoning resolution parallel with and measured perpendicular from the lot line, defining the limits of the required yard in which no building or structure may be located above ground, except as may be provided in this zoning resolution. The term "setback line" shall also include "required setback line" and "minimum setback." Where the right-of-way line is not established it shall be assumed

to be sixty (60) feet in width. (See also illustrations in Appendix A, and Appendix B for the right-of-way width for streets in Granger Township and) (Effective 5/28/25.)

Shared Driveway: an access driveway located on two or more adjacent substandard lots.

Sign Area: The area measured by the smallest square, rectangle, circle or combination thereof which will encompass the entire advertising device including border, trim cutout and extension.

Sign Awning: A sign that is mounted on, painted on, or attached to an awning.

Sign Flashing: Any directly or indirectly illuminated sign which exhibits changing natural or artificial light or color effects by any means whatsoever.

Sign, Banner: Any sign of lightweight fabric or similar material that is attached to a building or structure at one or more edges or mounted on two stakes in the ground. National flags, state or municipal flags, or the official flag of any institution or business shall not be considered banners.

Sign, Billboard: See Billboard.

Sign, Building: Any sign attached to or painted on any part of a building including wall, awning, canopy, and window signs.

Sign, Changeable Copy: A sign, or any portion thereof, with letters, characters or graphics that are not permanently affixed to the structure, framing or background allowing the letters, characters or graphics to be periodically modified, manually, mechanically or electronically, such as a bulletin board or electronic message center.

Sign, Electronic Message Center: A sign that is capable of displaying words, symbols, figures, images that can be electronically or mechanically changed by remote or automatic means

Sign, Entrance: A freestanding sign located at or near the ingress/egress to a lot from the public right-of-way.

Sign, Freestanding: Any non-movable sign that is supported from the ground or a structure and not affixed to a building.

Sign, Governmental: A sign erected and maintained pursuant to and in discharge of any governmental functions, or required by law, ordinance or other governmental regulation.

Sign, Identification: A sign giving the nature, logo, trademark or other identifying symbol, address, or any combination of the names, symbols and addresses of buildings, businesses, developments or establishments on the premises where they are located.

Sign, Illuminated: A sign lighted by or exposed to artificial lighting either by lights on or in the sign or directed towards the sign.

Sign, Off-Premises: See Billboard.

Sign, Portable: A sign or advertising display designed to be easily moved.

Sign, Temporary: A sign that is designed, constructed and erected or installed for the purpose of being displayed only temporarily and is not permanently, or intended to be permanently, attached to a building, structure or window, or permanently installed in the ground.

Sign, Wall: A sign, painted on, attached to, or erected against, or incorporated as a part of the wall of a building or structure, with the exposed face of the sign in a plane parallel to the plane of said wall; not extending more than eighteen (18) inches therefrom, and which does not project above the roof line or beyond the corner of the building

Sign, Window: A sign, whether permanent or temporary, that is applied to the interior or exterior of a window or door, or a sign located on the inside of a building near a window for the purpose of being visible and read from the outside of the building. This definition does not include signs that are in the building more than three (3) feet from the window if the sign is either not legible or not intended to be viewed from outside the building.

Sign: Any structure, or natural object such as a tree, rock, bush and the ground itself, or part thereof, or device attached thereto, trailer, mobile implement, vehicle, or portions thereof painted or represented thereon, which shall be used to attract attention to any object, product, place, activity, person, institution, organization or business, or which shall display or include any letter, word, banner, flag, balloon, pennant, search light, badge, or insignia of any government or governmental agency, or of any charitable, religious, educational or similar organization. The word "sign" shall include a writing, representation, or other figure of similar character located on the interior of a building only when (1) illuminated and (2) located so as to be viewed from the exterior of the building.

Street, Cul-de-sac: A local street with one (1) end open to traffic and the other end terminating in a permanent vehicular turnaround or bulb.

Street Lines: A dividing line between a lot, tract, or parcel of land and adjacent street. Where the lot, tract, or parcel of land has been conveyed to the center of the street, the right-of-way then becomes the inside line of land reserved or dedicated for street purposes.

Street, Private: A street which affords principal means of access to abutting property and which conforms to Medina County Regulations, but which has not been deeded to the public.

Street, Public: A street which conforms with Medina County Regulations and which has been dedicated or deeded to the public for public use and which affords principal access to abutting property.

Structural Alterations: Any change in the supporting members of a building, such as bearing walls or partitions, columns, beams or girders, or any increase in area or cubical contents of a building.

Structure: Anything constructed, or erected which requires location on or in the ground or attached to something having location on the ground, including signs, billboards, outdoor wood-fired boilers (or OWB), and satellite dishes, but not including fences or walls used as fences.

Tank, Storage: In reference to petroleum products, a closed vessel for the storage of liquid hydrocarbon substances.

Truck Camper: A non self-propelled recreational vehicle, without wheels for road use, and designed to be placed upon and attached to a motor vehicle. Truck camper does not include truck covers which consist of walls and roof, but do not have floors and facilities for using same as dwelling.

Use: The principal purpose for which a lot and/or the main building thereof is designed, arranged, or intended and for which it may be used, occupied, or maintained.

Wireless Telecommunications Facility: The equipment and structures involved in receiving telecommunications or radio signals from a mobile communications source and transmitting those signals to a central switching computer which connects the mobile unit with land-based telephone lines.

Wireless Telecommunications Tower: A support structure intended to support equipment used to transmit and/or receive telecommunications signals.

Yard, Front: A yard across the full width of the lot and extending from the street right-of-way line to the building line. (See also Appendix A) (Effective 5/28/25.)

Yard, Rear: A yard across the full width of the lot and extending from the rear lot line to the nearest facing wall of the principal building and projecting therefrom perpendicular to the side lot line. On corner lots, the rear yard shall be considered as parallel to the street upon which the lot has its least dimension. On both corner lots and interior lots, the rear yard shall in all cases be the opposite end of the lot from the front yard. (See also Appendix A) (Effective 5/28/25.)

Yard, Required: The minimum yard required between a lot line and a required setback line established by the applicable provisions of this zoning resolution. The term "required yard" shall also include "minimum yard." (See also Appendix A) (Effective 5/28/25.)

Yard, Side: A yard between the principal building and the side lot line and extending from the front yard to the rear yard. Any yard not a rear yard or a front yard shall be deemed a "side yard." (See also Appendix A) (Effective 5/28/25.)

APPENDIX A. ILLUSTRATIONS RELATED TO DEFINITIONS OF SETBACKS AND YARDS.

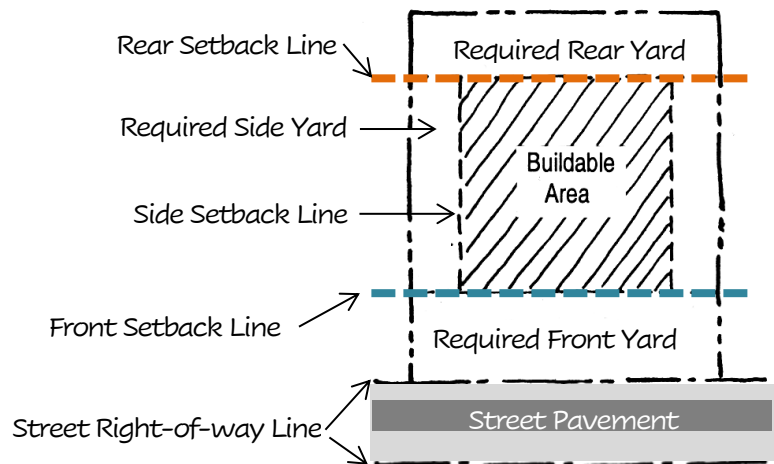


Fig. 1. Setbacks for Typical Rectangular Lot

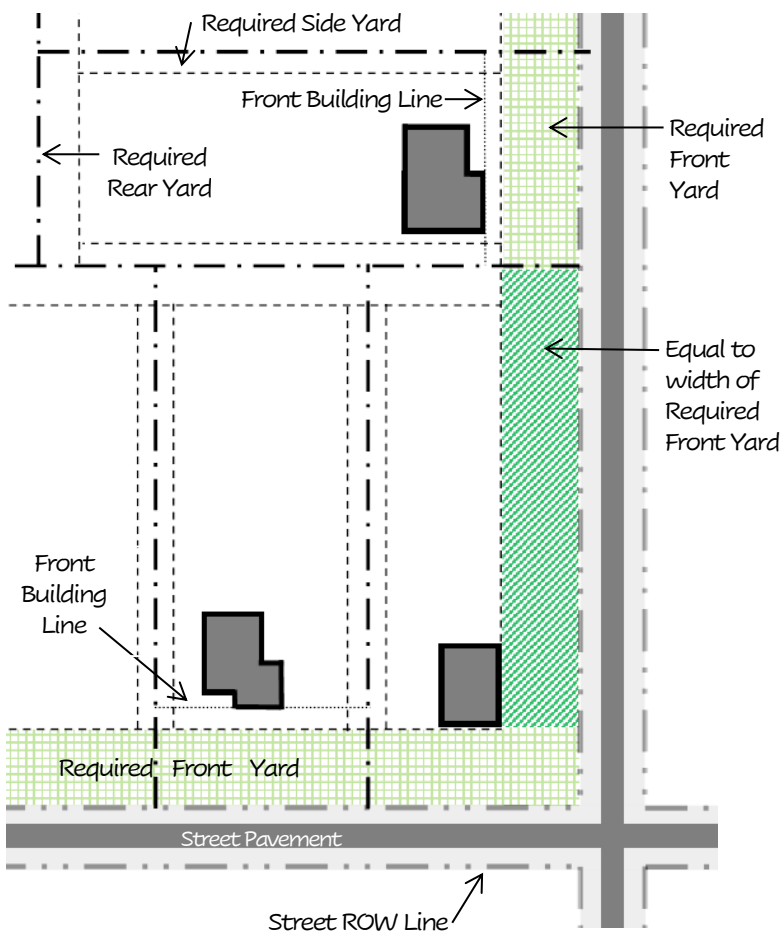


Fig. 2. Front Setback required for Corner Lots, see Section 205.D.1

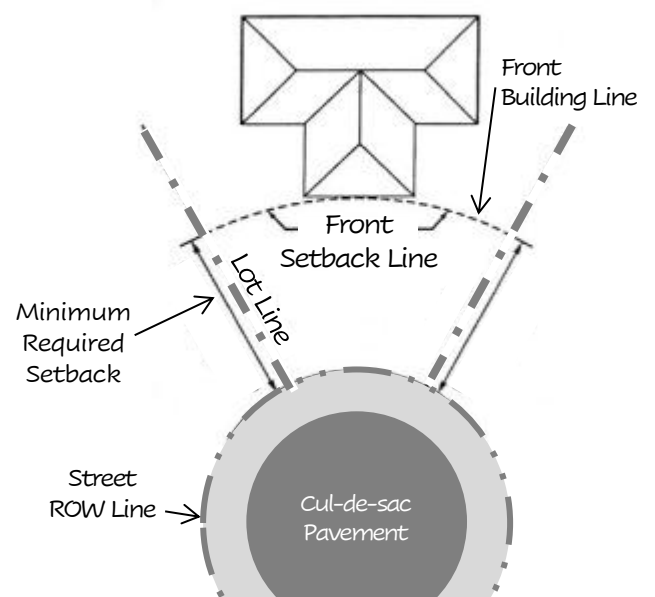


Fig. 3. Front Setback Line along Curve, Parallel to Front Lot Line

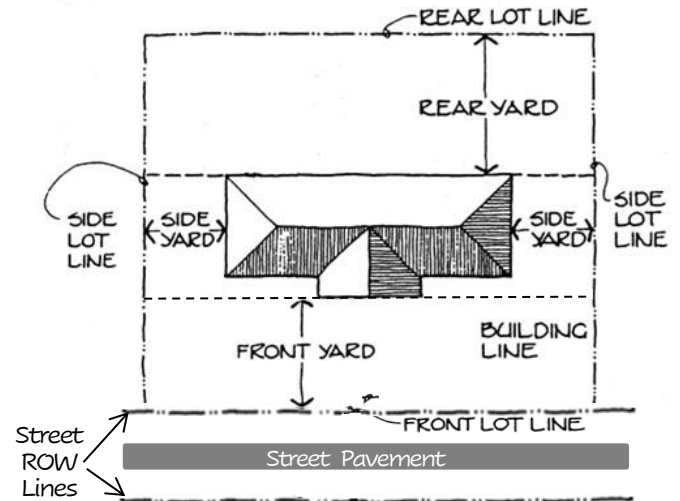


Fig. 4. Lot Lines and Yards For Typical Rectangular Lot.

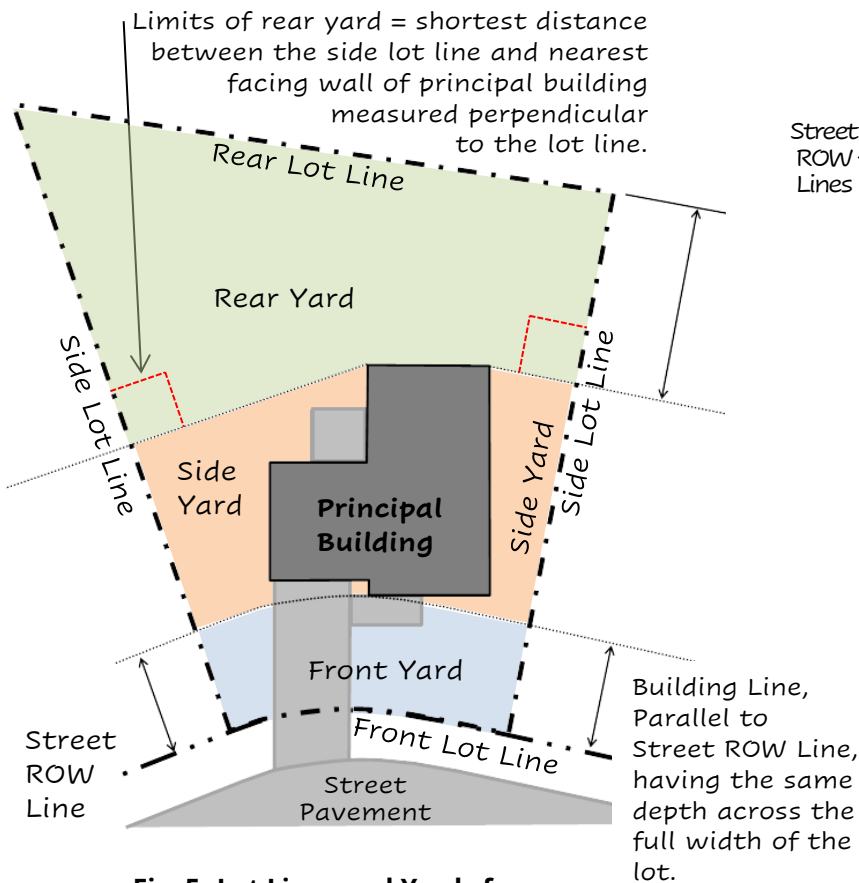


Fig. 5. Lot Lines and Yards for an Irregular Shaped Lot.

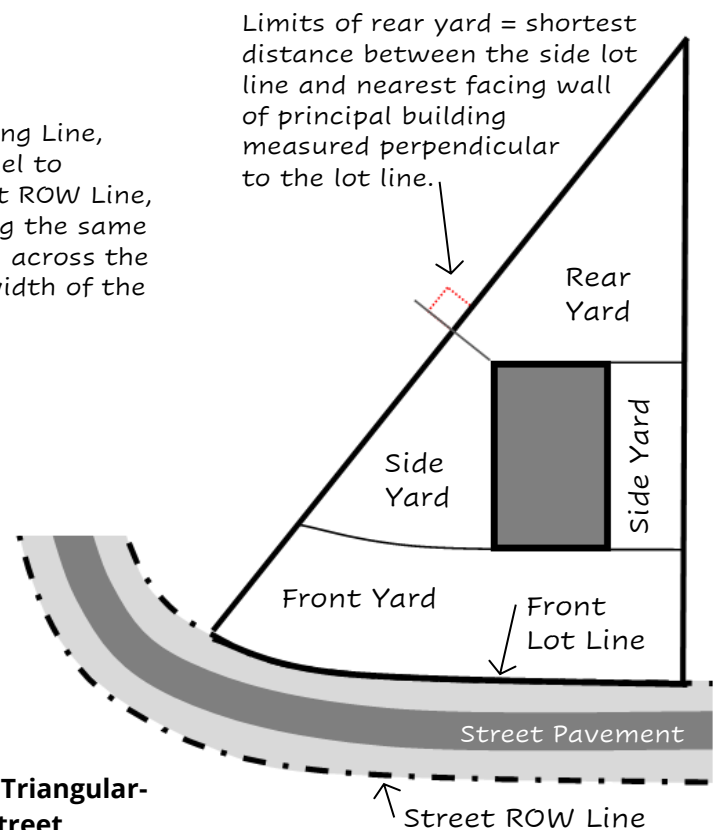


Fig. 6. Lot Lines and Yards for a Triangular-Shaped Lot on a Curved Street

APPENDIX B. GRANGER TOWNSHIP ROADS

<u>Twp. Highway No.</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Right of Way Width (in feet) (July 1980)</u>	<u>See Note #</u>
122	Allard Rd.	60	
182	Bath Rd.	60	(5)
54	Beach Rd.		
174	Beachler Rd.	50	
53	Boneta Rd.	60	
61	Coddington Rd.	60	
340	Dan Rd.	60	
220	Druerie Lane	60	
173	Dunsha Rd.	60	
431	Forest Dr.	60	
1029	Grangerberg	—	
408	Longwood Dr.	60	
291	Melody Lane	60	
264	Reid Hill Rd.	60	
463	Snowberry Lane	60	
48	Stony Hill Rd.	50	(1)
426	Sweet Briar Dr.	60	
300	Valentine Farms Dr.	60	
317	Walena Dr.	50	
427	Walnut Hollow Dr.	60	
316	Waterside Dr.	50	
458	West Sweet Briar Dr.	60	
474	Westwood Dr.	60	
464	Winterberry Lane	60	
459	Woodberry Dr.	60	
424	Woodhaven Dr.	60	
460	Woodling Way	60	
<u>County Highway No.</u>			
21	Granger Rd.	60	(6)
135	Ledge Rd.	60	
2	Medina Line Rd.	60	(4)
37	Remsen Rd.	60	(2)
44	State Rd.	60 (Widens for bridge at 271)	
66	Wilbur Rd.	60 (Widens for bridge at 271)	
101	Windfall Rd.	60	(3)
<u>State Route No.</u>			
3	Ledge Rd.	60	
18	Medina Rd.	Variable	
94	Ridge Rd.	Variable	
3	Weymouth Rd.	Variable	
<u>Interstate No.</u>			
271		Variable	

Granger Township Roads Notes

- (1) Stony Hill Rd., Twp. Highway 48 is 50' from north township line to north line of lot 53 (said point being approximately 2,500' north of intersection of Stony Hill and Wilbur Roads), then changes to 65' width for approximately 1,500' (25' on west side, 40' on each side); then variable widths to intersection at Wilbur Rd.
- (2) Remsen Rd. is 60' except for section from S.R. 94 west approximately 4,000' long where it is various widths.
- (3) Windfall Rd. is 60' except for a section from Granger Rd. south 470' where width is variable.
- (4) Medina Line Rd. widens to 70' (30' on east side and 40' on west side) at point 480' south of centerline of Bath Rd. for a distance of 410' south.
- (5) Bath Rd. widens to 70' (30' on north side and 40' on south side) from a point 560' west of the centerline of Medina Line Rd. for a distance west of 1,660'.
- (6) Granger Rd. widens to variable widths at its intersection with S.R. 94 and the bridge over I-71.